

**62IG
72IG
Stage IV
Wheel Loader**

SERVICE MANUAL

Part number 51428211

English

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SERVICE MANUAL

621G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP., 621G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B, 621G WHEEL LOADER XT-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B, 621G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP., 621G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B, 721G WHEEL LOADER XR EH, New Cab TIER 4B, 721G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP., 721G WHEEL LOADER XT EH, New Cab TIER 4B, 721G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR EH, New Cab TIER 4B, 721G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.

Link Product / Engine

Product	Market Product	Engine
621G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B	Europe	F4HFE613W*B003
621G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.	Europe	F4HFE613W*B003
621G WHEEL LOADER XT-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B	Europe	F4HFE613W*B003
621G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B	Europe	F4HFE613W*B003
621G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.	Europe	F4HFE613W*B003
721G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR EH, New Cab TIER 4B	Europe	F4HFE613T*B002
721G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.	Europe	F4HFE613T*B002
721G WHEEL LOADER XT EH, New Cab TIER 4B	Europe	F4HFE613T*B002
721G WHEEL LOADER XR EH, New Cab TIER 4B	Europe	F4HFE613T*B002
721G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.	Europe	F4HFE613T*B002

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INTRODUCTION

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Safety rules

Personal safety



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible death or injury.

Throughout this manual you will find the signal words DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION followed by special instructions. These precautions are intended for the personal safety of you and those working with you.

Read and understand all the safety messages in this manual before you operate or service the machine.

 DANGER indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

 WARNING indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

 CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW DANGER, WARNING, AND CAUTION MESSAGES COULD RESULT IN DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY.

Machine safety

NOTICE: Notice indicates a situation that, if not avoided, could result in machine or property damage.

Throughout this manual you will find the signal word Notice followed by special instructions to prevent machine or property damage. The word Notice is used to address practices not related to personal safety.

Information

NOTE: Note indicates additional information that clarifies steps, procedures, or other information in this manual.

Throughout this manual you will find the word Note followed by additional information about a step, procedure, or other information in the manual. The word Note is not intended to address personal safety or property damage.

Personal safety

Carefully read this Manual before proceeding with maintenance, repairs, refuelling or other machine operations.

Repairs have to be carried out only by authorized and instructed staff; specific precautions have to be taken when grinding, welding or when using mallets or heavy hammers.

Non-authorized persons are not allowed to repair or carry out maintenance on this machine. Do not carry out any work on the equipment without prior authorization.

Ask your employer about the safety instructions in force and safety equipment.

Nobody should be allowed in the cab during machine maintenance unless he is a qualified operator helping with the maintenance work.

If it is necessary to move the equipment to carry out repairs or maintenance, do not lift or lower the equipment from any other position than the operator's seat.

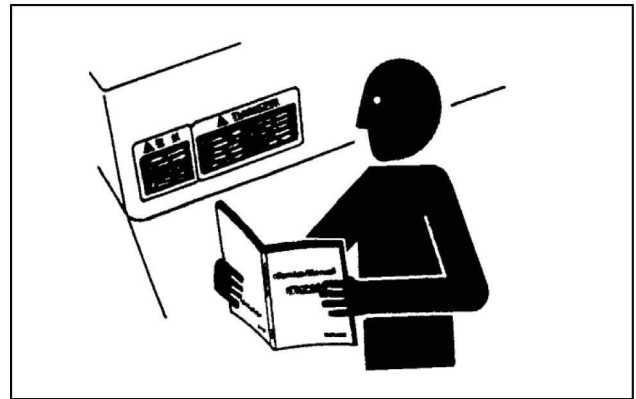
Never carry out any operation on the machine when the engine is running, except when specifically indicated.

Stop the engine and ensure that all pressure is relieved from hydraulic circuits before removing caps, covers, valves, etc.

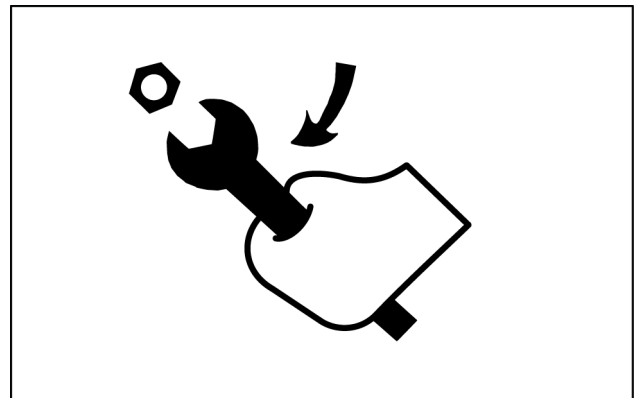
All repair and maintenance operations should be carried out with the greatest care and attention.

Service stairs and platforms used in a workshop or in the field should be built in compliance with the safety rules in force.

Any functional disorders, especially those affecting the safety of the machine, should therefore be rectified immediately.



TULI12WEX2004AA 1



TULI12WEX2005AA 2

⚠ DANGER

Unexpected movement!

Make sure parking brake is applied. Secure machine with wheel chocks.

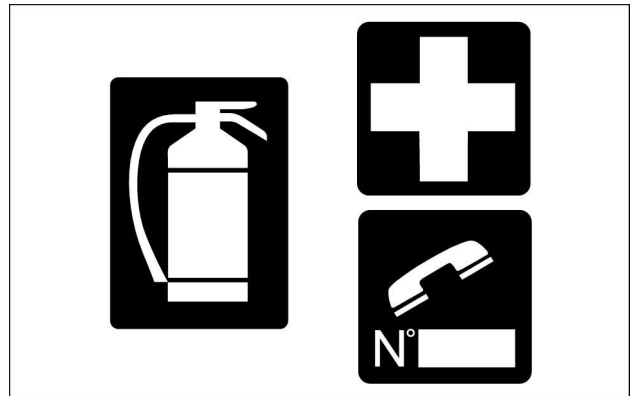
Failure to comply will result in death or serious injury.

D0013A

Before performing any work on the machine, attach a maintenance in progress tag. This tag can be applied on the left-hand control lever, safety lever or cab door.

Emergency

Be prepared for emergencies. Always keep a fire extinguisher and first aid kit readily available. Ensure that the fire extinguisher is serviced in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.



SMIL12WEX0174AA 3

Equipment

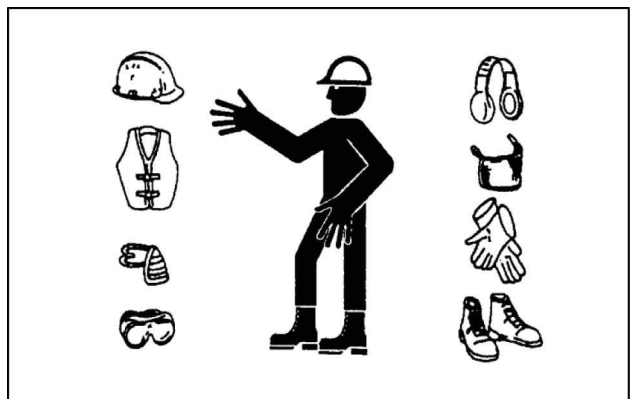
Wear close fitting clothing and safety equipment appropriate for the job:

- Safety helmet
- Safety shoes
- Heavy gloves
- Reflective clothing
- Wet weather clothing

If working conditions require, the following personal safety equipment should be on hand:

- Respirators (or dust proof masks)
- Ear plugs or acoustic ears protections
- Goggles with lateral shield or masks for eye protection

Do not wear rings, wristwatches, jewelry, unbuttoned or flapping clothing such as ties, torn clothes, scarves, open jackets or shirts with open zips which could get caught into moving parts.



TULI12WEX2008AA 4

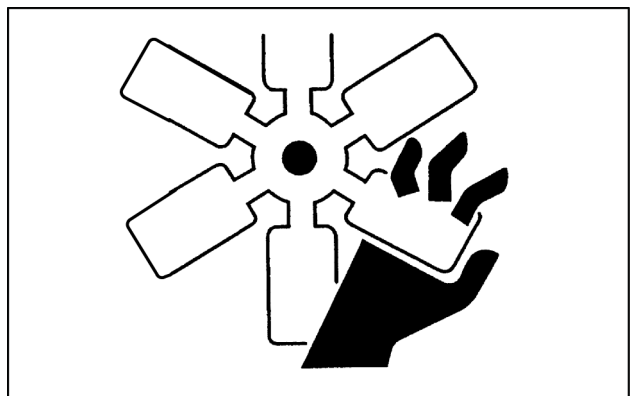
Engine - Radiator

Never leave the engine running in enclosed spaces without proper ventilation which is able to evacuate toxic exhaust gases- Keep the exhaust manifold and tube free from combustible materials.

Do not refuel with the engine running, especially if hot, as this increases fire hazard in case of fuel spillage.

Never attempt to check or adjust the belts when the engine is running.

Never lubricate the machine with the engine running.



TULI12WEX2009AA 5

Pay attention to rotating components and do not allow anyone to approach these areas to avoid becoming entangled.

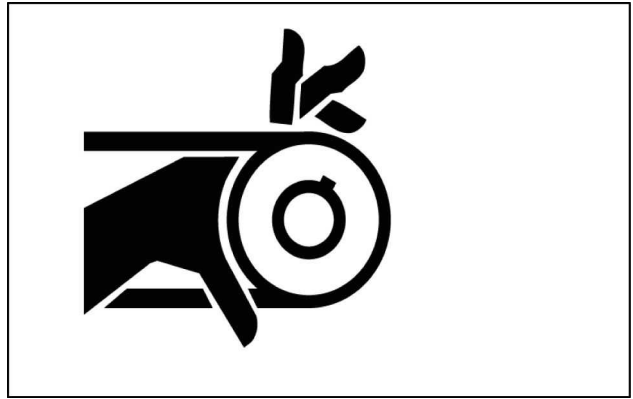
Hands, clothing or tools getting caught in the fan blades or engine belts, can cause amputations, violent hemorrhages and generate conditions of grave danger. For this reason avoid touching or approaching all rotating or moving parts.

A surging spray of the coolant from the radiator can cause serious burns and scalds.

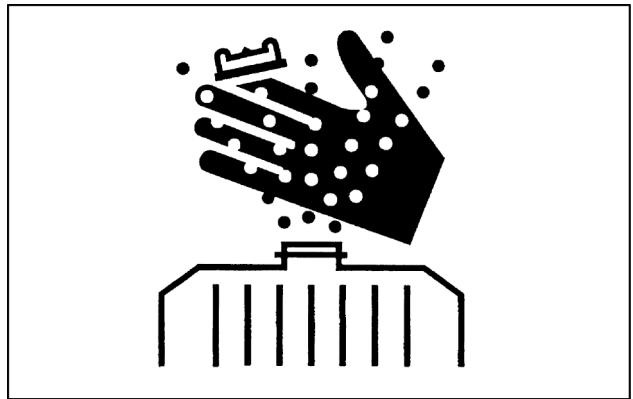
Before checking the coolant level, shut-off the engine and allow machine to cool down the radiator and hoses. Slowly unscrew the cap to release any residual pressure.

If it is necessary to remove the cap while engine is hot, wear safety clothes and equipment, then loosen the cap slowly to relieve the pressure gradually.

When checking the fuel, oil and coolant levels, use lights and lamps explicitly designated as explosion proof. If these types of lamps are not used, fires or explosions may occur.



TULI12WEX2010AA 6



TULI12WEX2011AA 7

Hydraulic systems

Jets of fluids under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injuries.

Avoid this hazard by relieving pressure before disconnecting hydraulic or other lines.

Relieve the residual pressure by moving the hydraulic control levers several times.

Tighten all connections before applying pressure.

To protect the eyes wear a facial shield or safety goggles.

Protect your hands and body from possible jets of fluids under pressure.

Swallowing hydraulic oil is a severe health hazard.



TULI12WEX2012AA 8

When hydraulic oil has been swallowed, avoid vomiting, but consult a doctor or go to a hospital.

If an accident occurs, see a doctor familiar with this type of injury immediately.

Any fluid penetrating the skin must be removed within a few hours to avoid serious infections.

Flammable splashes may originate because of heating near lines with fluids under pressure, resulting in serious burns. Do not weld or use torches near lines containing fluids or other flammable materials.

Lines under pressure can accidentally be pierced when the heat expands beyond the area immediately heated.

Arrange for temporary fire resistant shields to protect hoses or other components during welding or torch use.

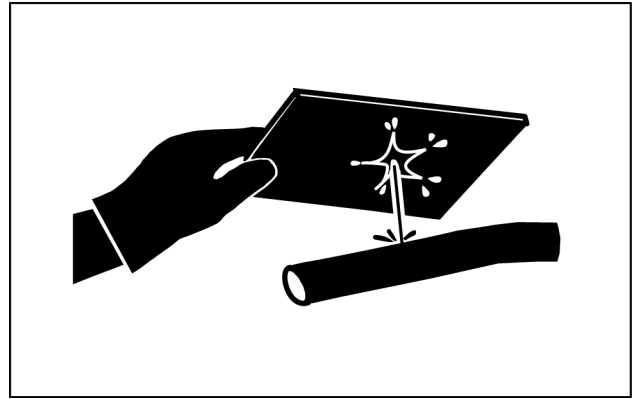
Have any visible leakage repaired immediately.

Discharged oil pollutes the environment. Soak up any oil that has spilled with a proper binding agent. Sweep up binding agent and dispose of it separately from other waste.

Never search for leakages with fingers; instead, use a piece of cardboard and always wear goggles.

Never repair a damaged line; always replace it. Replace hydraulic hoses immediately on detecting any damaged or moist areas.

Always store hydraulic oil in the original containers.



TULI12WEX2013AA 9

Hoses and tubes

Always replace hoses and tubes if the cone end or the end connections on the hose are damaged.

When installing a new hose, loosely connect each end and make sure the hose takes up the correct position before tightening the connections. Clamps should be tightened sufficiently to hold the hose without crushing and to prevent chafing.

After replacing a hose on a moving component, check that the hose does not fall by moving the component through the complete range of travel. Be sure any hose which has been installed is not kinked or twisted.

Hose connections which are damaged, dented, crushed or leaking, restrict oil flow and the productivity of the components being served. Connectors which show signs of movement from the original position have failed and will ultimately separate completely.

A hose with a frayed outer sheath will allow water penetration. Concealed corrosion of the wire reinforcement could subsequently occur along the hose length with resultant hose failure.

Ballooning of the hose indicates an internal leakage due to structural failure. This condition rapidly deteriorates and total hose failure soon occurs.

Kinked, crushed, stretched or deformed hoses generally suffer internal structural damage which can result in oil restriction, a reduction in the speed of operation and ultimate hose failure.

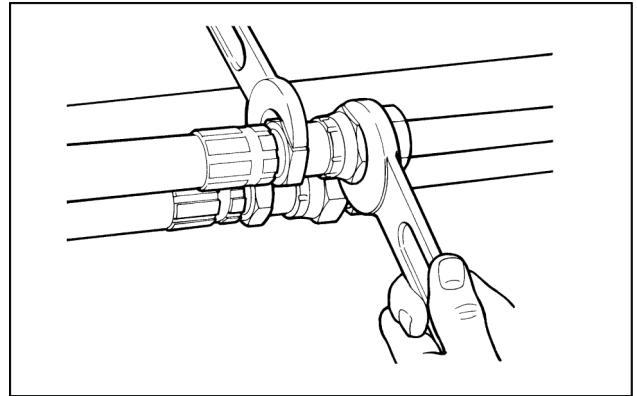
Free-moving, unsupported hoses must never be allowed to touch each other or related working surfaces. This causes chafing which reduces hose life.

O-rings

Replace O-rings, seal rings and gaskets whenever they are disassembled.

Never mix new and old seals or O-rings, regardless of condition. Always lubricate new seal rings and O-rings with hydraulic oil before installation to relevant seats.

This will prevent the O-rings from rolling over and twisting during mounting which will jeopardize sealing.



TULI12WEX2014AA 10

Battery

Batteries give off explosive gases.

Never handle open flames and unshielded light sources near batteries. (No smoking is addressed in the next instruction).

To prevent any risk of explosion, observe the following instructions:

- When disconnecting the battery cables, always disconnect the negative (-) cable first.
- To reconnect the battery cables, always connect the negative (-) cable last.
- Never short-circuit the battery terminals with metal objects.
- Do not weld, grind or smoke near a battery.

Battery electrolyte causes severe burns. The battery contains sulphuric acid. Avoid any contact with the skin, eyes or clothing.

Treatment:

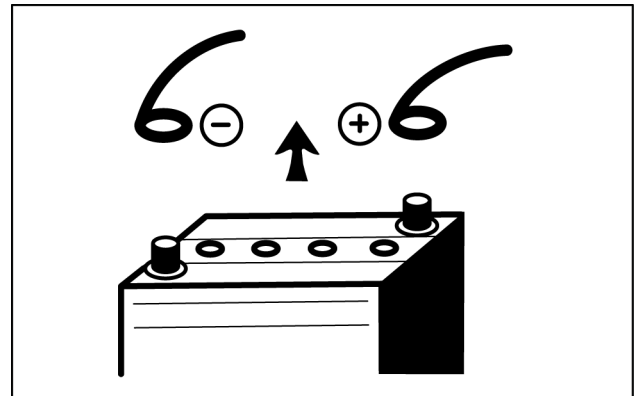
- EXTERNAL: Rinse well with water, removing any soiled clothing.
- INTERNAL: Avoid vomiting. Drink water to rinse your mouth. Consult a doctor.
- EYES: Rinse abundantly with water for **15 min** and consult a doctor.
- When the electrolyte of a battery is frozen, it can explode if you attempt to charge the battery or if you try to start the engine using a booster battery. Always keep the battery charged to prevent the electrolyte freezing.

Provide good ventilation when changing a battery or using a battery in an enclosed space. Always protect your eyes when working near a battery.

Never set tools down on the battery. They may induce a short circuit, causing irreparable damage to the battery and injuring persons.

Never wear metal necklaces, bracelets or watch straps when working on the battery. The metal parts may induce a short circuit resulting in burns.

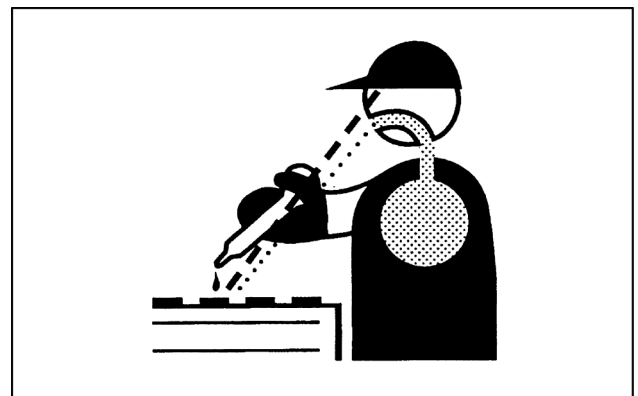
Dispose of used batteries separately from other waste in the interests of environmental protection.



TULI12WEX2015AA 11



TULI12WEX2016AA 12



TULI12WEX2017AA 13

Flammable liquids

When handling flammable liquids:

- Do not smoke.
- Keep away from unshielded light sources and open flames.

Fuels often have a low flash point and are readily ignited.

Never attempt to extinguish burning liquids with water. Use:

- Dry powder
- Carbon dioxide
- Foam

Water used for extinguishing purposes would vaporize instantaneously on contact with burning substances and spread burning oil, for example, over a wide area. Water generates short circuits in the electrical system, possibly producing new hazards.

Stay away from open flames during refilling of hydraulic oil or fuel.

Fuel or oil spills can cause slipping hazards; thoroughly contain and clean affected areas.

Always tighten the safety plugs of fuel tank and hydraulic oil tank firmly.

Never use fuel to clean machine parts that will be exposed to dirt or debris.

Use a non-flammable product for cleaning parts.

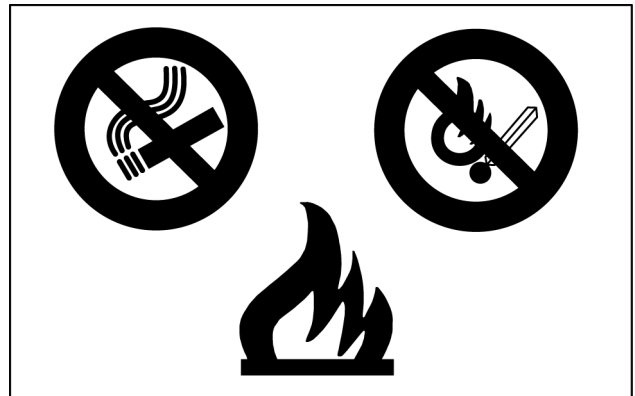
Always perform fuel or oil refilling in well aired and ventilated areas.

During refuelling hold the pistol firmly and always keep it in contact with the filler neck until the end of the refuelling, to avoid arcing due to static electricity.

Do not overfill the tank but leave a space for fuel expansion.

Never refuel when the engine is running.

Take all the necessary safety measures when welding, grinding or when working near an exposed flame.



TULI12WEX2016AA 14



TULI12WEX2018AA 15



TULI12WEX2019AA 16

Tires

Before inflating the tires, always check the condition of rims and the outer condition of tires for the presence of dents, cuts, tears of reinforcement plies or other faults. Before inflating a tire, make sure that there are no nearby persons, then position yourself at tread side.

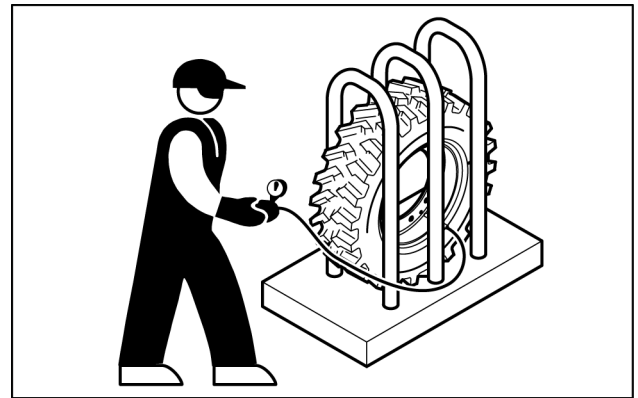
When inflating tires, ensure tire pressure does not exceed that prescribed by the tire manufacturer. Ensure that the pressure of the right tire corresponds to the pressure of the left tire.

NOTE: The front and rear tire pressures may be different.

Never use reconditioned rims because possible welds, heat treatments or brazings not performed correctly can weaken the wheels and cause damage or failure. Deflate the tires before their disassembly.

Before taking out possible jammed objects from the rims, it is necessary to deflate the tires. Inflate tires by means of an inflation pistol complete with extension and pressure control valve.

Use an inflation cage.



TULI12WEX2020AA 17

Cleaning

Clean the exterior of all components before carrying out any form of repair. Dirt and dust can reduce the efficient working life of a component and lead to costly replacement.

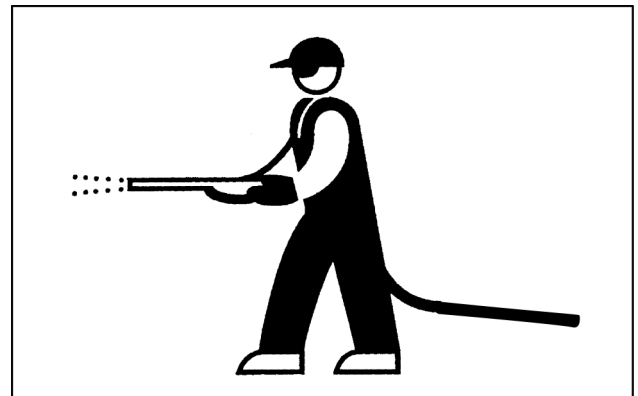
Solvents should be checked that they are suitable for the cleaning of components and also that they do not risk the personal safety of the user.

Dirt, oil, grease and scattered tools are dangerous for people, because they can create slipping or tripping hazards.

For machine cleaning, use a jet of warm water or steam under pressure and commercial detergents. Never use fuel, petroleum or solvents, because they can leave an oily residue that attracts dust, and solvents (even if weak) damage the paint and can lead to the formation of rust.

Never use water jets or steam on sensors, connectors or other electric components.

Avoid direct spray of seals and seams to prevent water penetration inside the cab.



TULI12WEX2021AA 18

Waste disposal

Improperly disposing of waste can threaten the environment.

Each country has its own Regulations on this subject. It is therefore advisable to prepare suitable containers to collect and store momentarily all solid and fluid materials that must not be scattered in the environment to avoid pollution.

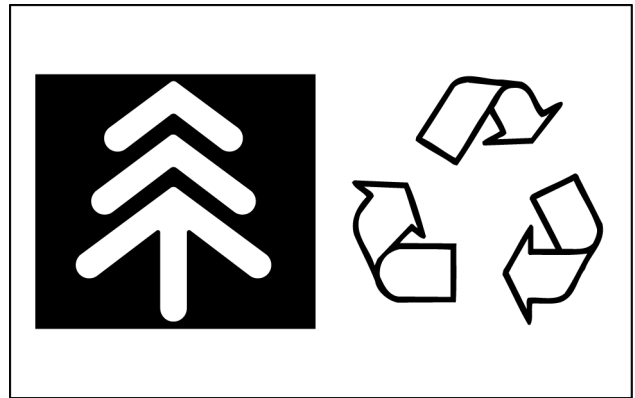
These products will be delivered at preset intervals following the forward environmental regulation.

Below are listed some products from the machine requiring disposal:

- Lubricating oil
- Brake system oil
- Coolant mixture, condensation rests and pure antifreeze
- Fuel
- Filter elements, oil and fuel filters
- Filter elements, air filters
- Battery

Also polluted rags, paper, sawdust and gloves must be disposed in compliance with the same procedures.

Do not use food or beverage containers that may mislead someone into drinking from them. Do not pour waste onto the ground, down a drain, or into any water source. Air conditioning refrigerants escaping into the air can damage the Earth's atmosphere. Government regulations may require a certified air conditioning service centre to recover and recycle used air conditioning refrigerants. Obtain information on the proper way to recycle or dispose of waste from your local environmental or recycling centre, or from your Dealer.



TULI12WEX2022AA 19

Basic instructions - Important notice regarding equipment servicing

All repair and maintenance work listed in this manual must be carried out only by qualified dealership personnel, strictly complying with the instructions given, and using, whenever possible, the special tools.

Anyone who performs repair and maintenance operations without complying with the procedures provided herein shall be responsible for any subsequent damages.

The manufacturer and all the organizations of its distribution chain, including - without limitation - national, regional, or local dealers, reject any responsibility for damages caused by parts and/or components not approved by the manufacturer, including those used for the servicing or repair of the product manufactured or marketed by the manufacturer. In any case, no warranty is given or attributed on the product manufactured or marketed by the manufacturer in case of damages caused by parts and/or components not approved by the manufacturer.

The information in this manual is up-to-date at the date of the publication. It is the policy of the manufacturer for continuous improvement. Some information could not be updated due to modifications of a technical or commercial type, or changes to the laws and regulations of different countries.

In case of questions, refer to your CASE CONSTRUCTION Sales and Service Networks.

Basic instructions - How to use the maintenance standard and precautions

Application

WHEN THE MACHINE IS NEW

Confirm that the performances are in accordance with standard specifications as compared to the performance standards.

AT SPECIFIC SELF INSPECTION (RULE BY COUNTRY)

Use the data for the criterion, for the purpose of correction, adjustment and replacement.

WHEN PERFORMANCES ARE DETERIORATED

Determine whether it is caused by a fault or end of service life after long hours of operation, to be used for safety and economical considerations.

WHEN MAIN COMPONENTS ARE REPLACED

For example, use data to restore performances of pumps and others.

Terminology

STANDARD VALUES

Values to be used to condition or assemble a new machine. Where special notes are not given, these values represent standard specifications (machine with standard attachments and standard tires).

REFERENCE VALUES FOR REMEDY

Values at which readjustment is required. In order to ensure performance and safety it is strictly prohibited to use the machine over the specified values.

SERVICE LIMIT

This is the limit value at which reconditioning is impossible without replacement of parts. If the value is expected to exceed the service limit before next inspection and correction are performed, replace the parts immediately. The operation over the specified values causes increase of damage and requires the down time of machine, and also causes safety problems.

Cautions to be exercised at judgment

EVALUATION OF MEASURED DATA

Disagreement of measuring conditions, variations of data peculiar to a new machine, and measuring errors are to be evaluated. Determine generally at what levels measured values are located, instead of determining whether or not values fall within or run out of the reference values.

DETERMINING CORRECTION, ADJUSTMENT OR REPLACEMENT

Machine performances deteriorate with time as parts wear and some deteriorated performances may be restored to new levels. Therefore, determine correction, adjustment or replacement, depending upon the operating hours, kind of work and circumstances in which the machine is placed, and condition the machine performances to its most desirable levels.

Other cautions to be exercised

PARTS LIABLE TO DEGRADE

Rubber products, such as, hydraulic hoses, O-rings, and oil seals deteriorate with time; replace them at regular intervals or at overhauls.

PARTS REQUIRING REGULAR REPLACEMENT

Critical hoses that are necessary to secure safety, we designate as Very Important Parts (V.I.P.) and recommend that they should be replaced regularly.

INSPECTION AND REPLACEMENT OF OILS AND GREASES

In performing maintenance, it is necessary for the user to familiarize themselves with the machine and handle safely. Use caution when inspecting and replacing oils and grease. Refer to the Operators Manuals as well.

Basic instructions - Precaution for disassembly and assembly

Preparations for disassembly

- Thoroughly wash the machine before bringing it into the shop. Bringing a dirty machine into the shop may cause machine components to be contaminated during disassembling/assembling, resulting in damage to machine components, as well as decreased efficiency in service work.
- Be sure to thoroughly understand all disassembling/assembling procedures beforehand, to help avoid incorrect disassembling of components as well as personal injury.
- Check and record the items listed below to prevent problems from occurring in the future.
 1. The machine model, machine serial number, and hour meter reading.
 2. Reason for disassembly (symptoms, failed parts, and causes).
 3. Clogging of filters and oil, water or air leaks, if any.
 4. Capacities and condition of lubricants.
 5. Loose or damaged parts.
- Prepare the necessary tools to be used and the area for disassembling work.
- Wear appropriate clothing, safety shoes, safety helmet, goggles, and clothes with long sleeves.
- Confirm ready access to a first-aid kit and fire extinguisher, as well as appropriate emergency personnel contacts in the case of a medical accident or fire.
- Before performing any work on the machine, follow lockout/tagout procedures by attaching a “maintenance in progress tag”. This tag can be applied on the left-hand control lever, safety lever or cab door. Notify those with access to the machine that you will be performing the maintenance.

Disassembling and assembling hydraulic equipment

- Before removing lines, release the pressure of hydraulic oil tank, or open the cover on the return side to tank, and take out the filter.
- Drain the oil in removed lines into an appropriate container to prevent oil contamination.
- Protect open connections with plugs or caps to prevent oil from leaking and debris from contaminating the system.
- Thoroughly clean the outside of components before disassembling, and drain hydraulic oil and gear oil before disassembly.

Disassembling hydraulic equipment

- Impaired performance and function of hydraulic equipment after unauthorized service may not be covered under warranty by the manufacturer. Consult your local dealer for service.
- If it is unavoidably necessary to disassemble and modify, it should be carried out by experts or personnel qualified through service training.
- Make match mark on parts for reassembling.
- Before disassembling, read instructions in advance, and determine if the service is required to be performed by an authorized dealer.
- Use appropriate specialty tools and jigs if required.
- If parts can not be removed as specified by the procedure, never force removal. Check for other failures that may be causing binding or interference.
- Inspect parts for wear and clearance; record the measured values. Replace components if the values fall outside of the recommended range.
- If an abnormality is detected, repair or replace the parts.
- When removing parts, use appropriate markings or labels to ensure they can be reinstalled in the correct order and location without confusion.
- For common parts, pay attention to the quantity and locations of each group of components.

Reassembling hydraulic equipment

- Clean parts in a well ventilated room.
- Remove residual oil with compressed air, and apply fresh hydraulic oil or gear oil to surfaces before reassembly.
- Replace removed o-rings, back-up rings and oil seals with new ones. Apply gear oil on them before reassembling.
- Thoroughly clean and dry surfaces on which liquid sealant must be reapplied.
- Before assembling, remove rust preventives on new parts.
- Use special tools to fit bearings, bushing and oil seal.
- Assemble parts matching to the marks.
- After completion, check that there is no omission of parts.

Basic instructions - Electrical equipment precautions

WARNING

Battery acid causes burns. Batteries contain sulfuric acid.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Antidote (external): Flush with water. Antidote (eyes): flush with water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention immediately. Antidote (internal): Drink large quantities of water or milk. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention immediately.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

W0111A

- The disassembly of electrical equipment is not allowed.
- Handle equipment with care so as not to drop it or bump it.
- Connector should be removed by unlocking while holding the connector.
- Never disconnect electrical plugs by pulling on the wires. Always use only the electrical connectors to make the disconnection.
- Check that connector is connected and locked completely.
- Engine key off before removing and connecting connector.
- Engine key off before touching terminals of starter and alternator.
- Wash machine with care so as not to splash water on electrical equipment and connector.
- If water has entered a sealed connection, thoroughly dry both connectors before reconnecting
- Remove battery grounding terminal before beginning work close to battery and battery relay with tools.

Consumables

621G Capacities and specifications

Engine		
Type of oil		CASE AKCELA UNITEK 10W-40
Technical specifications		SAE 10W-40 API CJ-4
CASE CONSTRUCTION specifications		MAT3521
Type of oil		CASE AKCELA UNITEK SSL 0W-40 (cold weather)
Technical specifications		SAE 0W-40 API CJ-4
CASE CONSTRUCTION specifications		MAT3521
Capacity (with filter change)		13.25 L (14 US qt)
Total capacity in system		15.1 L (16 US qt)
Cooling system		
Type of coolant		CASE AKCELA ACTIFULL™ OT EXTENDED LIFE COOLANT
CASE CONSTRUCTION specifications		MAT3624
System capacity		26.8 L (28.4 US qt)
Fuel system		
System capacity		246 L (65 US gal)
Hydraulic system		
Type of standard hydraulic fluid		CASE AKCELA HYDRAULIC EXCAVATOR FLUID
Technical specifications		ISO VG-46
CASE CONSTRUCTION specifications		MAT3509
Type of alternative hydraulic fluid		Biodegradable oil
Technical specifications		ISO VG-46 (MS 1230) DIN 51524 HVL
Total system capacity		147.6 L (39 US gal)
Reservoir capacity		90.8 L (24 US gal)
Transmission		
Type of oil		CASE AKCELA NEXPLORE™ FLUID
Technical specifications		SAE 10W - 30 API GL-4 ISO VG-32/46
CASE CONSTRUCTION specifications		MAT 3525
Service capacity - with filter change		26.7 L (28.2 US qt)
Axles		
Type of oil		CASE AKCELA TRANSAXLE FLUID 80W-140
Technical specifications		SAE 80W-140 API GL-4
CASE CONSTRUCTION specifications		MAT 3510
Front axle (standard and optional)		21.5 L (22.7 US qt)
Rear axle (standard and optional)		21.5 L (22.7 US qt)
DEF/AdBLUE®		
Technical specifications		ISO 22241-1
CASE CONSTRUCTION specifications		ES-BS001
Total capacity (*)		41.3 L (43.6 US qt)
Grease fittings, as required		
CASE CONSTRUCTION specifications		MAT3550 Grade C

NOTICE: (*) some liters always remain in the **DEF/AdBLUE®** reservoir. This allows for correct functioning of the wheel loader components. **DO NOT** overfill the **DEF/AdBLUE®** tank. The tank is full when the **DEF/AdBLUE®** fluid level in the tank reaches the bottom of the fill neck. Adequate air volume must be present in the top of the tank for proper functionality of the after treatment system.

721G Capacities and specifications

Engine		
Type of oil		CASE AKCELA UNITEK 10W-40
Technical specifications		SAE 10W-40 API CJ-4
CASE CONSTRUCTION specifications		MAT3521
Type of oil		CASE AKCELA UNITEK SSL 0W-40 (cold weather)
Technical specifications		SAE 0W-40 API CJ-4
CASE CONSTRUCTION specifications		MAT3521
Capacity (with filter change)		13.25 L (14 US qt)
Total capacity in system		15.1 L (16 US qt)
Cooling system		
Type of coolant		CASE AKCELA ACTIFULL™ OT EXTENDED LIFE COOLANT
CASE CONSTRUCTION specifications		MAT3624
System capacity		28.4 L (30 US qt)
Fuel system		
System capacity		253 L (66.8 US gal)
Hydraulic system		
Type of standard hydraulic fluid		CASE AKCELA HYDRAULIC EXCAVATOR FLUID
Technical specifications		ISO VG-46
CASE CONSTRUCTION specifications		MAT3509
Type of alternative hydraulic fluid		Biodegradable oil
Technical specifications		ISO VG-46 (MS 1230) DIN 51524 HVLP
Total system capacity		177.8 L (47 US gal)
Reservoir capacity		90.8 L (24 US gal)
Transmission		
Type of oil		CASE AKCELA NEXPLORE™ FLUID
Technical specifications		SAE 10W - 30 API GL-4 ISO VG-32/46
CASE CONSTRUCTION specifications		MAT 3525
Service capacity - with filter change		34.1 L (36 US qt)
Axles		
Type of oil		CASE AKCELA TRANSAXLE FLUID 80W-140
Technical specifications		SAE 80W-140 API GL-4
CASE CONSTRUCTION specifications		MAT 3510
Front axle (standard)		35 L (37 US qt)
Rear axle (standard)		23 L (24.3 US qt)
Front axle (optional)		35 L (37 US qt)
Rear axle (optional)		35 L (37 US qt)
DEF/AdBLUE®		
Technical specifications		ISO 22241-1
CASE CONSTRUCTION specifications		ES-BS001
Total capacity (*)		41.3 L (43.6 US qt)
Grease fittings, as required		
CASE CONSTRUCTION specifications		MAT3550 Grade C

NOTICE: (*) some liters always remain in the **DEF/AdBLUE®** reservoir. This allows for correct functioning of the wheel loader components. DO NOT overfill the **DEF/AdBLUE®** tank. The tank is full when the **DEF/AdBLUE®** fluid level in the tank reaches the bottom of the fill neck. Adequate air volume must be present in the top of the tank for proper functionality of the after treatment system.

Consumables - Biodiesel Fuel

Fatty Acid Methyl Ester Biodiesel (Biodiesel Fuel) consists of a family of fuels derived from vegetable oils treated with methyl esters.

NOTICE: Biodiesel fuel blends are approved for your engine only if they comply with Specification Standards EN 14214 or ASTM D6751.

NOTICE: Verify with your local dealer which blends are approved for your engine. Use of biodiesel fuel that does not comply with the Standards EN14214 or ASTM D6751 could lead to severe damage to engine and fuel system. Use of non-approved biodiesel fuels may void warranty coverage.

Biodiesel Fuel Usage Conditions

Biodiesel fuels must be purchased from a trusted supplier that understands the product and maintains good fuel quality. Biodiesel fuels must be pre-blended by the supplier. Mixing biodiesel fuels on site can result in an incorrect mixture which can damage engine and fuel system.

Engine performance is effected by the use of biodiesel fuels. There may be up to 12 percent reduction in power or torque depending on the blend used.

NOTICE: DO NOT modify the engine and/or fuel injection pump settings to recover reduced performance.

The reduced power must be accepted if using any biodiesel fuel blends.

NOTICE: The use of high biodiesel fuel blends is not recommended in cold weather conditions.

Using biodiesel fuels may require changing engine oil, engine oil filters, and fuel filter elements more frequently. Biodiesel fuels can remove rust and other particles that adhere to the inside of the fuel tank. These particles are trapped by vehicle filters and may cause shortened filter life or filter blockages. Blockages are more common in cold weather conditions. Consult your dealer for information on cold weather operation and proper maintenance intervals when using any biodiesel fuel blend.

Biodiesel fuel may degrade natural rubber gaskets and hoses, as it is more solvent than petro-diesel. Frequently inspect hoses and other engine components when using biodiesel fuel.

DO NOT allow water to collect in the fuel or storage tanks. Biodiesel fuel attracts moisture from the atmosphere. Keep fuel tanks and storage tanks as full as possible to limit the amount of air and water vapors. It may be necessary to drain machine fuel filter more frequently. Potential oxidation and stability could create a problem with fuel stored in the machine.

Biodiesel Storage

NOTICE: DO NOT store machines for more than six months with biodiesel blends in the fuel system. DO NOT store biodiesel fuel in on-site storage tanks for more than six months.

If long periods of storage are required, run the machine for 20 hours using regular diesel fuel to flush the biodiesel fuel from the engine fuel system.

NOTICE: Biodiesel fuels must not be stored in on-site storage tanks for more than six months. Any spillage of biodiesel fuels must be cleaned up immediately before it can cause damage to the environment or the paint finish of the machine. Before using biodiesel fuel blends, you should consult with your dealer to receive full information about the approved blend for your machine and any detailed conditions of its usage. Failure to follow the requirements and conditions of biodiesel fuel usage will void your machine's warranty.

NOTE: B7 is the highest biodiesel (7% blend) that should be used in this machine.

Hydraulic contamination

Contamination in the hydraulic system is a major cause of the malfunction of hydraulic components. Contamination is any foreign material in the hydraulic oil.

Contamination can enter the hydraulic system in several ways:

- When you drain the oil or disconnect any line
- When you disassemble a component
- From normal wear of the hydraulic components
- From damaged seals or worn seals
- From a damaged component in the hydraulic system

All hydraulic systems operate with some contamination. The design of the components in this hydraulic system permits efficient operation with a small amount of contamination. An increase in this amount of contamination can cause problems in the hydraulic system.

The following list includes some of these problems:

- Cylinder rod seals that leak
- Control valve spools that do not return to neutral
- Movement of control valve spools is difficult
- Hydraulic oil that becomes too hot
- Pump gears, housing, and other parts that wear rapidly
- Relief valves or check valves held open by dirt
- Quick failure of components that have been repaired
- Slow cycle times or a lack of power.

If your machine has any of these problems, check the hydraulic oil for contamination.

There are two types of contamination: microscopic and visible.

Microscopic contamination occurs when very fine particles of foreign material are suspended in the hydraulic oil. These particles are too small to see or feel. Microscopic contamination can be found by identification of the following problems or by testing in a laboratory.

Examples of problems caused by microscopic contamination:

- Cylinder rod seals that leak
- Control valve spools that do not return to neutral
- The hydraulic system has a high operating temperature

Visible contamination is foreign material that can be found by sight, touch, or odor. Visible contamination can cause a sudden failure of components.

Examples of problems caused by visible contamination:

- Particles of metal or dirt in the oil
- Air in the oil
- Dark or thick oil
- Oil with an odor of burned oil
- Water in the oil

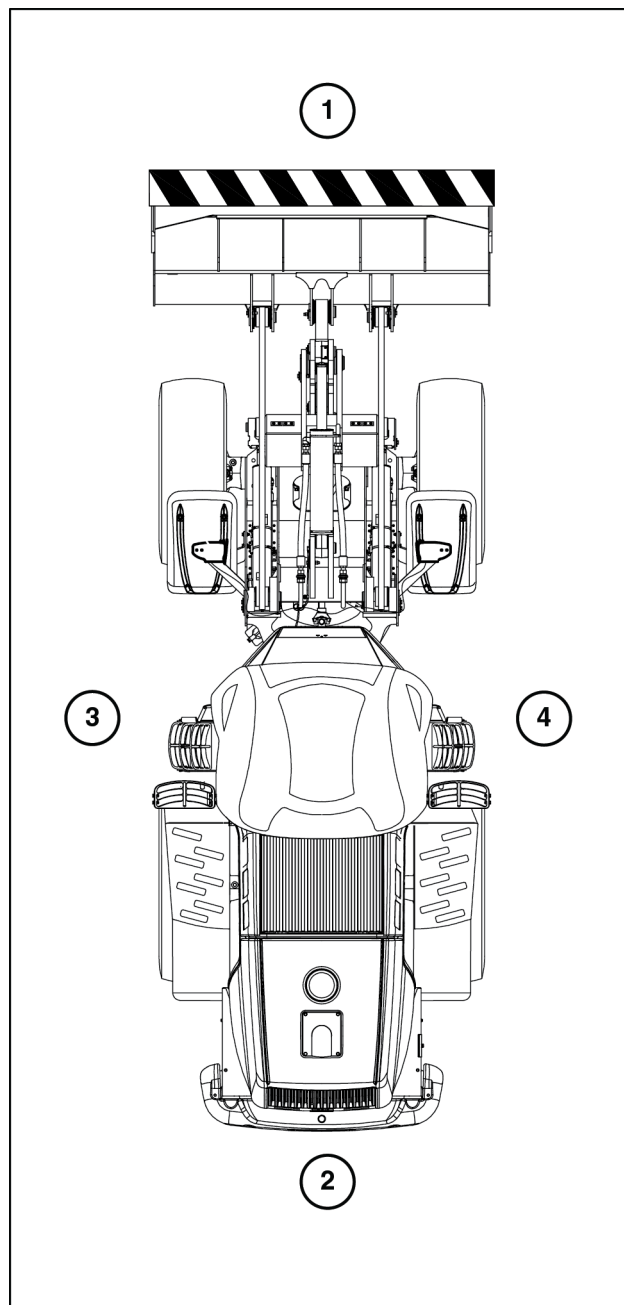
If you find contamination, use a portable filter to clean the hydraulic system.

Product identification - Machine orientation

MACHINE SIDES

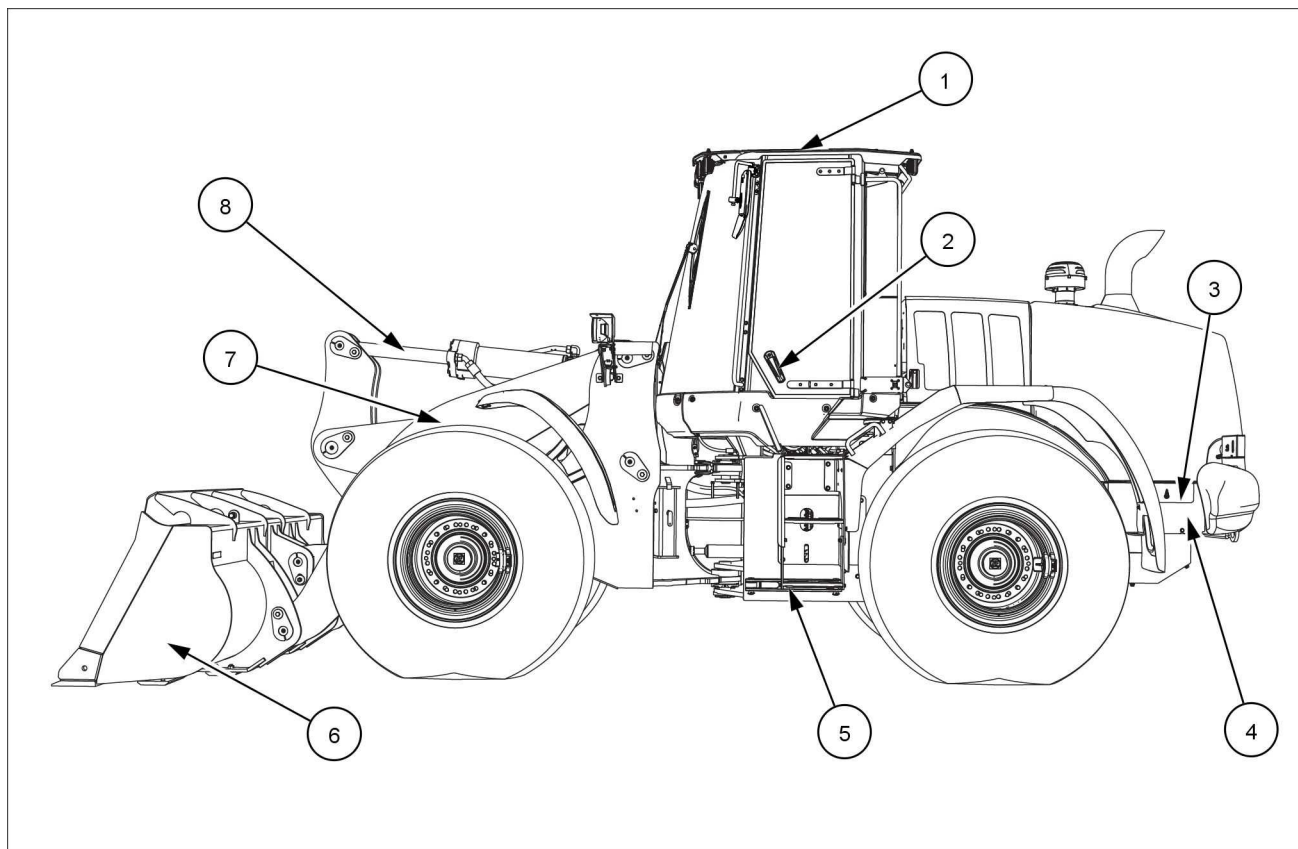
The terms “right-hand”, “left-hand”, “front”, and “rear”, when used in this manual, indicate the sides of the machine as they are seen from the operator's seat.

1. Front side
2. Rear side
3. Left hand side
4. Right hand side

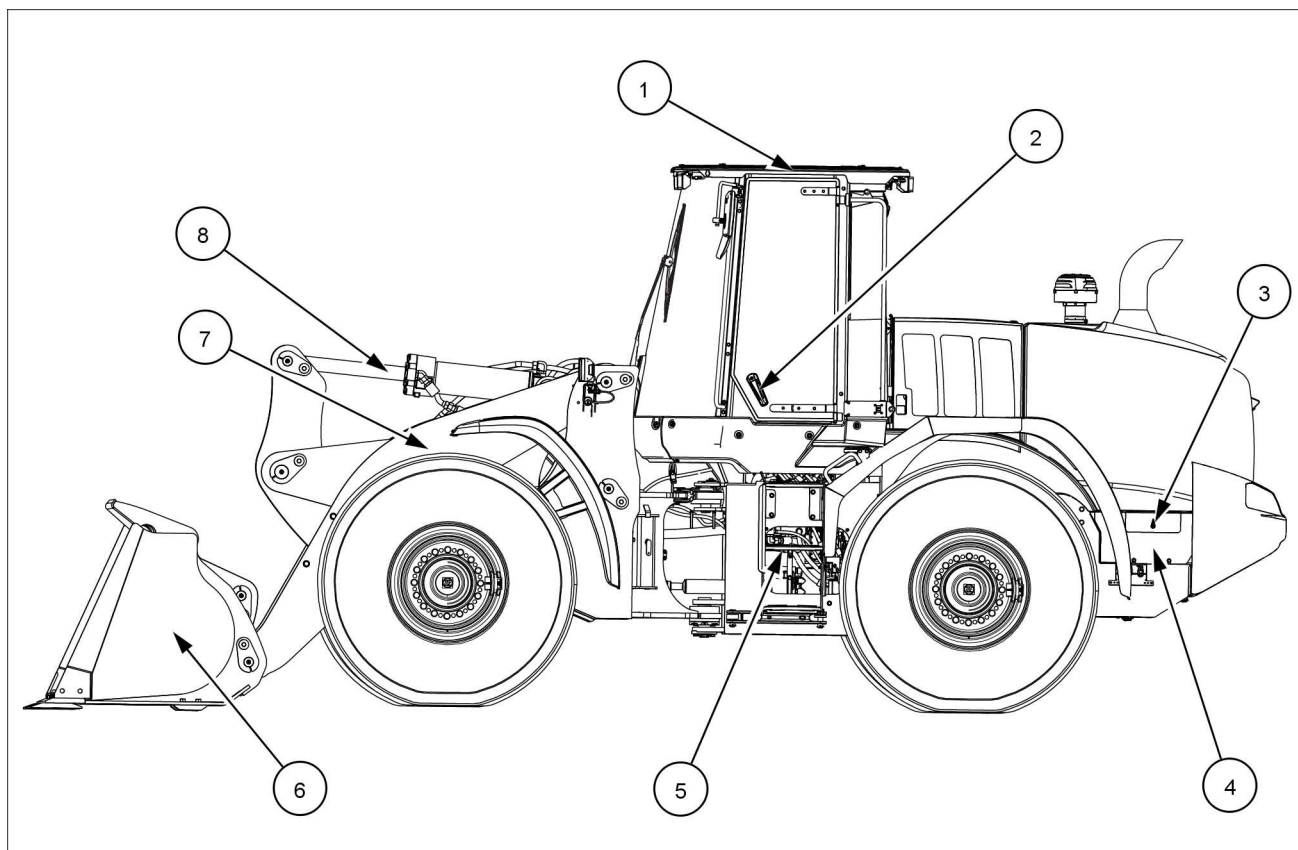


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Product identification

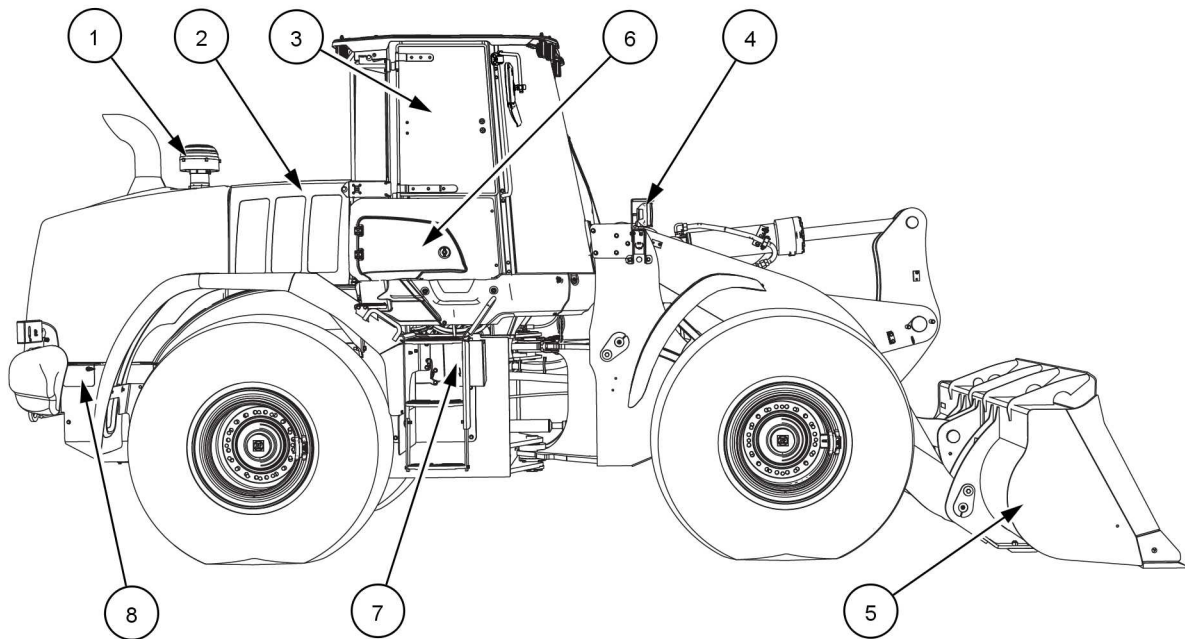


LEIL17WHL1264FA 1
621G



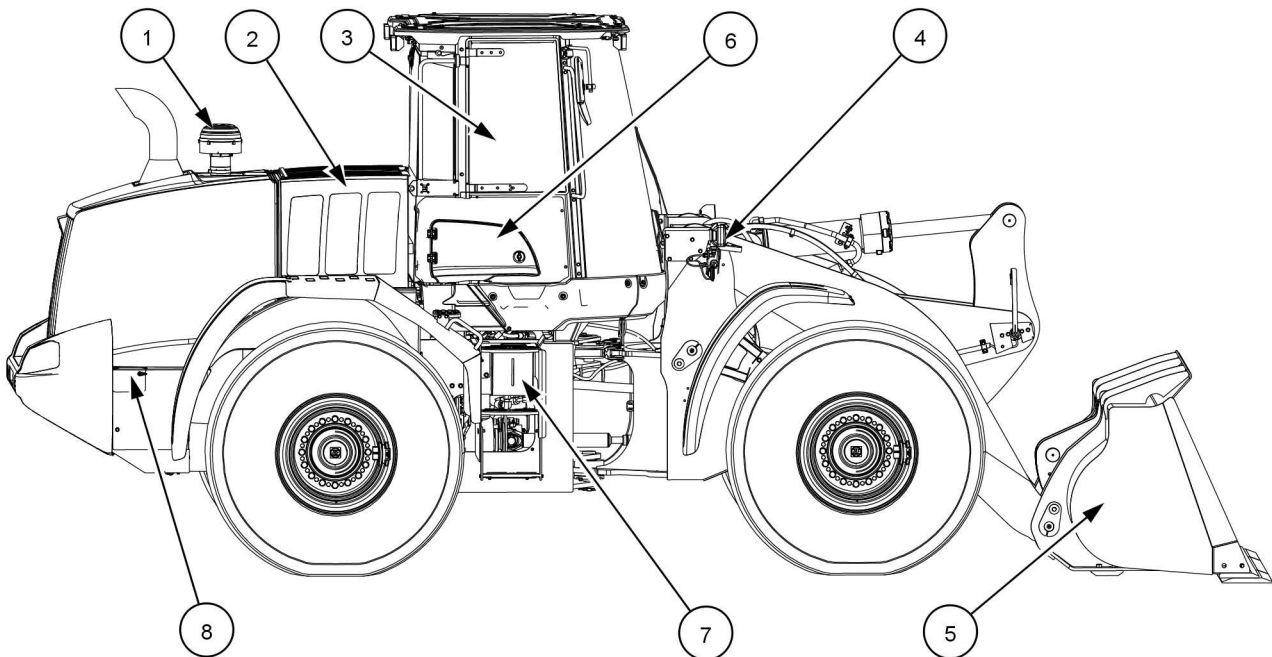
LEIL17WHL1502FA 2
721G

- | | |
|--|---------------------|
| 1. Roll Over Protection System (ROPS) cab | 5. Steps |
| 2. Cab door handle | 6. Bucket |
| 3. Timed disconnect switch and battery jump post | 7. Loader lift arms |
| 4. Battery access | 8. Bucket cylinder |



LEIL17WHL1265FA 3

621G



LEIL17WHL1499FA 4

721G

- | | |
|-------------------------|--|
| 1. Pre-cleaner | 5. Bucket |
| 2. Sliding access panel | 6. Cab air filter door |
| 3. Cab side window | 7. Windshield washer reservoir |
| 4. Driving lights | 8. DIESEL EXHAUST FLUID (DEF)/AdBLUE® fill tank |



SERVICE MANUAL

Engine

621G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP., 621G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B, 621G WHEEL LOADER XT-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B, 621G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP., 621G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B, 721G WHEEL LOADER XR EH, New Cab TIER 4B, 721G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP., 721G WHEEL LOADER XT EH, New Cab TIER 4B, 721G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR EH, New Cab TIER 4B, 721G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.

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[10.500] Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) exhaust treatment	10.3
[10.400] Engine cooling system	10.4
[10.414] Fan and drive	10.5
[10.310] Aftercooler	10.6
[10.304] Engine lubrication system	10.7



Engine - 10

Engine and crankcase - 001

621G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP., 621G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B, 621G WHEEL LOADER XT-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B, 621G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP., 621G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B, 721G WHEEL LOADER XR EH, New Cab TIER 4B, 721G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP., 721G WHEEL LOADER XT EH, New Cab TIER 4B, 721G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR EH, New Cab TIER 4B, 721G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.

Contents

Engine - 10

Engine and crankcase - 001

TECHNICAL DATA

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SERVICE

Engine

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Test	93

(*) See content for specific models

Engine - General specification

621G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.	WE
621G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B	WE
621G WHEEL LOADER XT-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B	WE
621G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.	WE
621G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B	WE

Engine with 4 Speed Transmission	
A. Low idle	870 RPM to 930 RPM
Alternate low idle	670 RPM to 730 RPM
Alternate Accelerated Idle	1270 RPM to 1330 RPM
B. Maximum No Load RPM	2094 RPM to 2224 RPM
C. Converter Stall	1975 RPM to 2125 RPM
D. Hydraulic Stall	1895 RPM to 2205 RPM
E. Converter & Hydraulic Stall	1455 RPM to 1765 RPM
Temperature of the torque converter oil	82 – 104 °C (180 – 219 °F)
Temperature of the hydraulic oil	54 – 57 °C (129 – 135 °F)

Engine with 5 Speed Transmission	
A. Low idle	870 RPM to 930 RPM
Alternate low idle	670 RPM to 730 RPM
Alternate Accelerated Idle	1270 RPM to 1330 RPM
B. Maximum No Load RPM	2094 RPM to 2224 RPM
C. Converter Stall	2013 RPM to 2163 RPM
D. Hydraulic Stall	1950 RPM to 2150 RPM
E. Converter & Hydraulic Stall	1559 RPM to 1759 RPM
Temperature of the torque converter oil	82 – 104 °C (180 – 219 °F)
Temperature of the hydraulic oil	54 – 57 °C (129 – 135 °F)

NOTE: Hydraulic Stall and Converter & Hydraulic Stall RPM values are read while the lift arms are rising with the bucket held rolled back and the engine at Wide Open Throttle (WOT) in max power mode with transmission in manual mode and in 3rd gear.

Engine - General specification

721G WHEEL LOADER XR EH, New Cab TIER 4B	WE
721G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.	WE
721G WHEEL LOADER XT EH, New Cab TIER 4B	WE
721G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR EH, New Cab TIER 4B	WE
721G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.	WE

Engine with 4 Speed Transmission	
A. Low idle	870 RPM to 930 RPM
Alternate low idle	670 RPM to 730 RPM
Alternate Accelerated Idle	1270 RPM to 1330 RPM
B. Maximum No Load RPM	2100 RPM to 2185 RPM
C. Converter Stall	1893 RPM to 2093 RPM
D. Hydraulic Stall	1923 RPM to 2123 RPM
E. Converter & Hydraulic Stall	1500 RPM to 1700 RPM
Temperature of the torque converter oil	82 – 104 °C (180 – 219 °F)
Temperature of the hydraulic oil	54 – 57 °C (129 – 135 °F)

Engine with 5 Speed Transmission	
A. Low idle	870 RPM to 930 RPM
Alternate low idle	670 RPM to 730 RPM
Alternate Accelerated Idle	1270 RPM to 1330 RPM
B. Maximum No Load RPM	2100 RPM to 2185 RPM
C. Converter Stall	1748 RPM to 1948 RPM
D. Hydraulic Stall	1987 RPM to 2187 RPM
E. Converter & Hydraulic Stall	1413 RPM to 1613 RPM

Temperature of the torque converter oil	82 – 104 °C (180 – 219 °F)
Temperature of the hydraulic oil	54 – 57 °C (129 – 135 °F)

NOTE: Hydraulic Stall and Converter & Hydraulic Stall RPM values are read while the lift arms are rising with the bucket held rolled back and the engine at Wide Open Throttle (WOT) in max power mode with transmission in manual mode and in 3rd gear.

Engine - General specification - Engine Service Manual

The table below lists the part numbers of the Engine FPT F4HFE613W and F4HFE613T Service Manual in European languages. See the Engine Service Manual for more details about the engine overhaul.

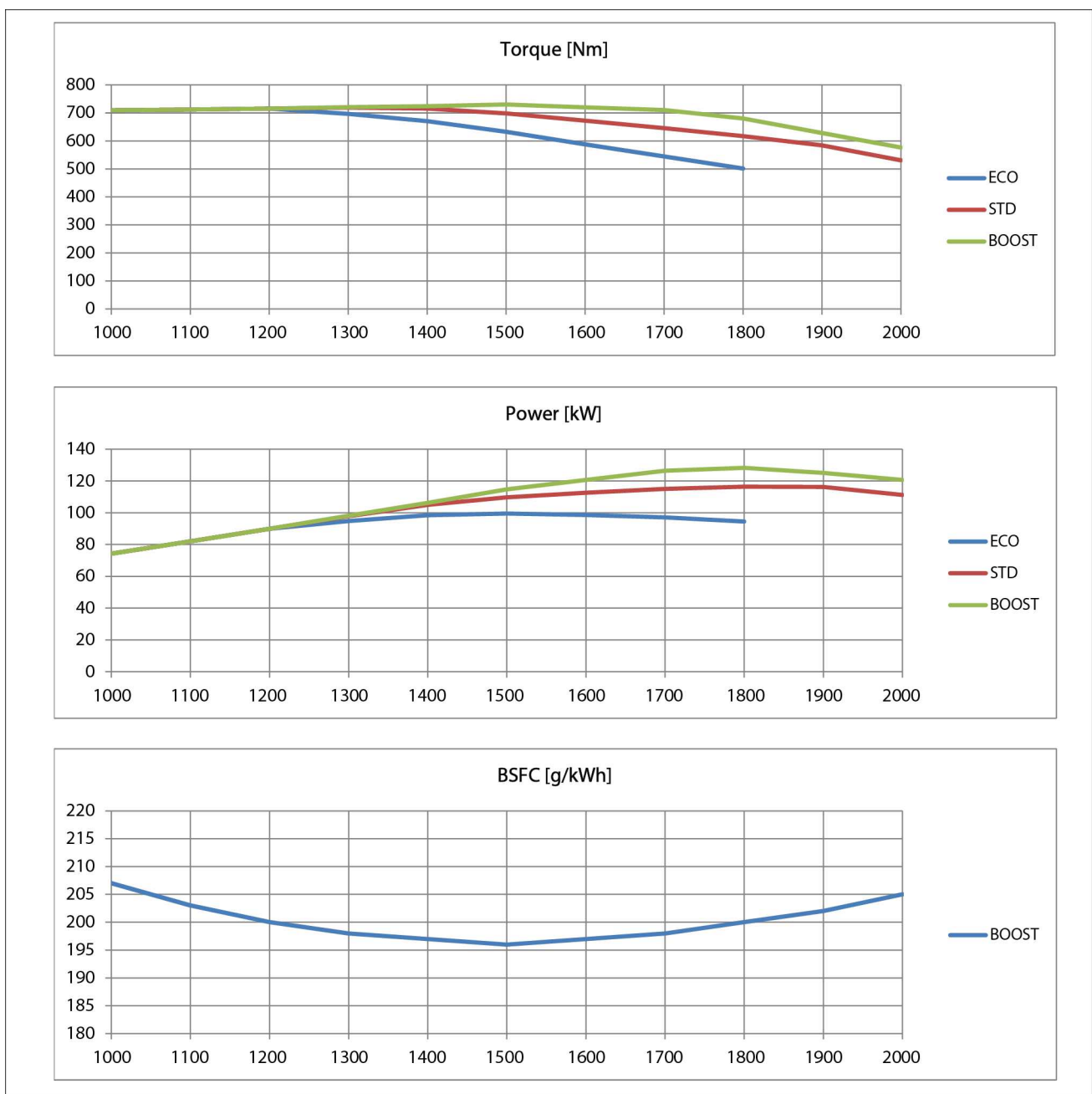
Language	Engine Service Manual P/N
English	48076871
French	47606125
German	47606126
Italian	47606127
Spanish	47606130

Engine - Engine horse power

621G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.	WE
621G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B	WE
621G WHEEL LOADER XT-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B	WE
621G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.	WE
621G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B	WE

Design characteristics	
Displacement:	6728 cm³ (410.6 in³)
Engine Configuration	6 cylinder in line, 4 stroke
Intake Air	Turbocharged, 4 valves/cyl
Fuel injection	High pressure common rail
EGR	No

Performance	
Altitude Capability	3000 m (9842.5 ft)
High Idle Speed	2212 RPM
Low Idle Speed	700 RPM
Rated Power	121 kW at 2000 RPM
Peak Torque	730 N·m at 1500 RPM



NOTE: performances detected at engine test bench.

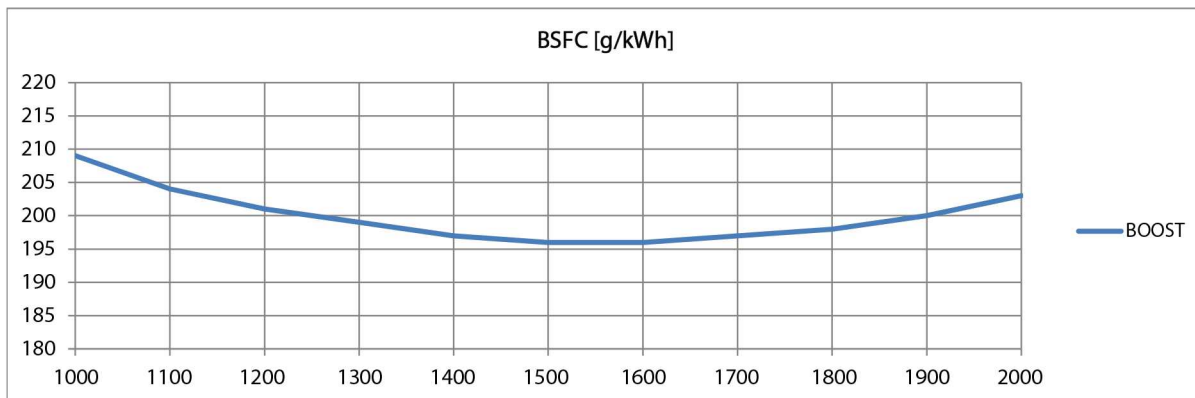
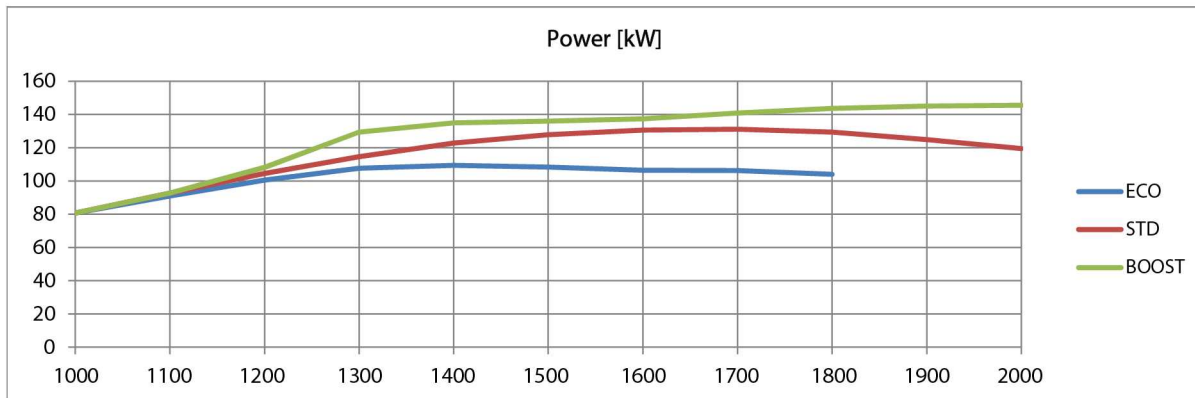
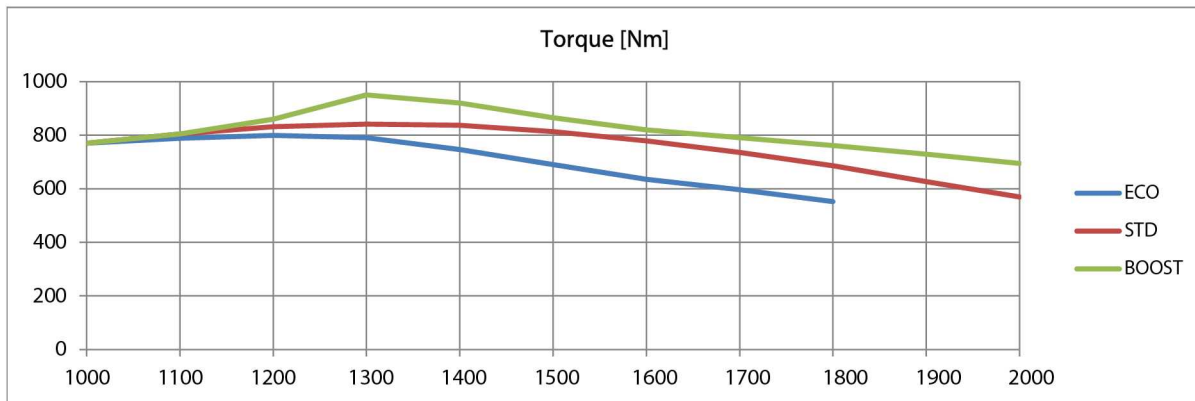
NOTE: BSFC indicates the Brake Specific Fuel Consumption.

Engine - Engine horse power

721G WHEEL LOADER XR EH, New Cab TIER 4B	WE
721G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.	WE
721G WHEEL LOADER XT EH, New Cab TIER 4B	WE
721G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR EH, New Cab TIER 4B	WE
721G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.	WE

Design characteristics	
Displacement	6728 cm ³ (410.6 in ³)
Engine Configuration	6 cylinder in line, 4 stroke
Intake Air	Turbocharged, 4 valves/cyl
Fuel injection	High pressure common rail
EGR:	No

Performance	
Altitude Capability	3000 m (9842.5 ft)
High Idle Speed	2212 RPM
Low Idle Speed	700 RPM
Rated Power	145 kW at 2000 RPM
Peak Torque	950 N·m at 1300 RPM



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NOTE: these are bench tested power / consumption curves that of course can not reflect the daily and specific use that each operator / business owner makes of an earth moving machine.

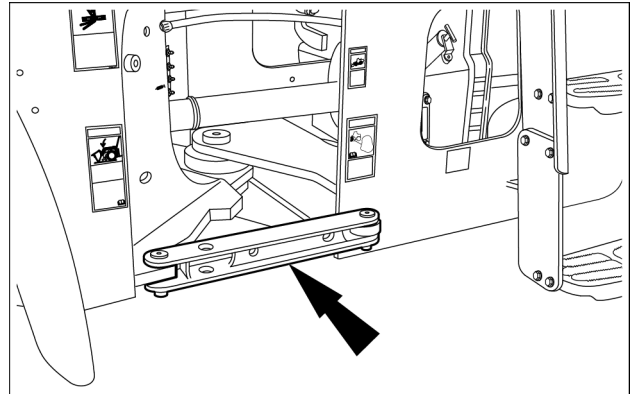
NOTE: BSFC indicates the Brake Specific Fuel Consumption.

Engine - Remove

621G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.	WE
621G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B	WE
621G WHEEL LOADER XT-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B	WE
621G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.	WE
621G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B	WE

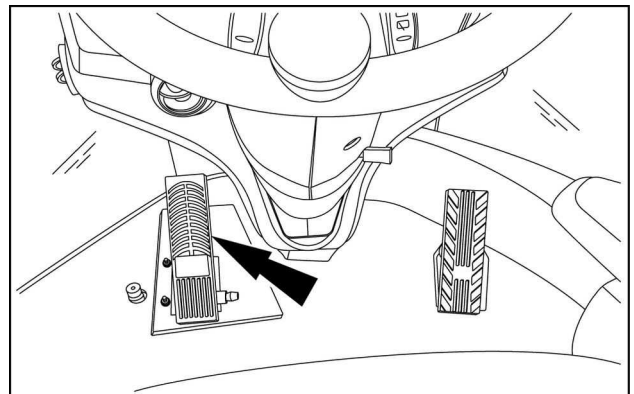
NOTE: emissions sensors mounted in the exhaust stream are sensitive to extreme vibrations. Use of tools that generate extreme vibrations, such as impact wrenches and hammers, will result in damage to emission sensors. Avoid using these tools during any service procedure in close proximity of emission sensors. If the use of these tools cannot be avoided, remove the sensors using extreme caution prior to performing any service procedure.

1. Park the machine on a level surface and lower the bucket to the ground. Put the articulation lock in LOCKED position and stop the engine.



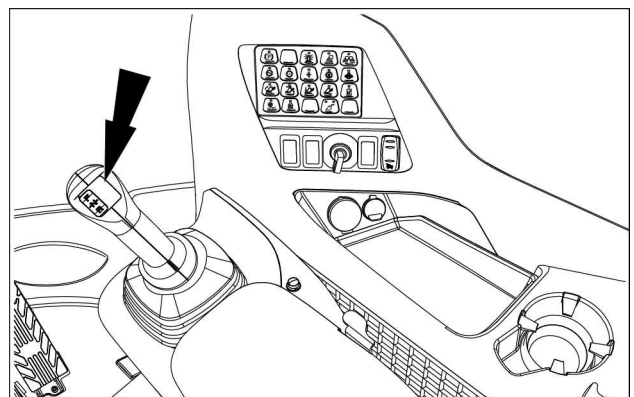
LEIL16WHL0048AB 1

2. Actuate the brake pedal several times to discharge the brake accumulators.



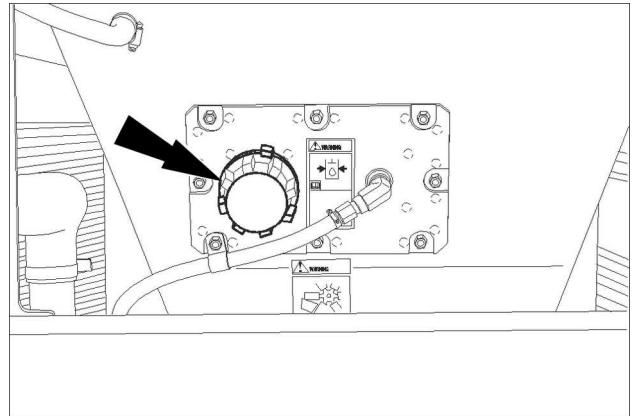
LEIL15WHL0564AA 2

3. Put the key switch in ON position.
Put the control switch in ON position.
Move the control lever(s) back and forth at least 30 times to release any pressure from the hydraulic circuit.
Put the key switch in OFF position.



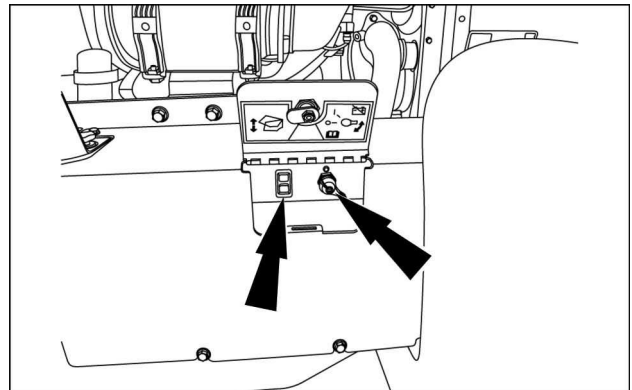
LEIL17WHL1348AA 3

4. Raise the grill located above the cooler box just behind the cab. Then slowly loosen the hydraulic reservoir filler cap to release pressure in the reservoir.



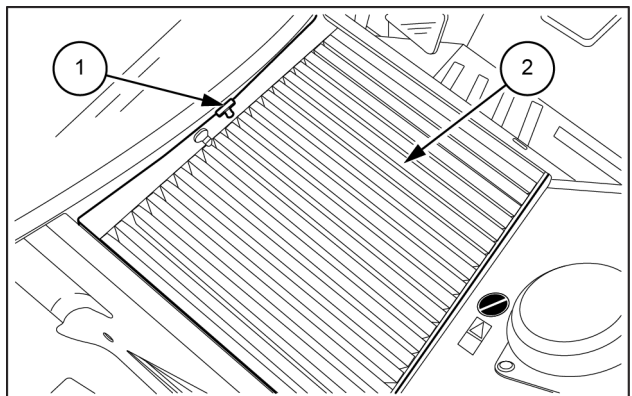
RCPH10WHL099BAL 4

5. Locate the timed disconnect switch and the hood raise switch in the battery box. Raise the engine hood and put the timed disconnect switch in the OFF position.



RCPH10WHL106AAH 5

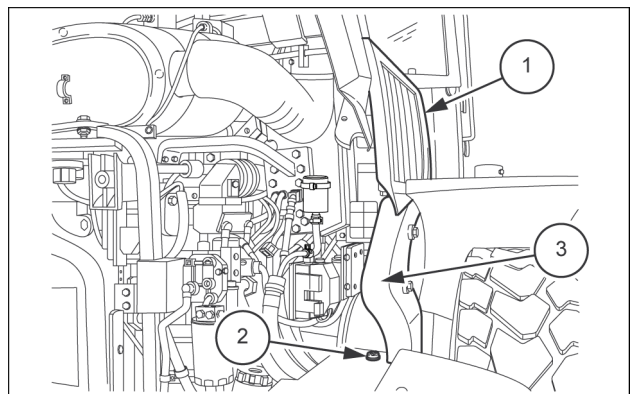
6. Unhook the rubber T-handle (1) and raise the upper panel (2). Make sure that the security levers are blocked.



LEIL13WHL0137AB 6

7. Raise both side panels (1). Then remove the thumb screws (2) and inner fender panels (3).

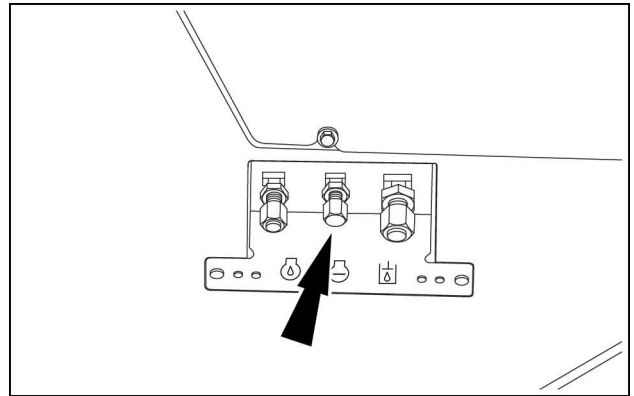
NOTE: right-hand side of the machine is shown. The operation is similar for the left-hand side.



LEIL13WHL0612AB 7

8. Place a suitable container below the radiator drain plug, remove the radiator cap and the radiator drain plug (see the arrow in figure) to drain the engine coolant. Reinstall the radiator drain plug and the radiator cap after coolant has drained.

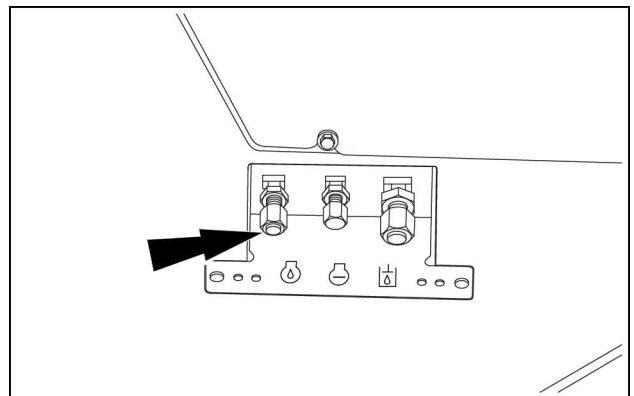
NOTE: see machine specifications for cooling system volume.



LEIL16WHL0198AA 8

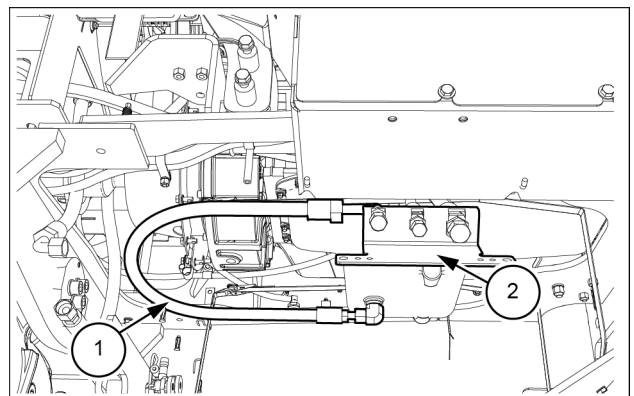
9. Place a suitable container below the engine oil drain plug (see the arrow in figure). Remove the engine oil drain plug and drain oil into container. Reinstall the engine oil drain plug.

NOTE: see machine specifications for engine oil sump volume.



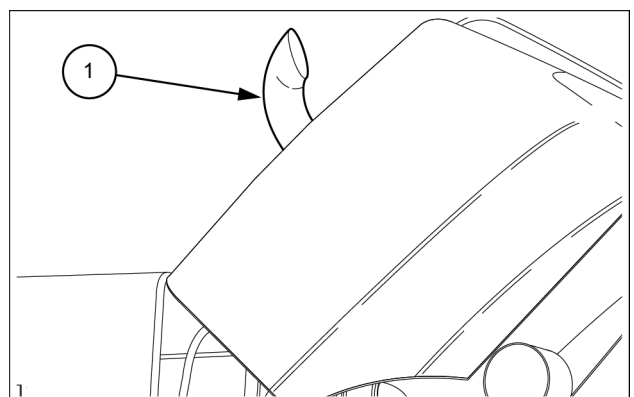
LEIL16WHL0198AA 9

10. Remove the drain hose (1) from the frame bracket (2).



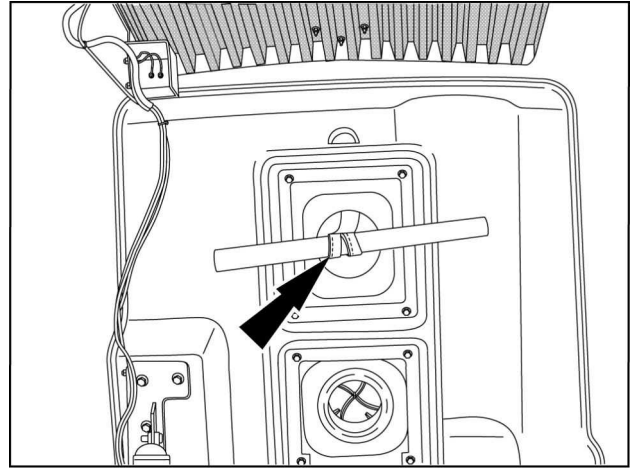
LEIL16WHL1250AB 10

11. Double up a nylon lifting strap and slide through the exhaust stack (1) on the engine hood.



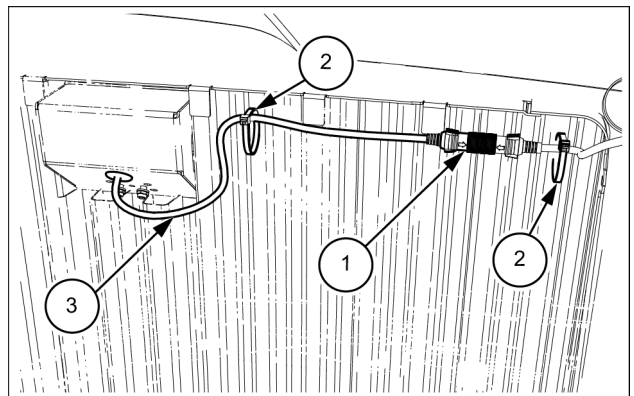
LEIL14WHL0400AB 11

12. Place a solid steel bar or pipe through the strap loop inside the engine hood and attach the strap to a suitable lifting device.
Raise the engine hood with the strap to release tension on the lifting motor.



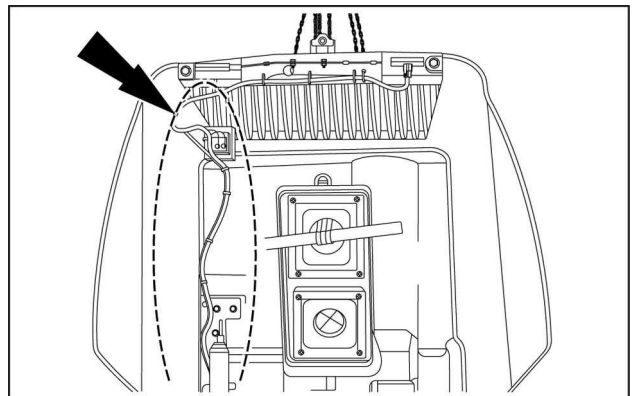
RAPH12WEL0600AA 12

13. If machine is equipped with a rearview camera, tag and disconnect the connector (1) of the rearview camera wire harness (3). Cut the wire ties (2) that hold the rearview camera wire harness (3) to the rear grill.



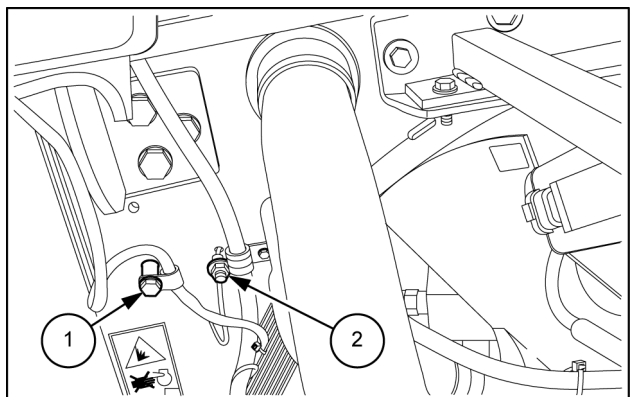
LEIL16WHL0849AB 13

14. Cut the wire ties and remove the rearview camera wire harness from the engine hood. Place the rearview camera wire harness off to the side in a safe location.



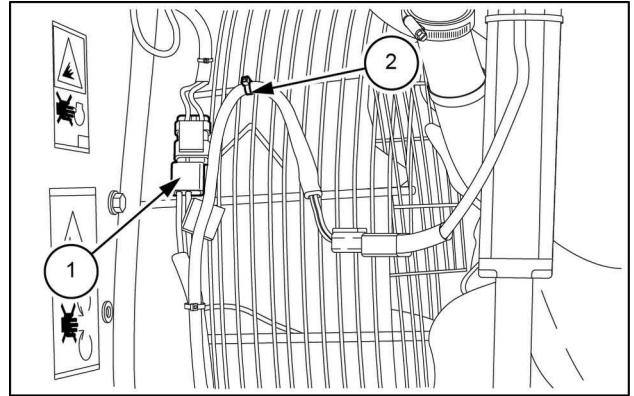
LEIL13WHL0140AB 14

15. Remove the engine hood wire harness clamp (1) from the cooler housing. Tag and remove the engine hood ground wire (2) from cooler housing.



LEIL13WHL0149AB 15

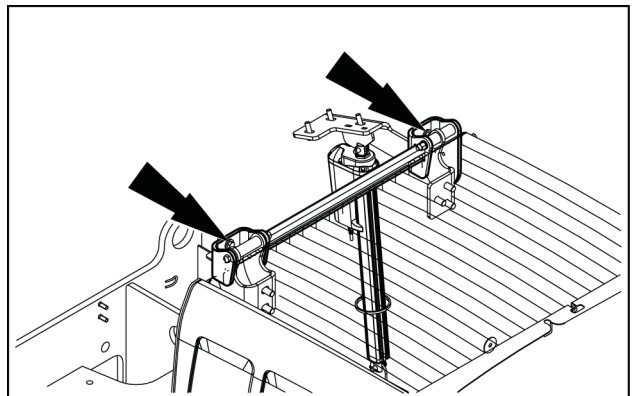
16. Tag and disconnect the engine hood wiring harness connector (1) from the rear chassis wiring harness connector. Remove the engine hood wire harness clamp (2) from the fan guard.



LEIL13WHL0150AB 16

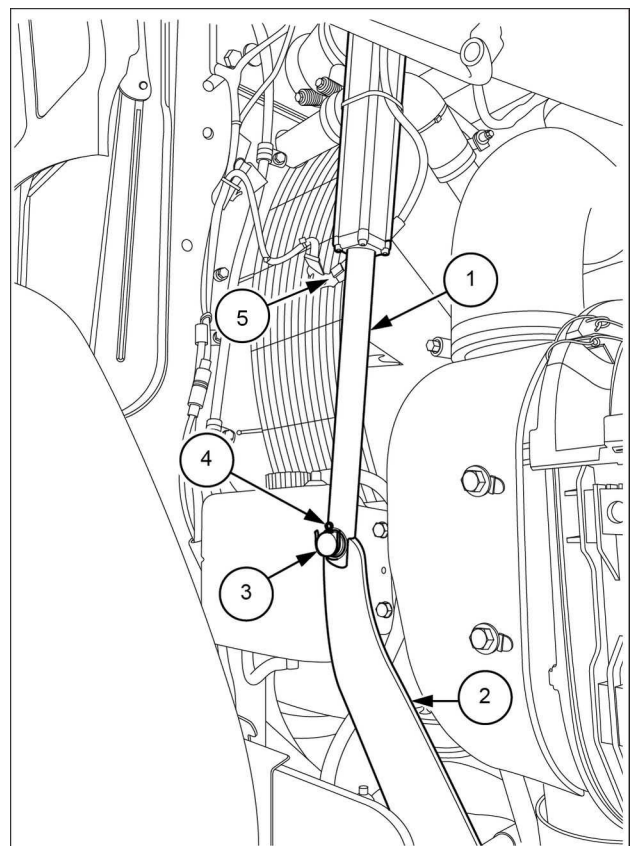
17. Have another person to balance the hood and LOOSEN the hood hinge mounting bolts (see the arrows in figure) from the cooler frame.

NOTE: do not remove the engine hood hinge mounting bolts at this time.



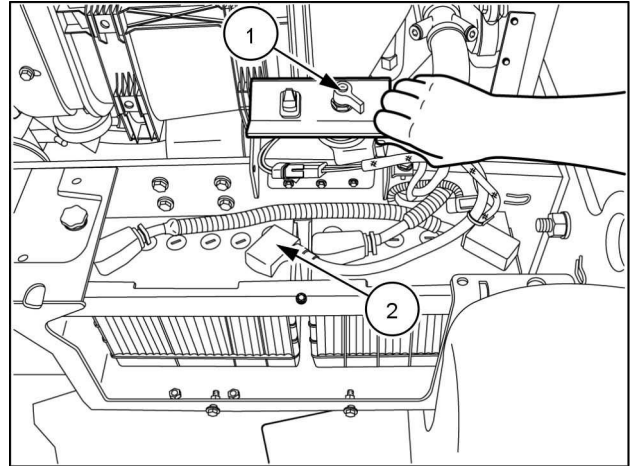
LEIL14WHL0401AB 17

18. Disconnect the wiring harness (5). Put the timed disconnect switch in the ON position. Retract the lifting motor cylinder (1) and remove the clevis pin (3) and the cotter pin (4) from the bottom of the lifting motor cylinder (1). Separate the lifting motor cylinder (1) from the hood support strut (2).



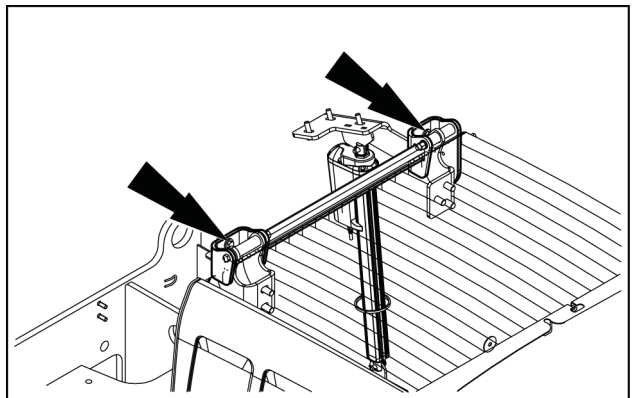
LEIL16WHL1837BB 18

19. Put the timed disconnect switch **(1)** in OFF position. Remove the battery cover and disconnect ground lead from the batteries **(2)**.



RAPH12WEL0608AA 19

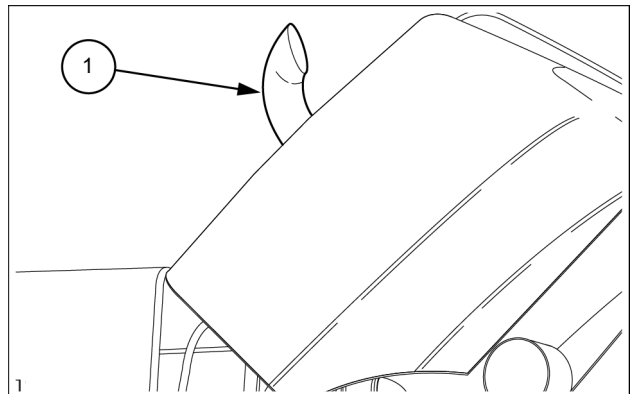
20. Have another person to balance the hood and remove the hood hinge mounting bolts (see the arrows in figure) from the cooler frame.



LEIL14WHL0401AB 20

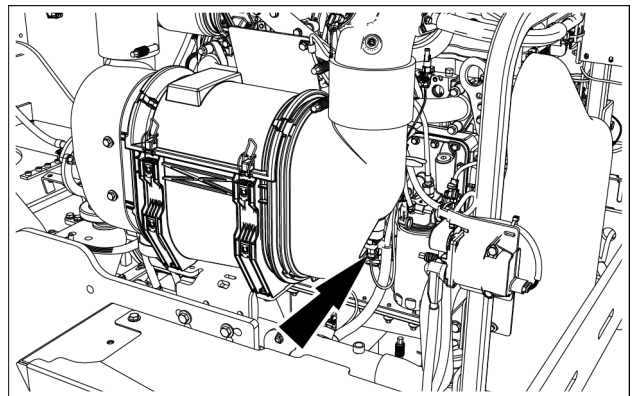
21. Carefully raise and remove the engine hood from the machine. Lower the engine hood onto a suitable platform and disconnect lifting equipment from the exhaust stack **(1)**.

NOTE: radiator overflow hose may interfere with left-hand hood hinge movement and hood removal.



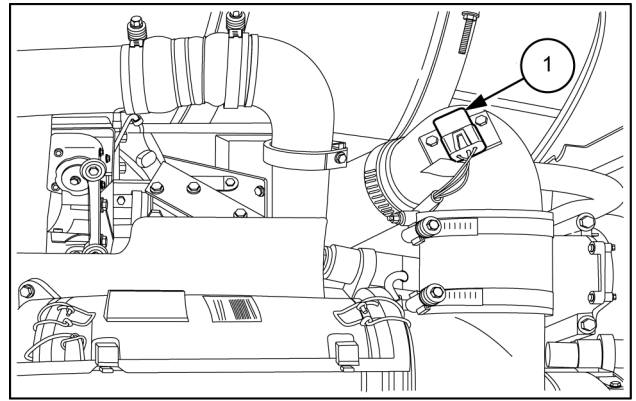
LEIL14WHL0400AB 21

22. Tag and disconnect the engine wiring harness connector from the air filter restriction switch.



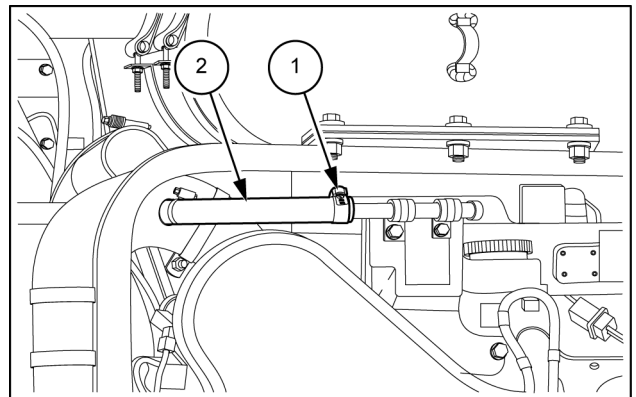
LEIL16WHL0573AB 22

23. Tag and disconnect the engine wiring harness connector from the air inlet humidity sensor **(1)**.



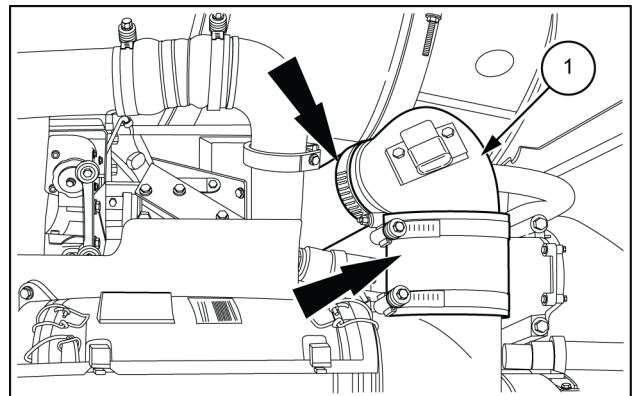
LEIL13WHL0143AB 23

24. Loosen the clamp **(1)** on the crankcase ventilation hose **(2)** and disconnect the hose.



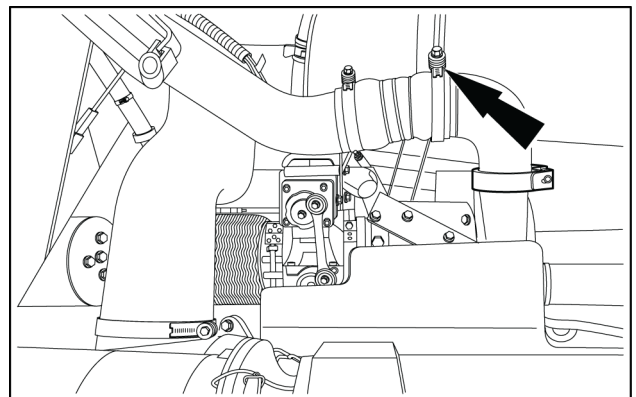
LEIL13WHL0144AB 24

25. Loosen the clamps on the turbocharger and air filter housing. Remove the intake air hose **(1)**. Cover the turbocharger inlet to prevent debris entry.



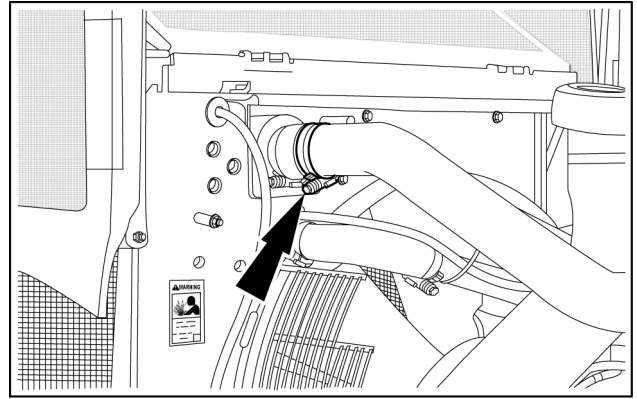
LEIL13WHL0145AB 25

26. Loosen the clamp from the elbow connected to the turbocharger.



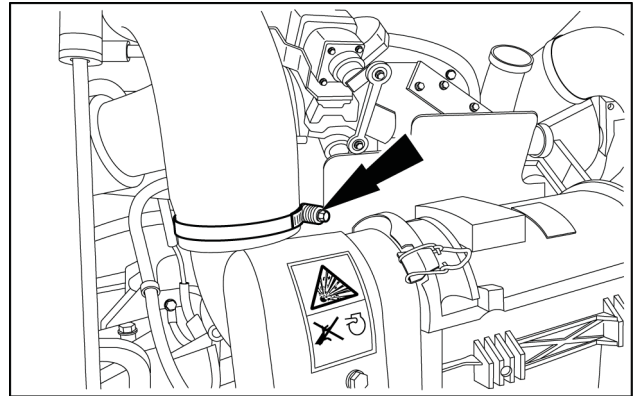
LEIL14WHL0203AB 26

27. Loosen the clamp on the hose at the after cooler inlet and remove the tube.



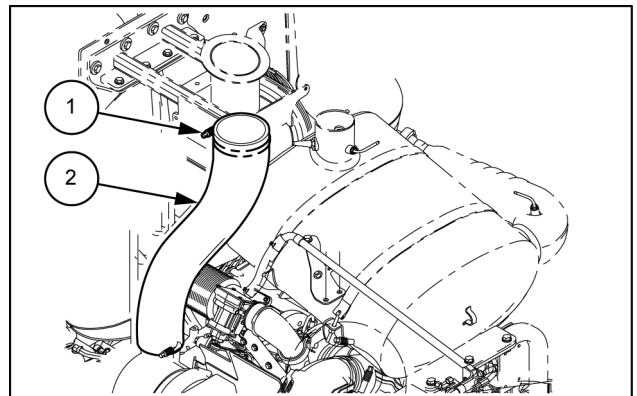
LEIL13WHL0147AB 27

28. Loosen the clamp on the air inlet hose at the air filter housing.



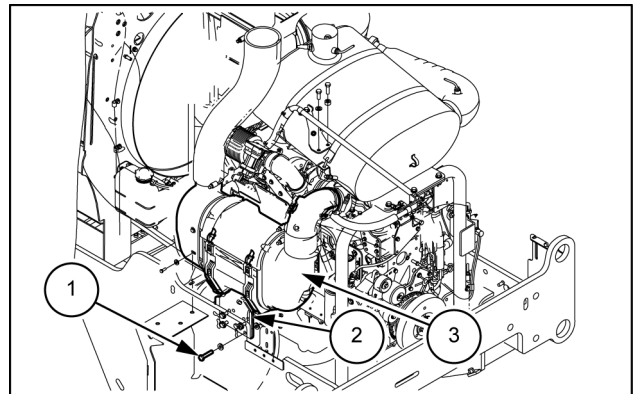
LEIL13WHL0148AB 28

29. Loosen the clamp (1) on the air inlet hose (2) at the exhaust support bracket. Remove the air inlet hose (2).



LEIL13WHL0151AB 29

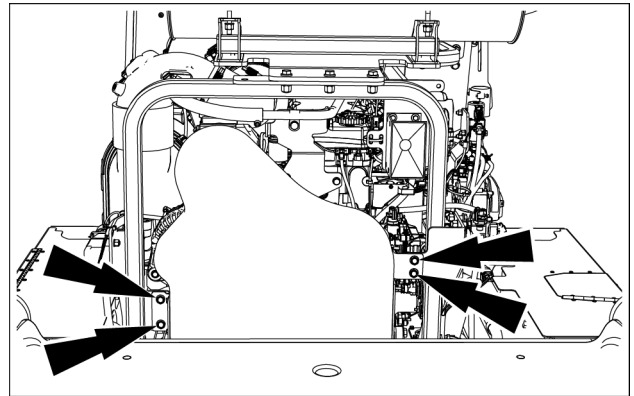
30. Remove the securing bolts (1) with the related washers and nuts. Remove the bracket (2) with the air filter (3) as an assembly.



LEIL15WHL0037AB 30

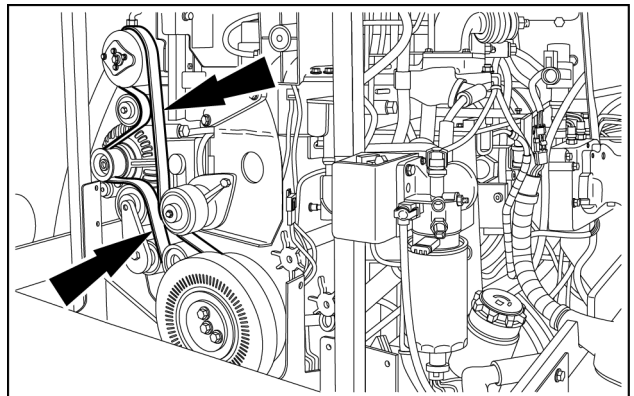
31. Remove the four mounting bolts from the belt cover. Then remove the cover.

NOTE: after removing the belt cover, remove the cover mounting bracket from the left rear side of machine frame.



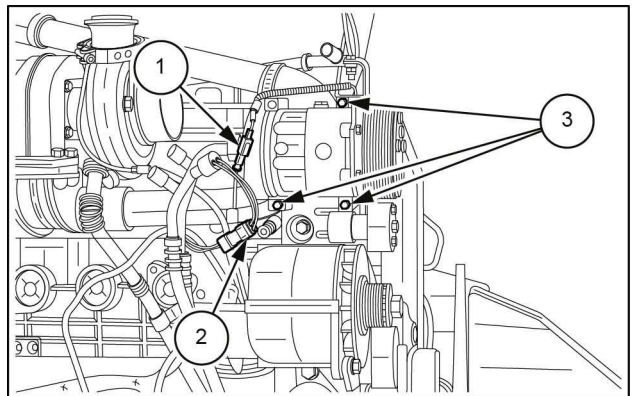
LEIL16WHL1877AB 31

32. Remove the drive belt from the engine.



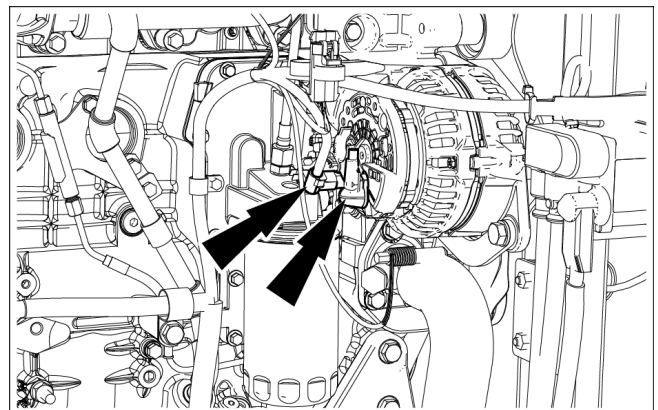
LEIL13WHL0155AB 32

33. If machine is equipped with the air conditioning system, identify, tag, and disconnect the engine wiring harness connectors from the air compressor clutch connector (1) and high pressure switch (2). Then remove the three mounting bolts (3) for the compressor and carefully set it on the left battery cover.



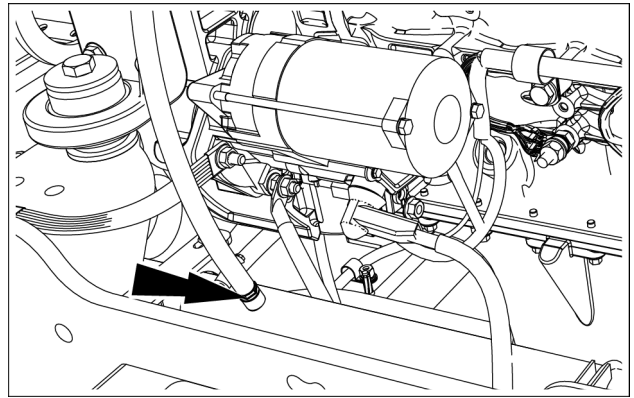
LEIL13WHL0156AB 33

34. Tag and disconnect the wiring from the alternator.



LEIL16WHL0693AB 34

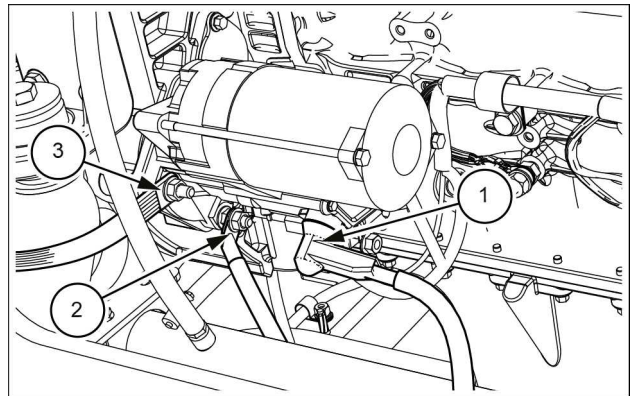
35. Remove the return line of the SCR coolant.



LEIL16WHL0568AB 35

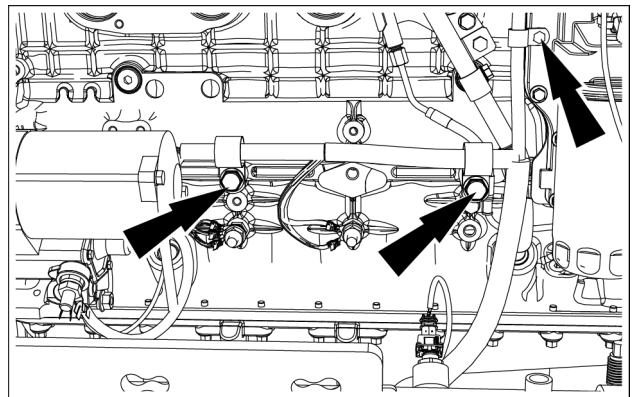
36. Tag and remove the wires from the starter solenoid (1), the ground cable (2), and ground strap (3) from the starter.

NOTE: move the starter cables away from the engine.



LEIL16WHL0569AB 36

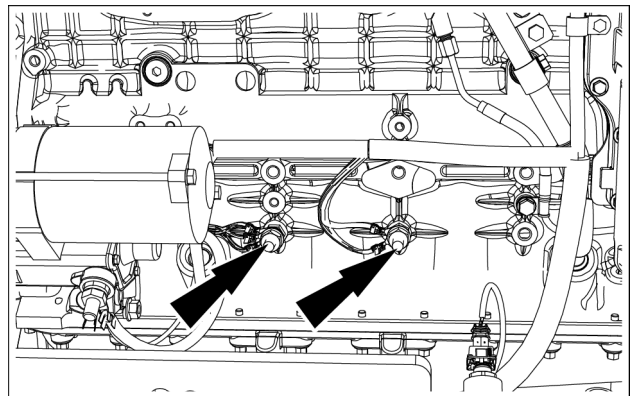
37. Remove the bolts securing the wiring harness clamps to the engine.



LEIL16WHL0570AB 37

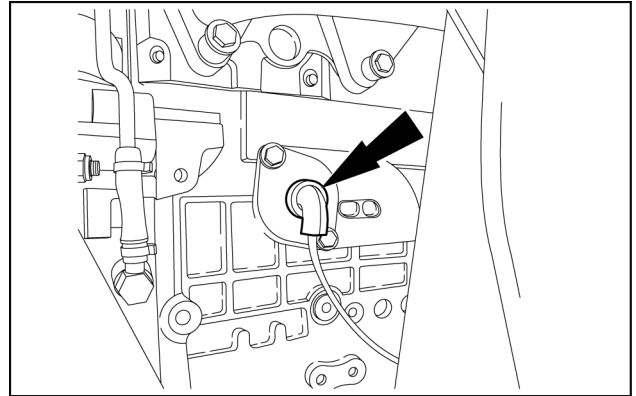
38. Remove the ground wires from the engine.

NOTE: move the wiring harness away from the engine.



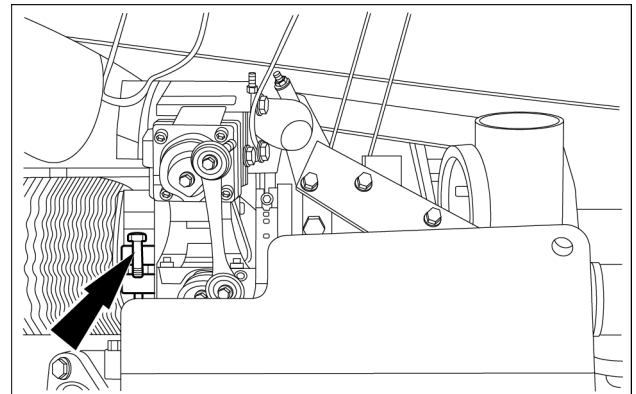
LEIL16WHL0572AB 38

39. If the machine is so equipped, unplug the engine block heater and set it aside.



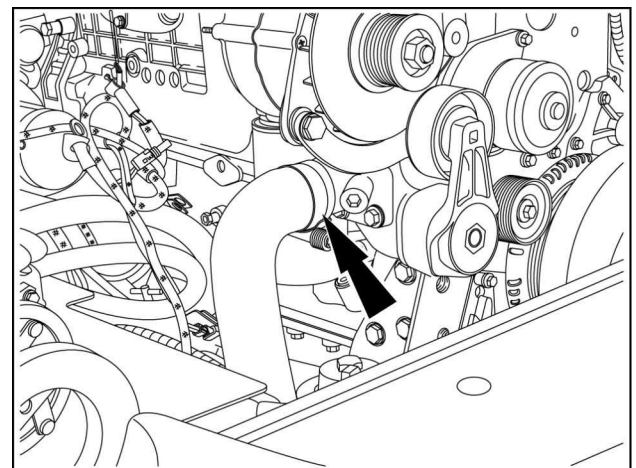
LEIL15WHL0016AB 39

40. Loosen the clamp (see the arrow in figure) and disconnect the pipe.



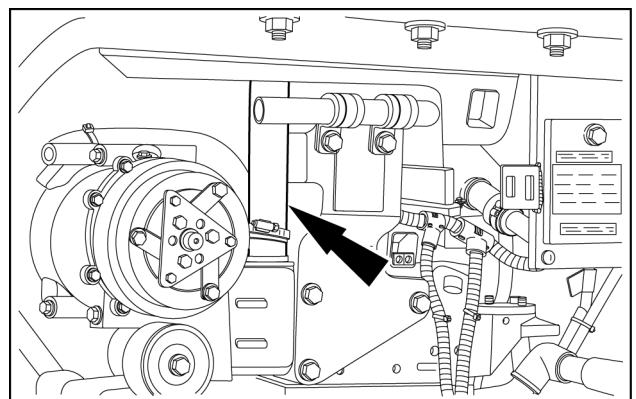
LEIL15WHL0015AB 40

41. Loosen the clamps and remove the lower coolant hose from the engine.



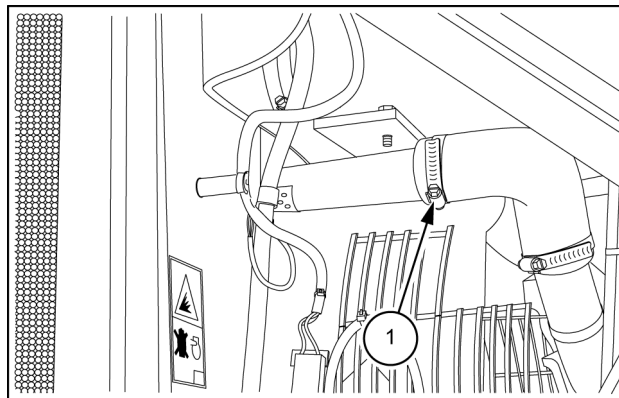
RAPH12WEL0629AA 41

42. Remove the radiator hose from the engine.



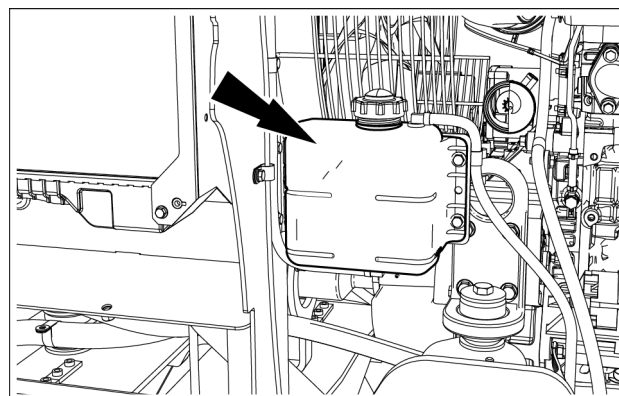
LEIL13WHL0159AB 42

43. Remove the return radiator hose (1) and the engine coolant vent hose from the top of the radiator.



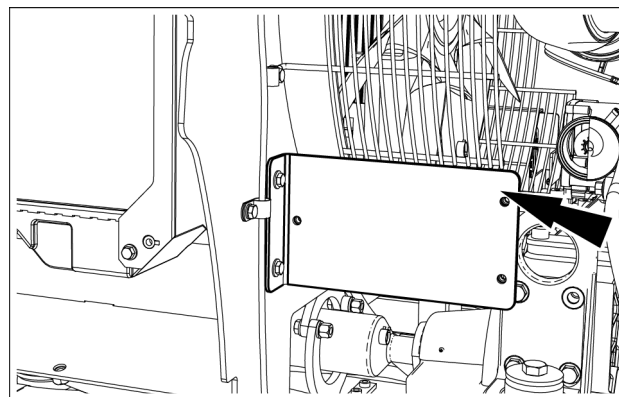
LEIL13WHL0141AB 43

44. Remove the overflow tank of the engine coolant.



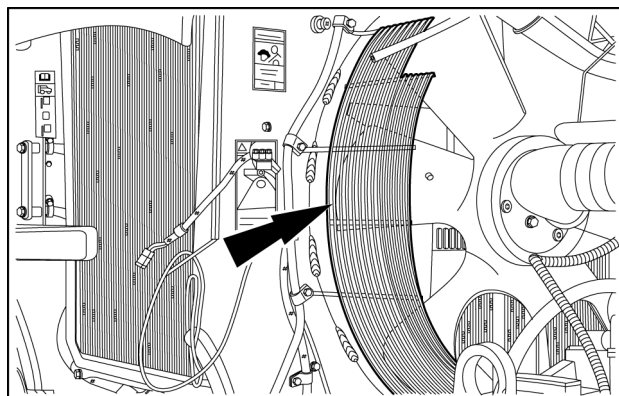
LEIL16WHL0574AB 44

45. Remove the bracket of the overflow tank.



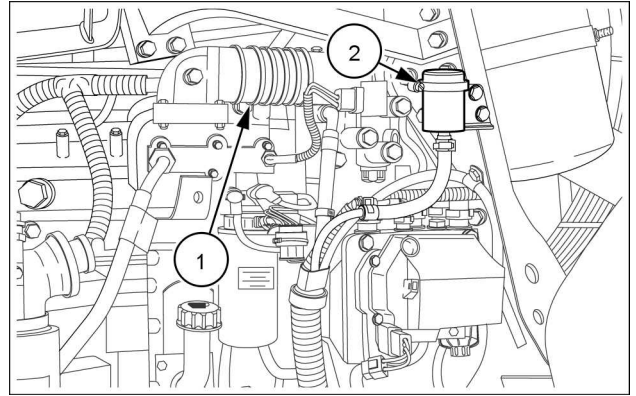
LEIL16WHL0575AB 45

46. Remove the cooling fan guard.



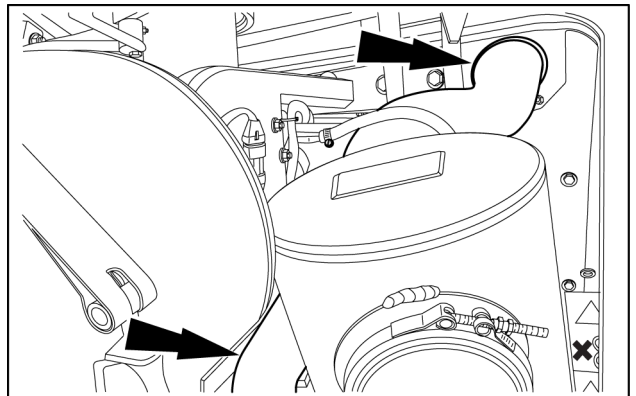
LEIL13WHL0160AB 46

47. Loosen the clamp **(1)** on the intake manifold for the output hose of the after cooler. Loosen the clamp **(2)** from the body of the DEF/AdBlue® tank vent filter.



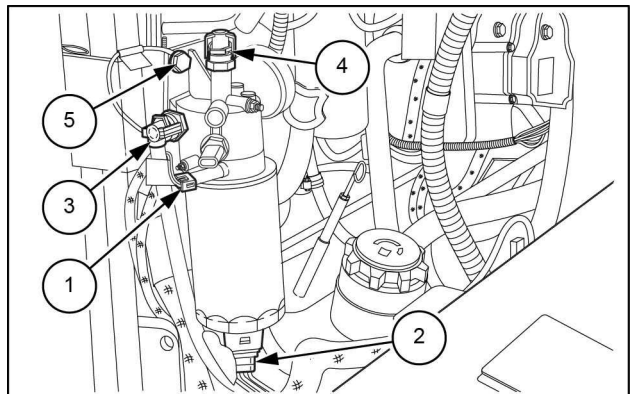
LEIL13WHL0613AA 47

48. Loosen the clamp on the after cooler, and remove the output hose of the after cooler from the machine.



LEIL13WHL0162AB 48

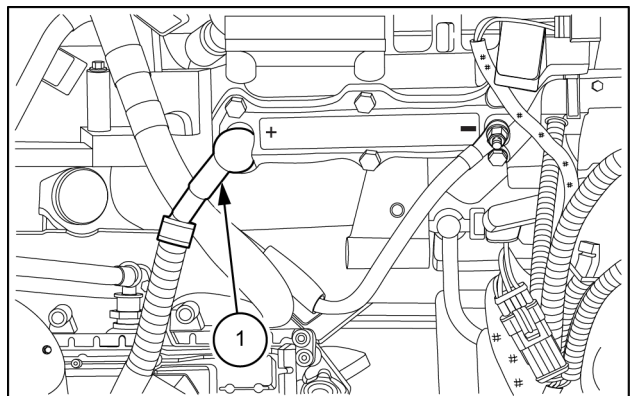
49. Tag and disconnect the fuel filter heater wire **(1)** and the water sensor **(2)**. Then drain fuel filter and disconnect the inlet **(3)** and outlet **(4)** fuel lines from the fuel filter head. Plug the lines and cap the fittings. Remove the ground wire and the attachment bolt **(5)** of the fuel filter head.



LEIL13WHL0163AB 49

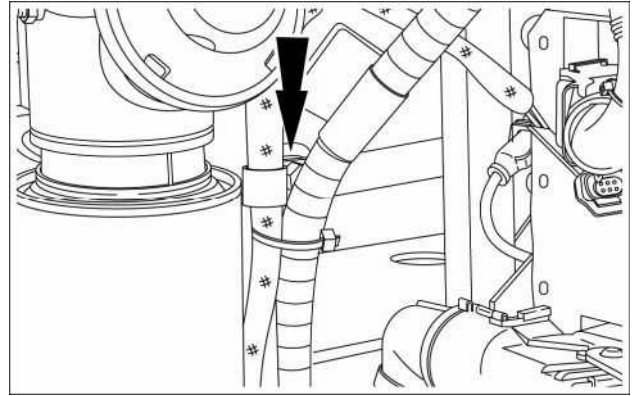
50. Tag and remove the grid heater cable **(1)**.

NOTE: hold the rear nut with a second wrench to prevent grid heater damage.



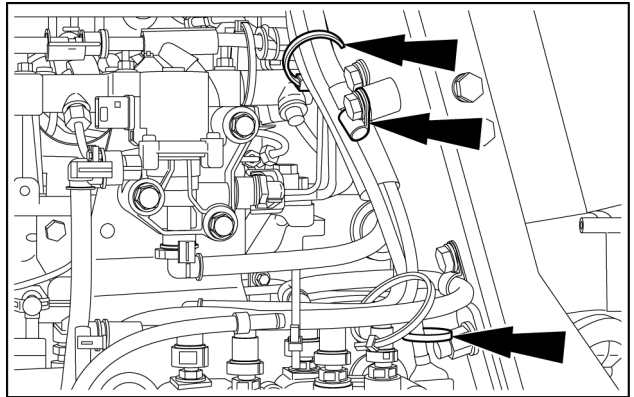
LEIL13WHL0164AB 50

51. Remove wire harness support clamp.



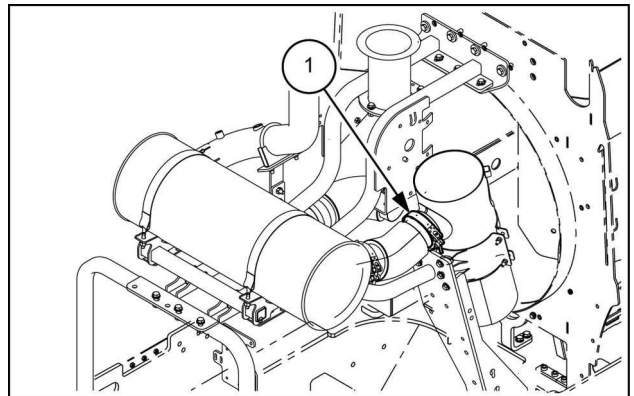
LEIL16WHL0490AB 51

52. Remove the P-clamp and cut the cable ties by the supply module. Disconnect the end of the jumper harness (near the supply module) from the Diesel Oxidation Catalyst (DOC) support.



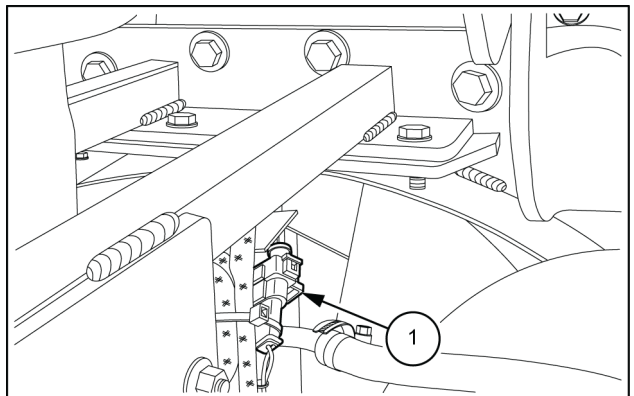
LEIL15WHL0034AB 52

53. Loosen the clamp (1) on the Diesel Oxidation Catalyst (DOC).



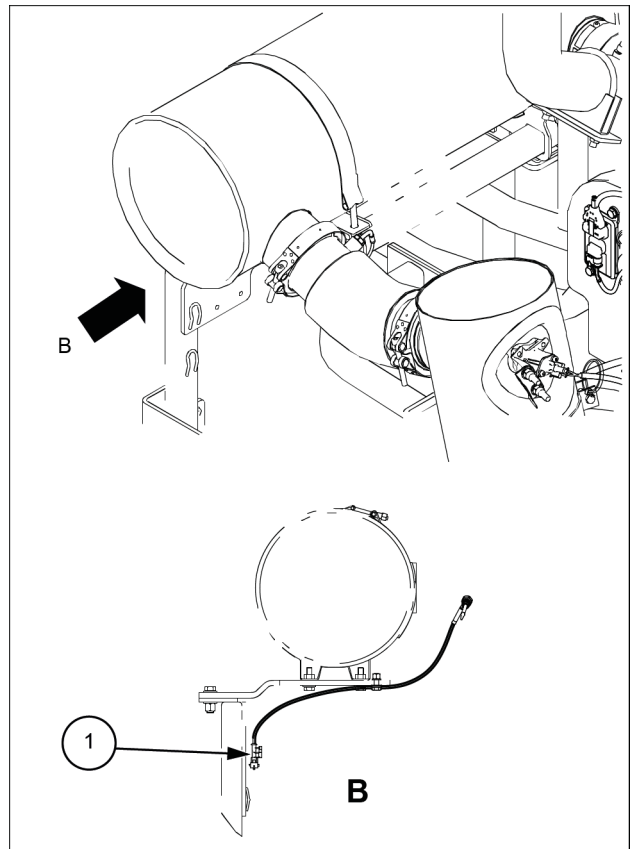
LEIL14WHL0402AB 53

54. Tag and disconnect the connector (1).



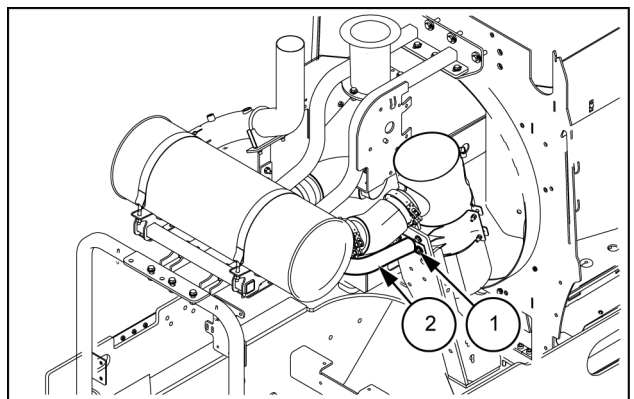
LEIL13WHL0167AB 54

55. Tag and disconnect the wire harness of the temperature sensor **(1)** for the Selective Catalytic Reduction muffler (SCR) and cut the connector wire clamps.



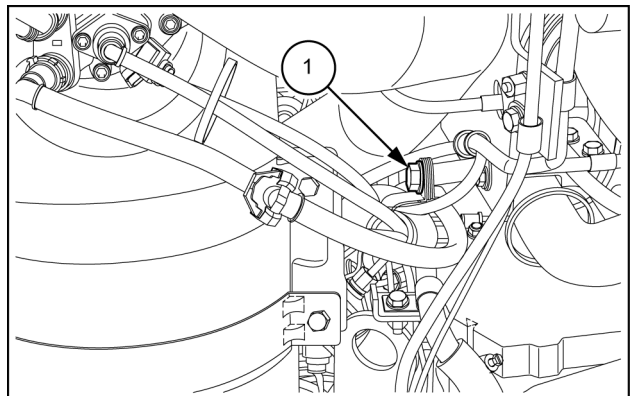
LEIL14WHL0411BB 55

56. Loosen the screws **(1)** and remove the bar **(2)**.



LEIL14WHL0408AB 56

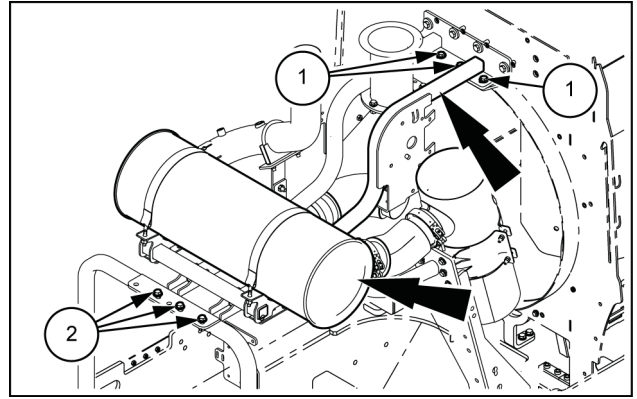
57. Remove the bolt **(1)** with the related spacer to detach the **DEF/AdBLUE®** bundle and the coolant line from the SCR support structure.



LEIL15WHL0035AB 57

58. Attach a suitable lifting straps to the Selective Catalytic Reduction muffler (SCR) support structure. Remove the bolts securing the support structure at the front (1) and rear (2) part of the structure. Use a suitable lifting device and carefully lift the support structure of the Selective Catalytic Reduction muffler (SCR) from the machine.

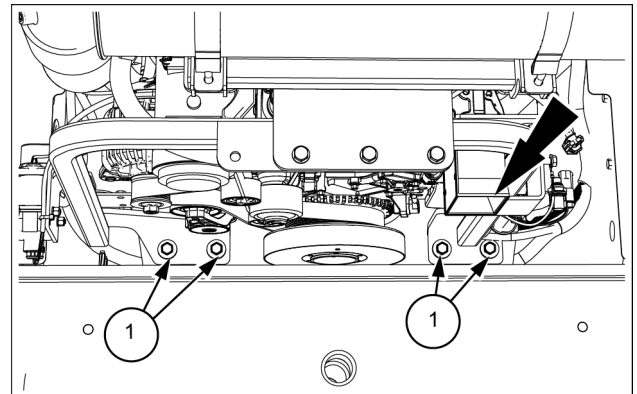
NOTE: pay particular attention to the connection between the SCR muffler and the Diesel Oxidation Catalyst (DOC).



LEIL14WHL0404AB 58

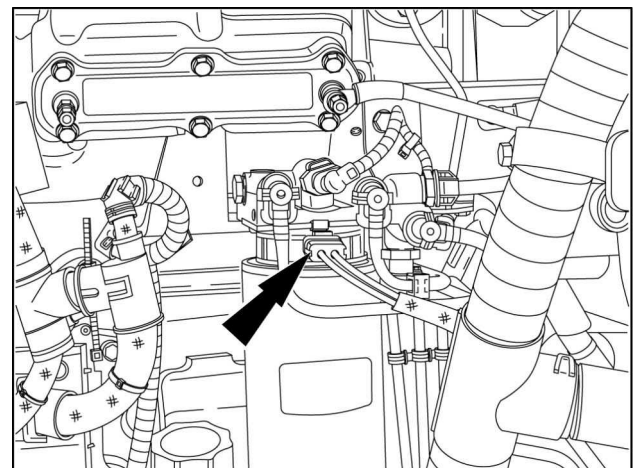
59. Tag and disconnect the wire harness from the buzzer. Remove the bolts (1) securing the front support structure of the SCR muffler and remove it.

NOTE: tilt the top of the structure away from the engine (the rear structure just about has to be laid on the counterweight) to obtain clearance between its feet and the engine.



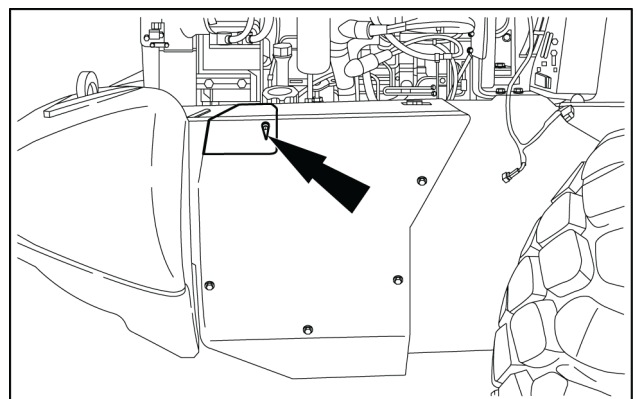
LEIL16WHL1878AB 59

60. Tag and disconnect wire harness from primary fuel filter.



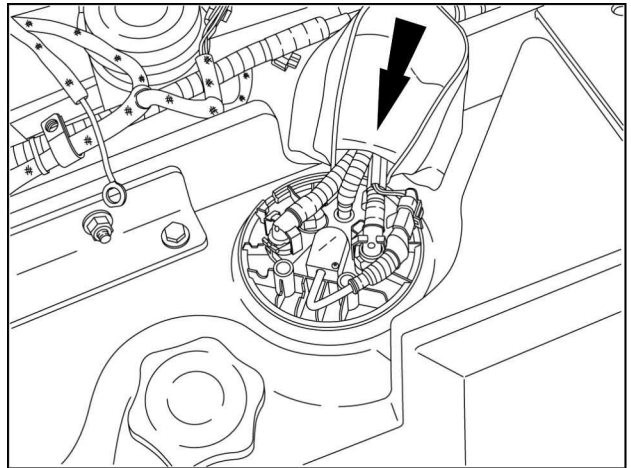
RAPH12WEL0068AA 60

61. Remove the DEF/AdBLUE® storage tank cover located on the right-hand side of the machine.



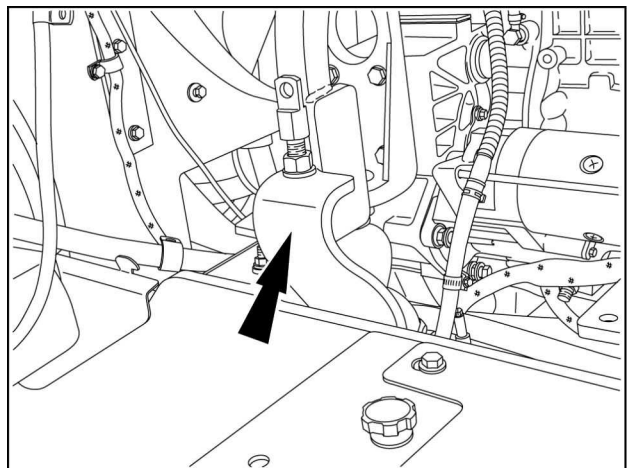
LEIL13WHL0170AB 61

62. Tag and disconnect the wire harness and **DEF/AdBLUE®** supply and return lines from the **DEF/AdBLUE®** storage tank. Install a protective cap in the supply lines.



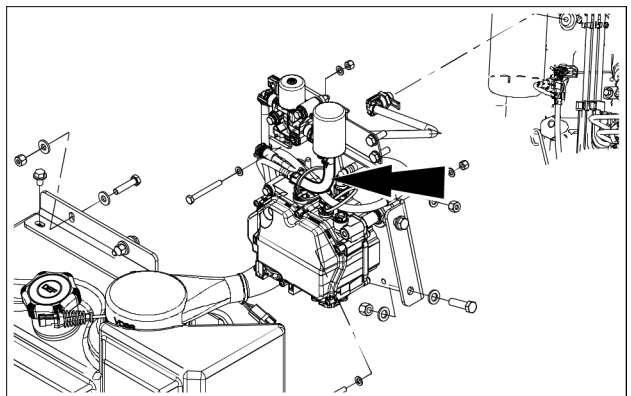
RAPH12WEL0070AA 62

63. Remove the support bracket of the hood lift cylinder.



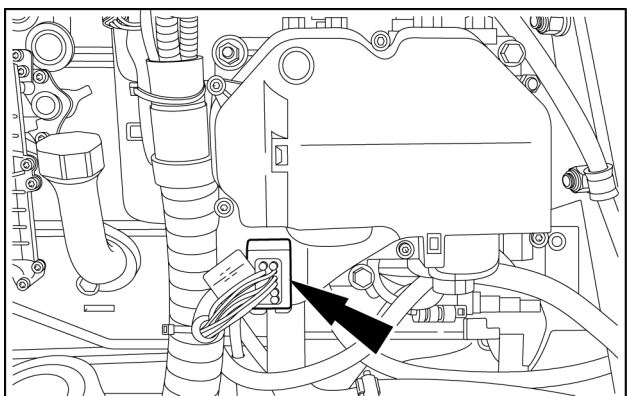
RAPH12WEL0071AA 63

64. Remove the heater hose from the engine.



LEIL15WHL0009AB 64

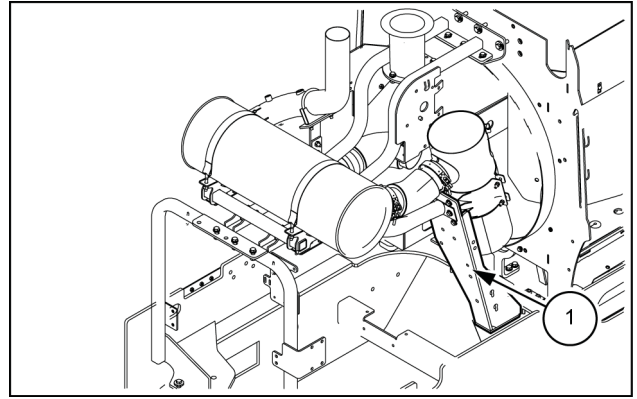
65. Disconnect the main connector of the supply module.



LEIL13WHL0171AB 65

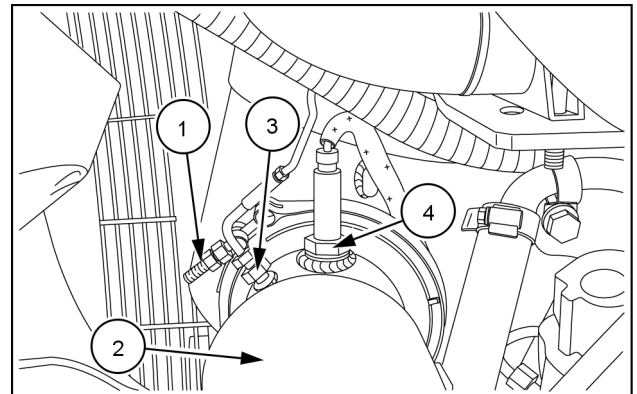
66. Attach suitable lifting straps to the support structure (1) of the Diesel Oxidation Catalyst (DOC). The figure beside does not show the supply module and the coolant control valve for clarity.

NOTE: the figure beside does not show the supply module and the coolant control valve for clarity.



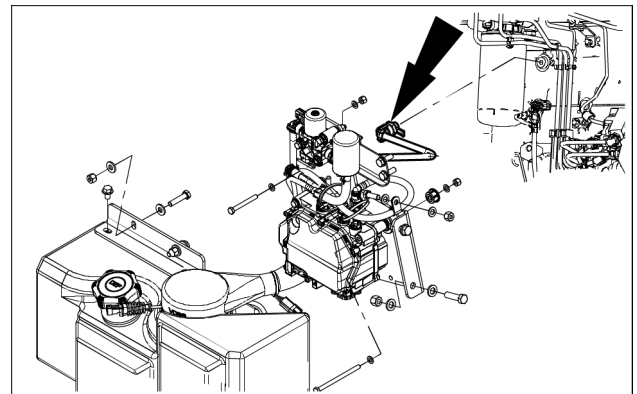
LEIL14WHL0405AB 66

67. Loosen the two hexagonal nuts of the sensors (3) and (4) and disconnect the sensors (3) and (4). Loosen the clamp (1) on the Diesel Oxidation Catalyst (DOC) and disconnect the exhaust pipe (2) from the Diesel Oxidation Catalyst (DOC).



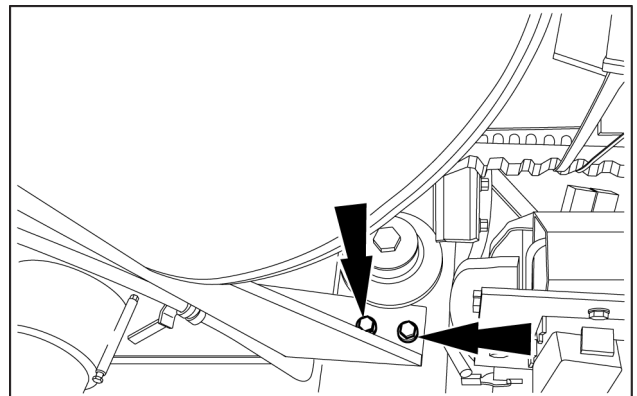
LEIL13WHL0229AA 67

68. Remove the SCR coolant supply line from the engine.



LEIL15WHL0008AB 68

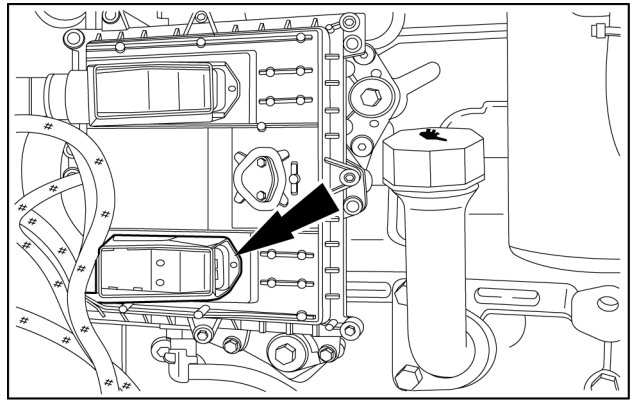
69. Remove the bolts that secure the support structure of the Diesel Oxidation Catalyst (DOC). Use a suitable lifting device and carefully lift the support structure of the Diesel Oxidation Catalyst (DOC) (with SCR system components attached) from the machine.



LEIL13WHL0173AB 69

70. Disconnect the wiring harness from the ECU controller.

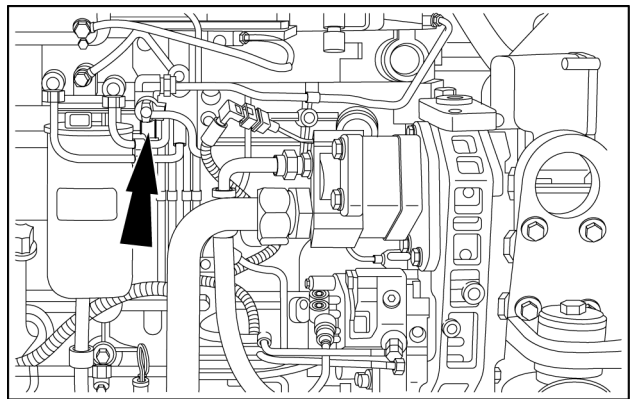
NOTE: lifting up on the lever will release the connector from the controller.



LEIL13WHL0175AB 70

71. Remove the fuel line from the top of the primary fuel filter, plug the line and cap the fitting.

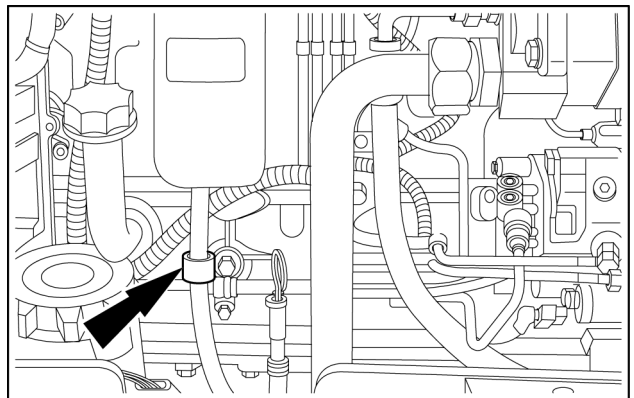
NOTE: make note on how fuel lines are routed.



LEIL13WHL0176AB 71

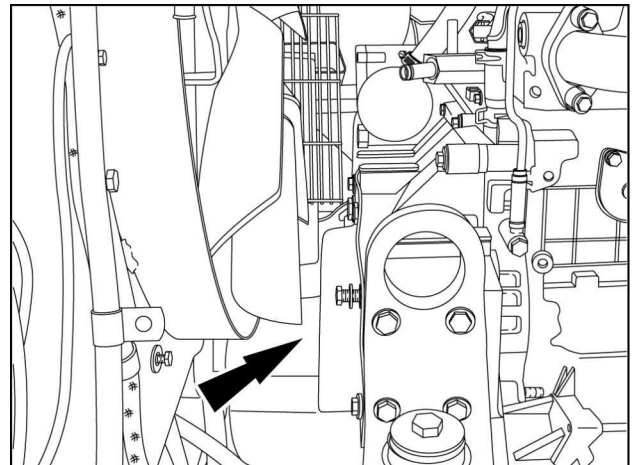
72. Remove the support clamp of the fuel line.

NOTE: make note on how fuel lines are routed, for reference during the reassembly.



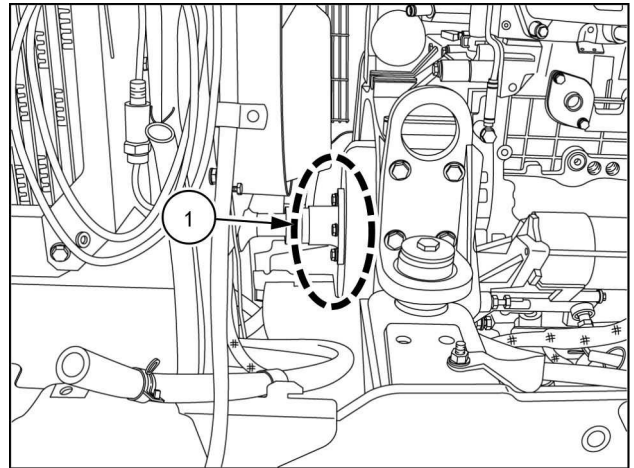
LEIL13WHL0177AB 72

73. Remove the upper and lower covers for the drive shaft.



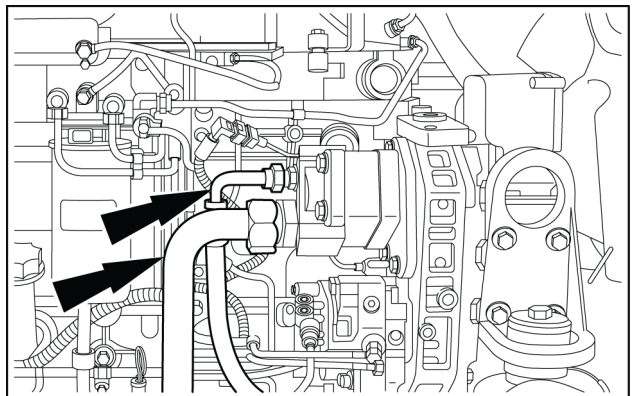
RAPH12WEL0079AA 73

74. Remove the drive shaft bolts (1) from the flywheel. Move the drive shaft clear of the flywheel.



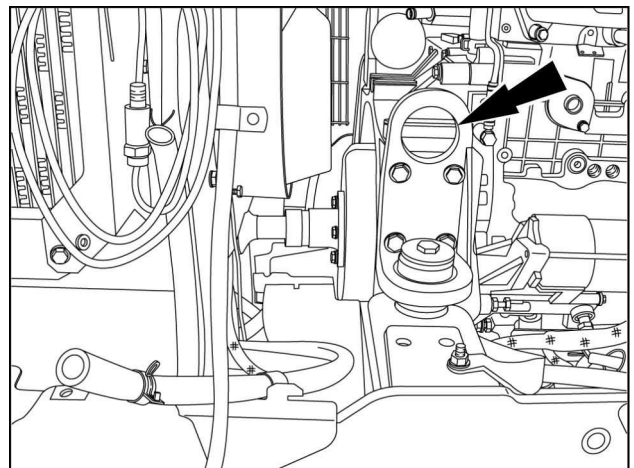
RAPH12WEL0080AA 74

75. Connect and turn on vacuum pump to hydraulic reservoir. Tag and remove the hydraulic lines from the brake system pump (arrow), plug the lines and cap the fittings.

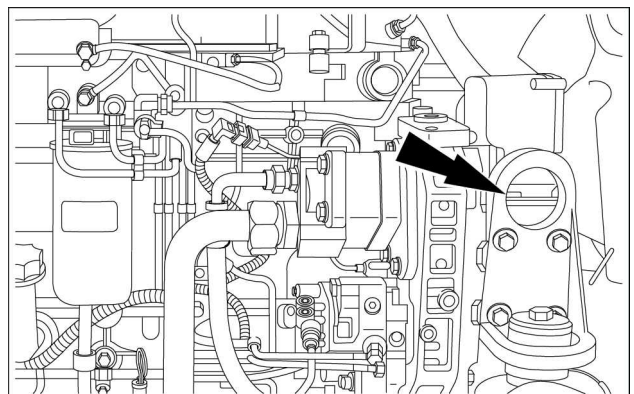


LEIL13WHL0178AB 75

76. Connect suitable lifting equipment to engine lifting brackets. Take up all slack in lifting equipment. Remove the engine mounting bolts.



RAPH12WEL0080AA 76



LEIL15WHL0036AA 77

77. Slowly raise the engine from the rear chassis. Be sure all wire harness connections and hoses have been disconnected and are clear of the engine. Guide the oil drain hose from the frame as the engine is lifted. Remove the engine from machine.

Engine - Install

621G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.	WE
621G WHEEL LOADER XR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B	WE
621G WHEEL LOADER XT-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B	WE
621G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B MULTIP.	WE
621G WHEEL LOADER ZBAR-EH, NEW CAB TIER4B	WE

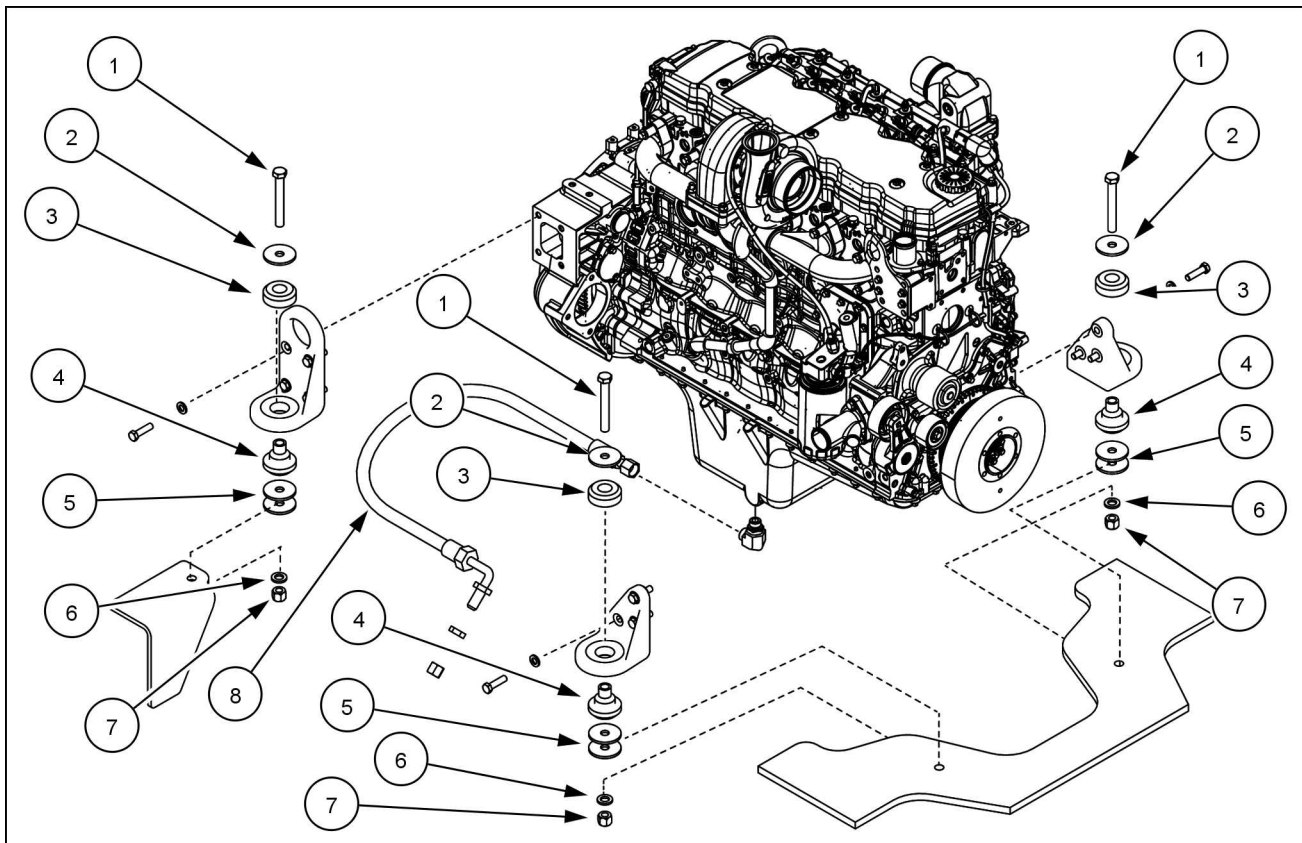
⚠ WARNING

Hot liquid under pressure!

Never remove the filler cap or the recovery tank cap while the engine is running or the coolant is hot. Let the system cool. Turn the filler cap to the first notch and allow any pressure to escape, and then remove the filler cap. Loosen the recovery tank cap slowly to allow any pressure to escape. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

W0296A

NOTE: emissions sensors mounted in the exhaust stream are sensitive to extreme vibrations. Use of tools that generate extreme vibrations, such as impact wrenches and hammers, will result in damage to emission sensors. Avoid using these tools during any service procedure in close proximity of emission sensors. If the use of these tools cannot be avoided, remove the sensors using extreme caution prior to performing any service procedure.

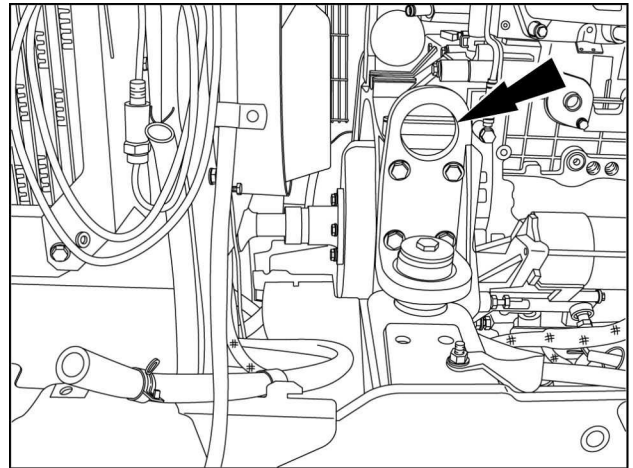


RAIL12WEL0130FA 1

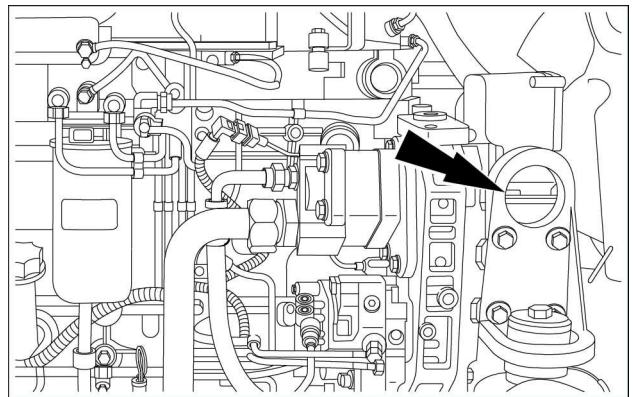
- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Engine mount bolt | 5. Washers |
| 2. Washer | 6. Washer |
| 3. Upper isolator | 7. Nut |
| 4. Lower isolator | 8. Remote oil drain hose |

1. Inspect the engine mounts. If the engine rubber isolators require replacement, remove and discard the upper isolators (3) and lower isolator (4). Install new upper isolators (3) and new lower isolators (4).

2. Attach a suitable lifting device to the engine and slowly move it into position over the rear chassis. Be sure all harness connections and hoses are out of the way or positioned correctly for reconnecting, before lowering engine.

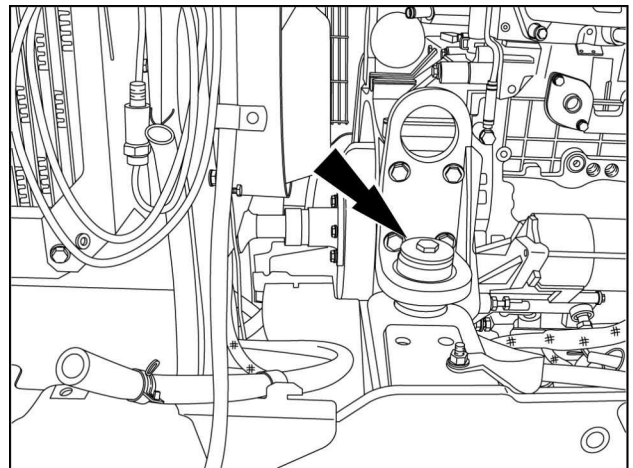


RAPH12WEL0080AA 2



LEIL15WHL0036AA 3

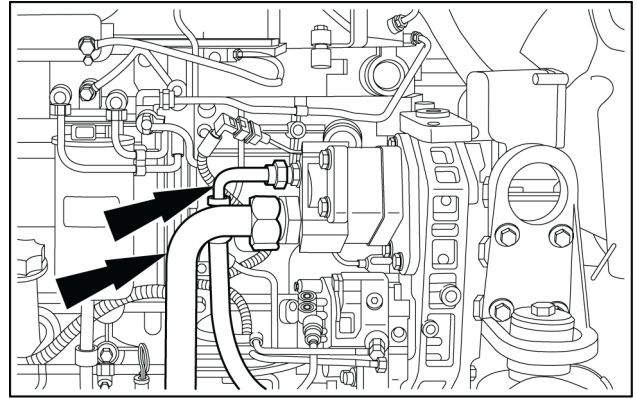
3. Tighten the mounting bolts of the engine to a tighten of **244 – 298 N·m (180 – 220 lb ft)**.



RAPH12WEL0080AA 4

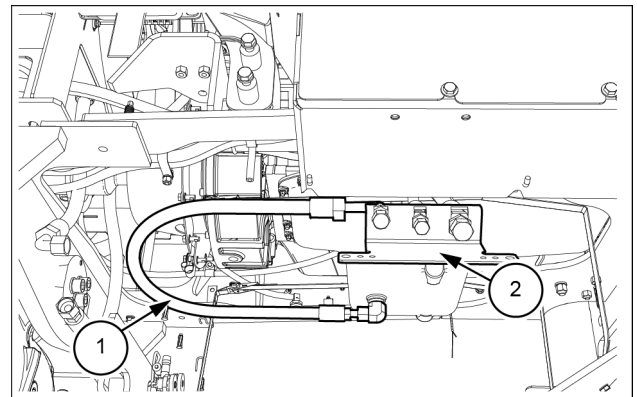
4. Disconnect the lifting equipment from the engine lifting brackets.

5. Connect vacuum pump to the hydraulic reservoir and turn it on. Remove the caps from fittings and the plugs from hoses. Connect hoses to brake pump following tags installed during removal. Remove and discard tags. Turn off and disconnect vacuum pump from hydraulic reservoir.



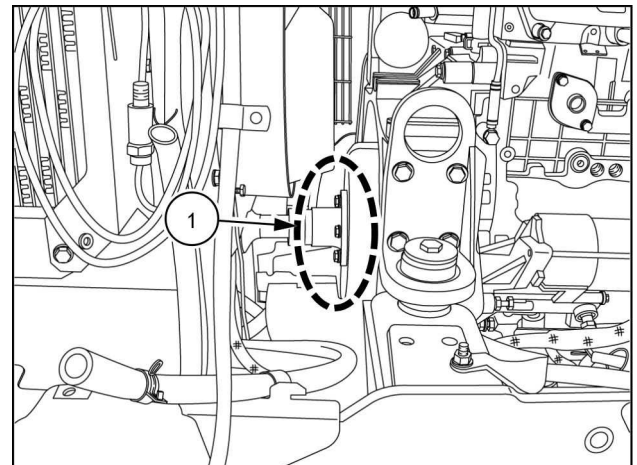
LEIL13WHL0178AB 5

6. Connect the drain hose (1) of the engine oil to the frame bracket (2).



LEIL16WHL1250AB 6

7. At front of engine, position the drive shaft on engine coupling. Use new bolts to secure the drive shaft to the engine coupling.

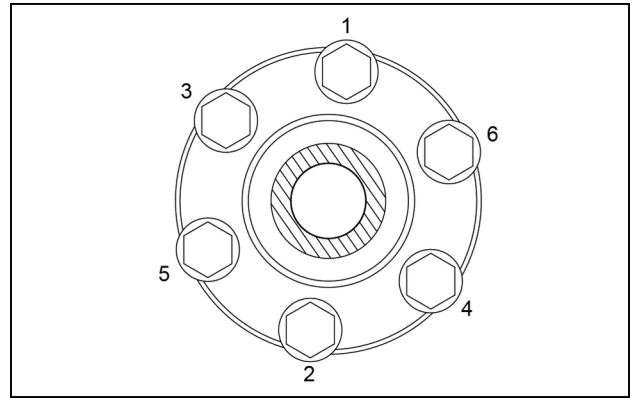


RAPH12WEL0080AA 7

8. Install the bolts to secure the drive shaft to the engine coupling according to the tightening pattern shown in the figures.

4-speed transmission

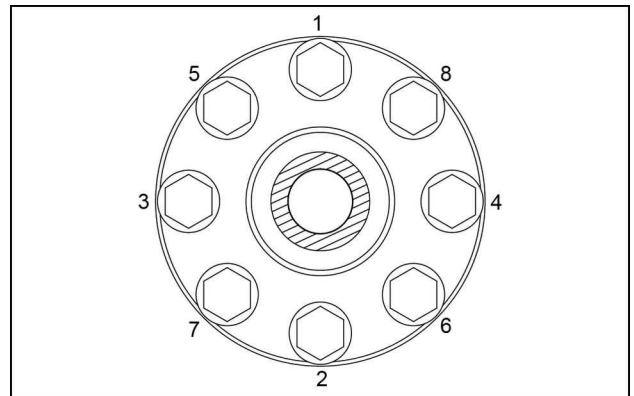
Tighten the six bolts to a torque of **85 – 94 N·m (63 – 69 lb ft)**.



LEIL17WHL1383AA 8

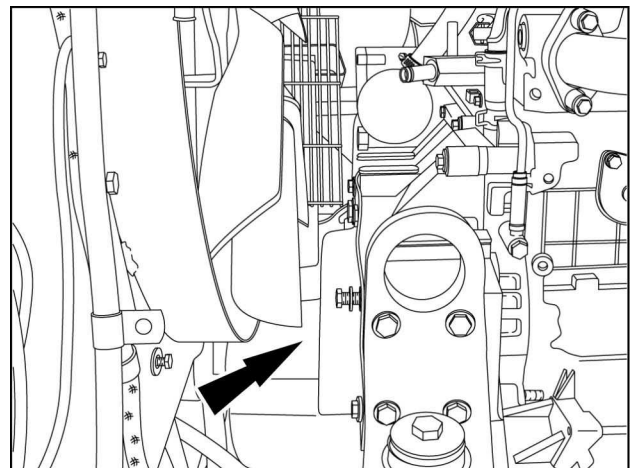
5-speed transmission

Tighten the eight bolts to a torque of **130 – 140 N·m (96 – 103 lb ft)**.



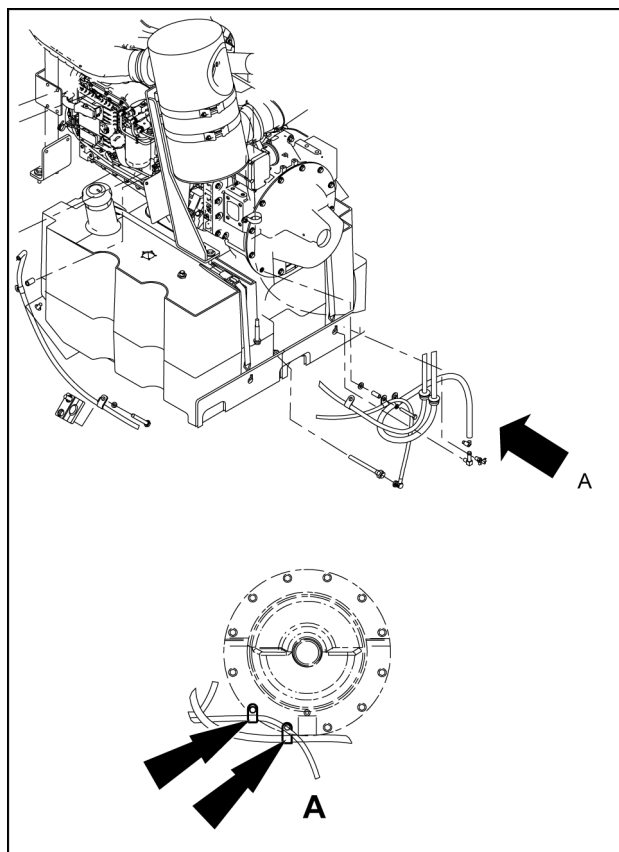
LEIL17WHL1382AA 9

9. Install the upper and the lower drive shaft dust covers.
Tighten to **20 – 27 N·m (15 – 20 lb ft)**.



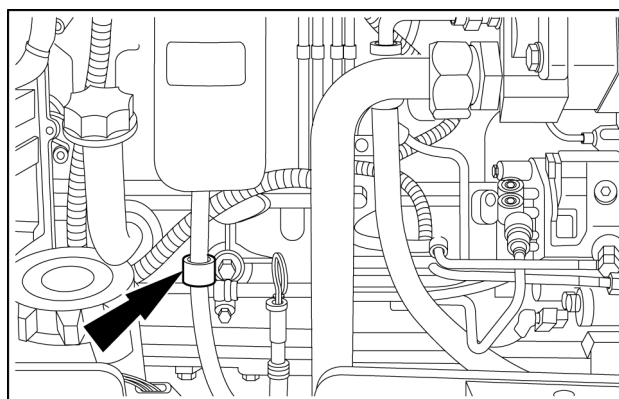
RAPH12WEL0079AA 10

10. Attach P-clamp, securing fuel lines.



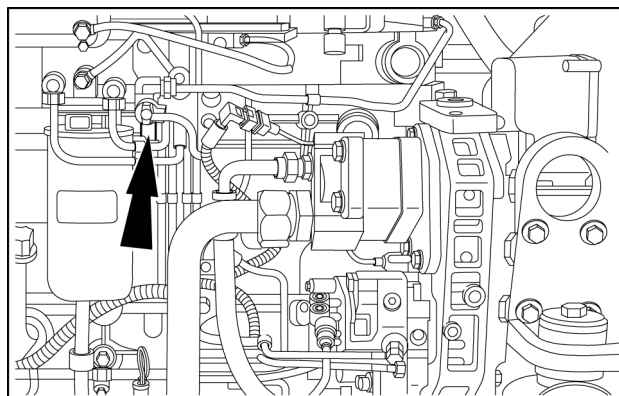
LEIL15WHL0012BB 11

11. Install bolt and clamp for fuel return hose.



LEIL13WHL0177AB 12

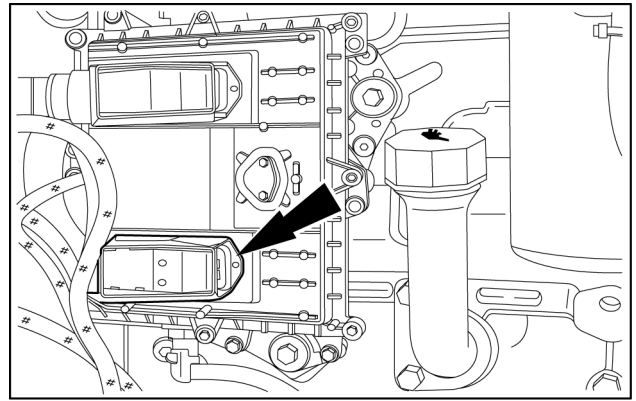
12. Remove the cap from the fitting. Remove the plug from the hose. Connect fuel line to the top of the primary fuel filter.



LEIL13WHL0176AB 13

13. Connect wiring harness to ECU controller.

NOTE: start the connector on the ECU with lever straight out from ECU. Use lever to pull connector into position.



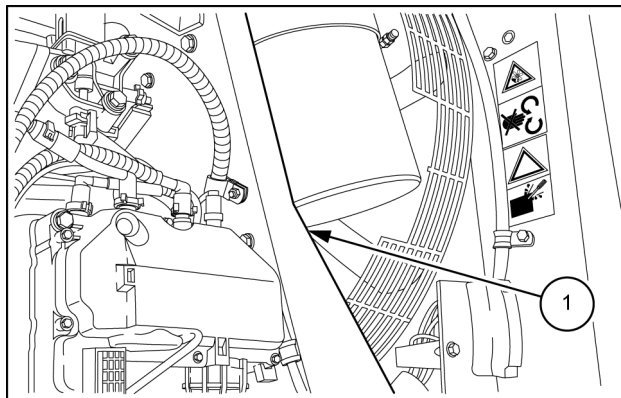
LEIL13WHL0175AB 14

14. Connect a suitable lifting device to the support structure (1) of the Diesel Oxidation Catalyst (DOC) and carefully lift it (with SCR system components attached). Position the support structure (1) over the chassis of the machine.
Lower the support structure into position on the machine.

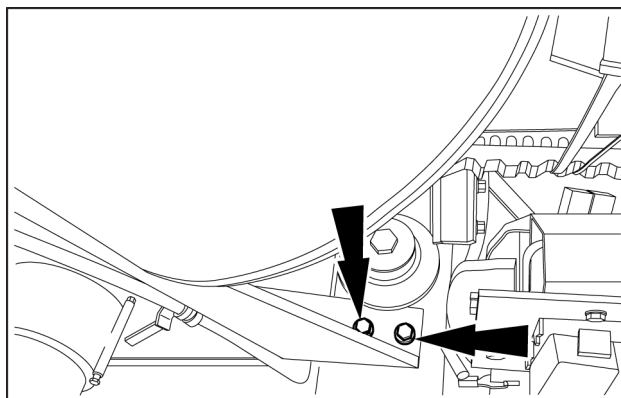
NOTE: be sure all wire harness connections and hoses are out of the way or positioned correctly for reconnecting.

NOTE: emissions sensors mounted in the exhaust stream are sensitive to extreme vibrations. Use of tools that generate extreme vibrations, such as impact wrenches and hammers, will result in damage to emission sensors. Avoid using these tools during any service procedure in close proximity of emission sensors. If the use of these tools cannot be avoided, remove the sensors using extreme caution prior to performing any service procedure.

15. Install the bolts securing the support structure of the Diesel Oxidation Catalyst (DOC). Tighten the bolts to **125.0 – 150.0 N·m (92.2 – 110.6 lb ft)**.
Remove the lifting straps from the support structure of the Diesel Oxidation Catalyst (DOC).



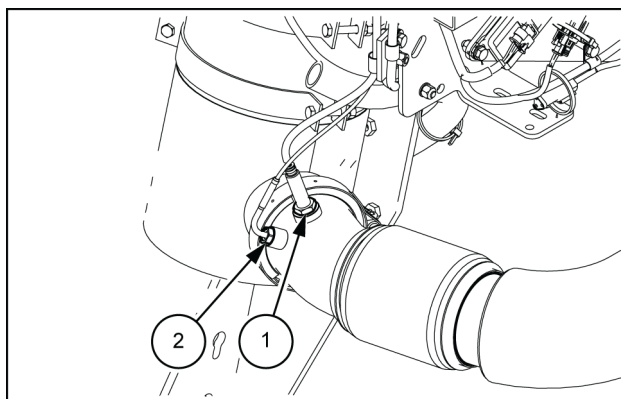
LEIL13WHL0172AB 15



LEIL13WHL0173AB 16

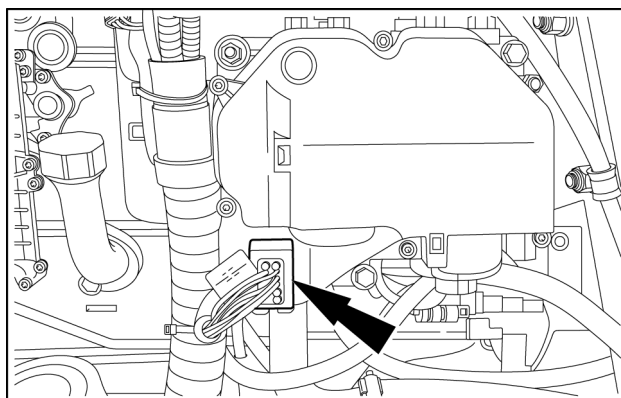
16. Install a new gasket between the pipe and the Diesel Oxidation Catalyst (DOC). Torque the clamp to **11 – 13 N·m (8.1 – 9.6 lb ft)**. Torque the NOx sensor (1) to **40 – 60 N·m (30 – 44 lb ft)**. Torque the temperature sensor (2) to **40 – 50 N·m (30 – 37 lb ft)**.

NOTE: use new clamps each time these connections are taken apart.



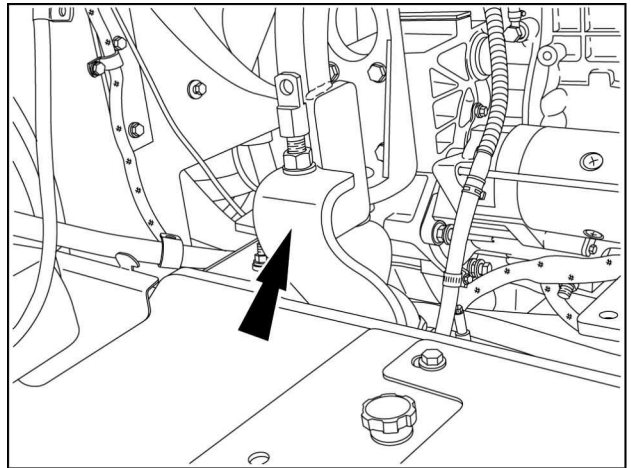
LEIL15WHL0013AB 17

17. Connect the main connector of the supply module.



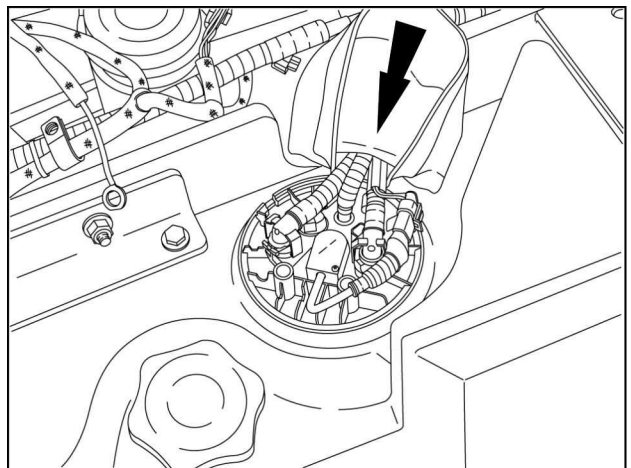
LEIL13WHL0171AB 18

18. Install the support bracket of the hood lift cylinder.
Tighten the bolts to **310 – 380 N·m (229 – 280 lb ft)**.



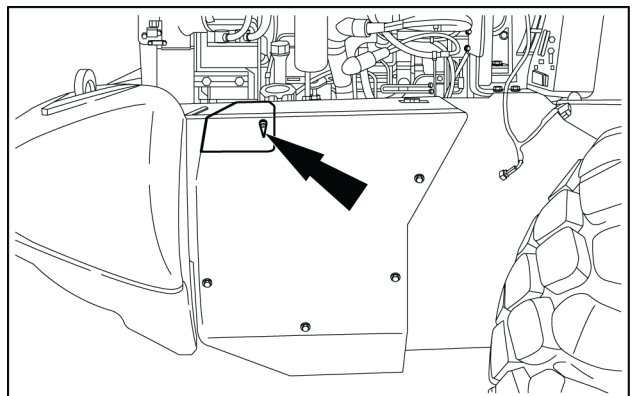
RAPH12WEL0071AA 19

19. Remove the caps and the plugs from lines and tag from wire harness. Connect wire harness and **DEF/AdBLUE®** supply and return lines to the **DEF/AdBLUE®** storage tank.



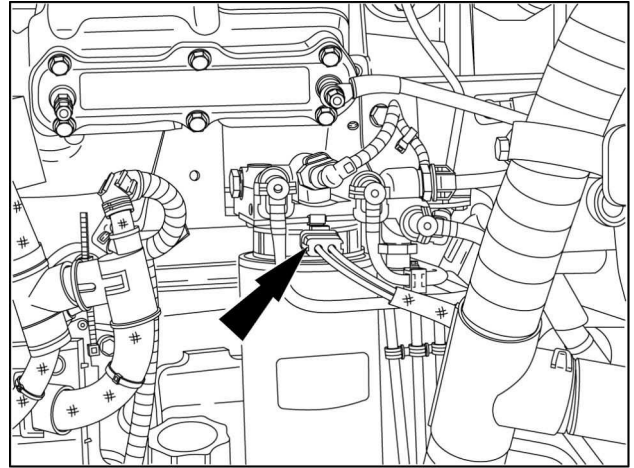
RAPH12WEL0070AA 20

20. Install the **DEF/AdBLUE®** storage tank cover.



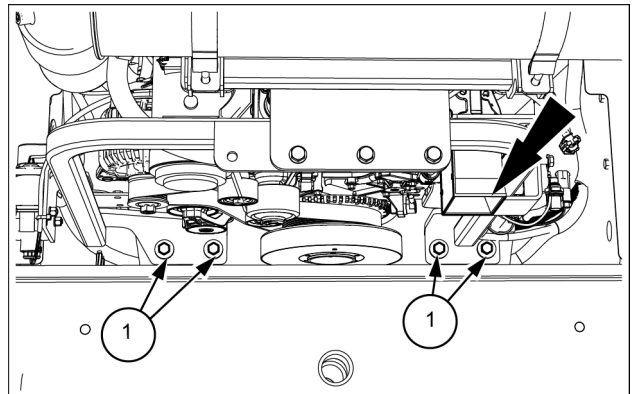
LEIL13WHL0170AB 21

21. Connect the wire harness to the primary fuel filter.



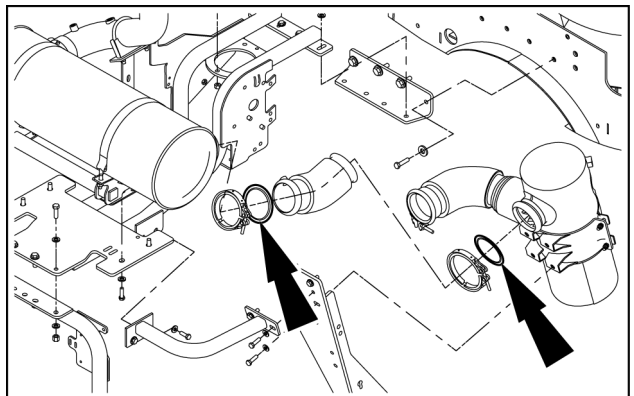
RAPH12WEL0068AA 22

22. Connect a suitable lifting device to the rear structure of the Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) muffler. Connect wire harness of the buzzer. Install the bolts (1) securing the rear support structure of the SCR muffler.



LEIL16WHL1878AB 23

23. Install a new gasket on the Diesel Oxidation Catalyst (DOC) outlet.



LEIL15WHL0014AB 24

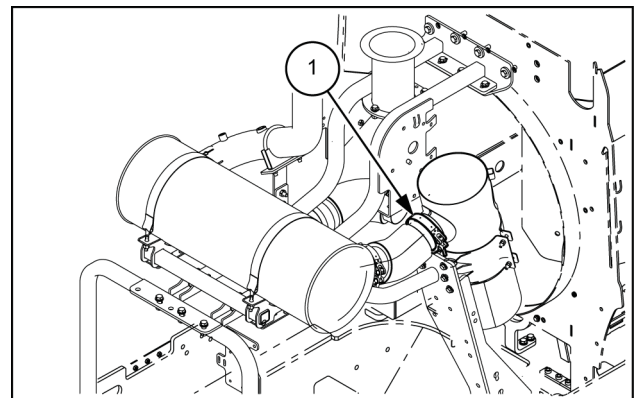
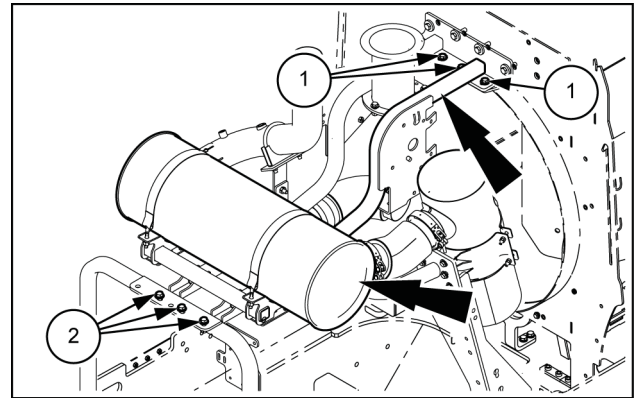
24. Connect a suitable lifting device to the support structure of the SCR muffler and carefully lift it. Position the support structure over the engine and lower the SCR muffler into position on the machine. Install the bolts securing the Clean Up Catalyst (CUC) support structure at the front (1) and rear (2) part of the structure.

NOTE: it may be necessary to loosen the SCR securing straps or the bolts at the base of the DOC support brackets to align the SCR muffler and the DOC connection correctly.

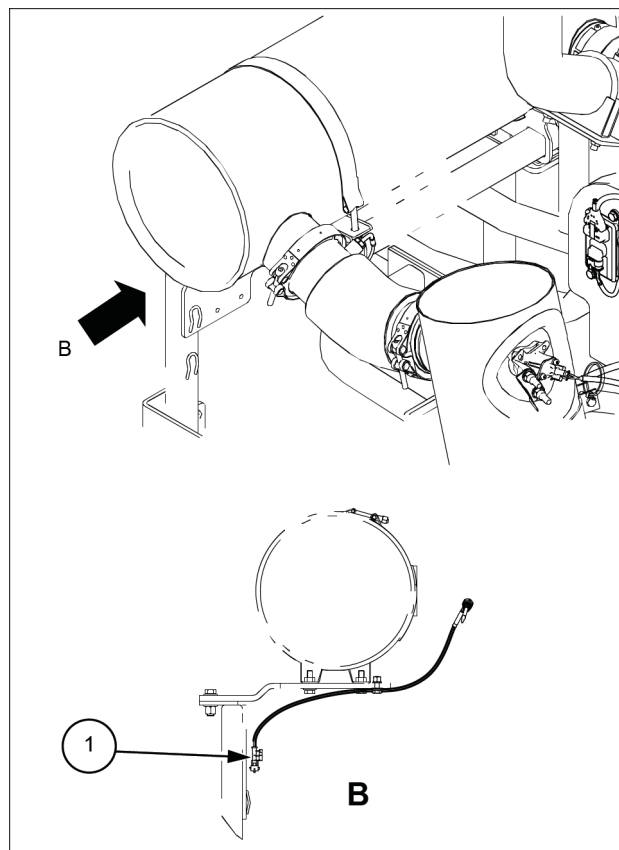
NOTE: be sure all wire harness connections and hoses are out of the way or positioned correctly for reconnecting.

NOTE: emissions sensors mounted in the exhaust stream are sensitive to extreme vibrations. Use of tools that generate extreme vibrations, such as impact wrenches and hammers, will result in damage to emission sensors. Avoid using these tools during any service procedure in close proximity of emission sensors. If the use of these tools cannot be avoided, remove the sensors using extreme caution prior to performing any service procedure.

25. Secure the clamp (1) on the Diesel Oxidation Catalyst (DOC).
Tighten the clamp (1) to 11 – 13 N·m (8.1 – 9.6 lb ft)

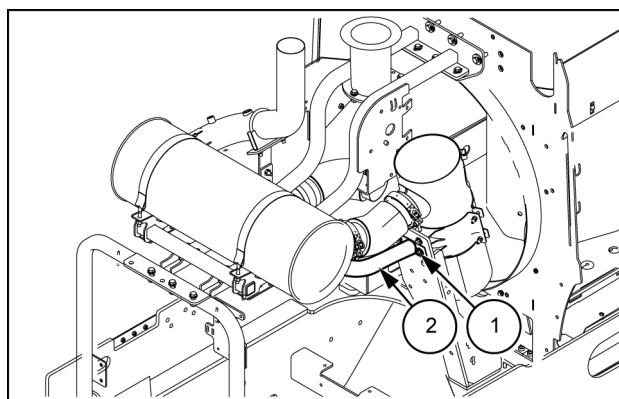


26. Connect the wire harness to the temperature sensor **(1)** to the SCR muffler and fix the connector wire with the clamps.



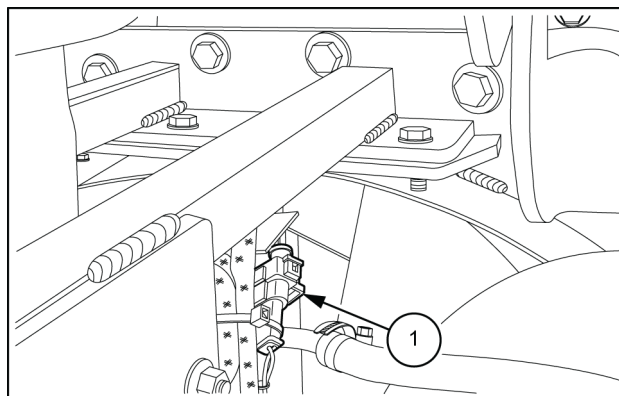
LEIL14WHL0411BB 27

27. Install the bar **(2)** and tighten the four screws **(1)**.



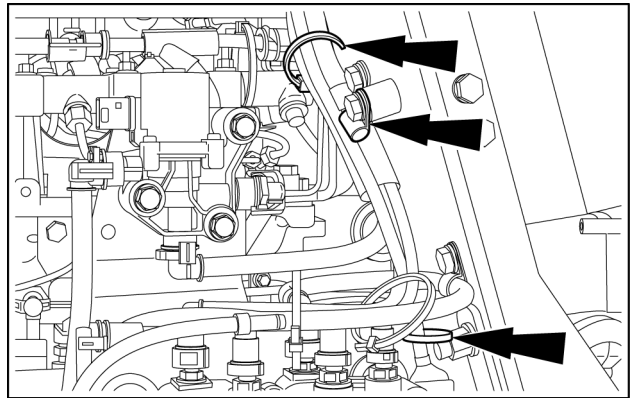
LEIL14WHL0408AB 28

28. Connect the wire harness **(1)** and remove the tag.



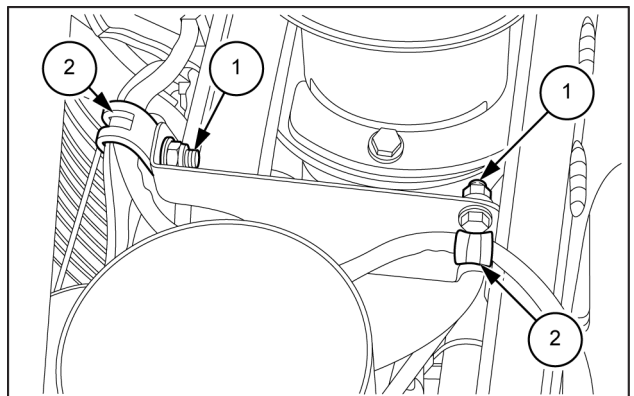
LEIL13WHL0167AB 29

29. Install the P-clamp and the cable ties to connect the end of the jumper harness (near the supply module) to the DOC support.



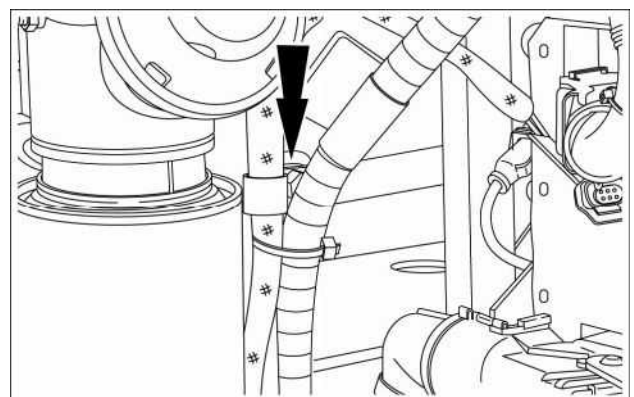
LEIL15WHL0034AB 30

30. Secure the NOx sensor wire harness with the clamps (2) to the catalyst mounting support bracket using the hexagonal bolts (1). Secure the wire harness with the wire ties where appropriate.



LEIL13WHL0223AB 31

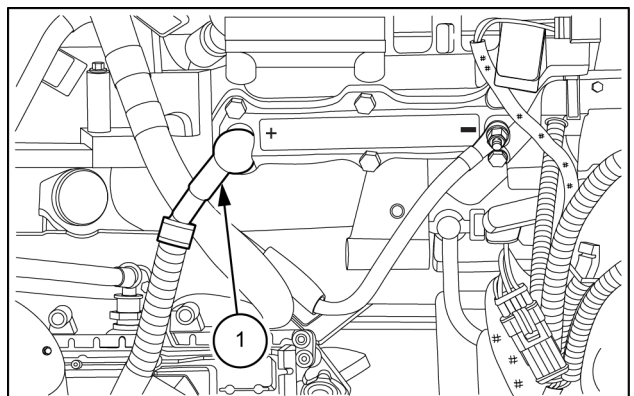
31. Attach wire harness support clamp.



LEIL16WHL0490AB 32

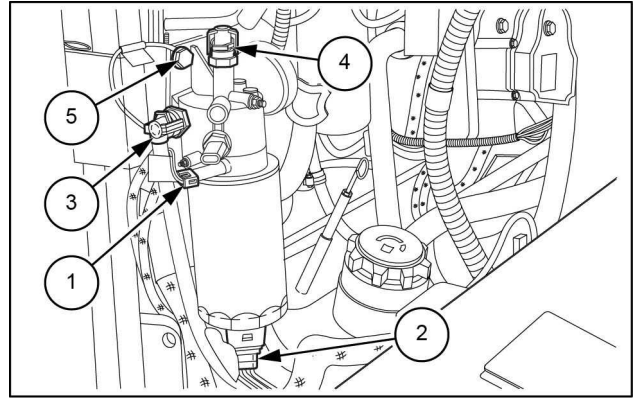
32. Connect the grid heater cable (1)

NOTE: hold the rear nut with a second wrench to prevent grid heater damage.



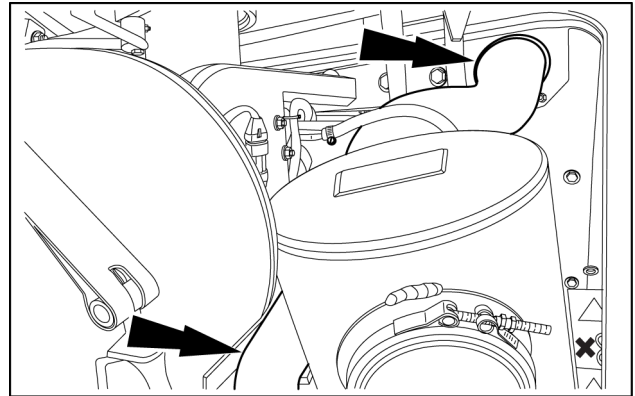
LEIL13WHL0164AB 33

33. Connect the fuel filter heater wire (1) and the water sensor (2). Then remove the plugs and caps and connect the fuel inlet line (3) and fuel outlet line (4) to the fuel filter head. Connect the ground wire and attach the mounting bolt (5) of the fuel filter head.



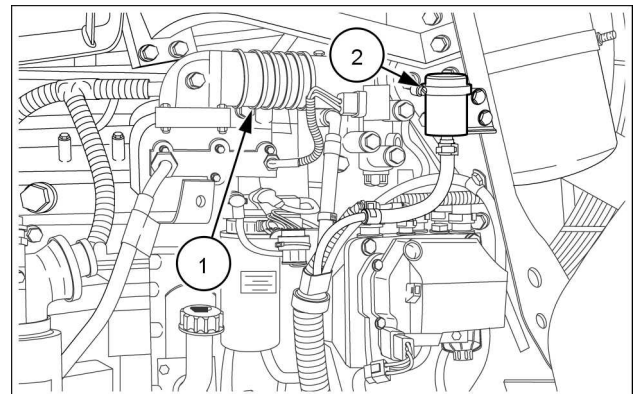
LEIL13WHL0163AB 34

34. Connect the after cooler outlet hose to the after cooler and secure the clamp. Tighten to **10.1 – 11.3 N·m (7.4 – 8.3 lb ft)**.



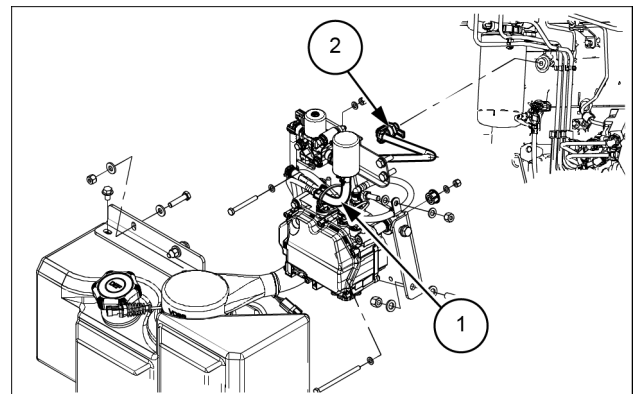
LEIL13WHL0162AB 35

35. Connect the after cooler outlet hose to the intake manifold and secure the clamp (1). Tighten to **10.1 – 11.3 N·m (7.4 – 8.3 lb ft)**. Position the DEF/AdBLUE® tank vent filter and secure it with the clamp (2).



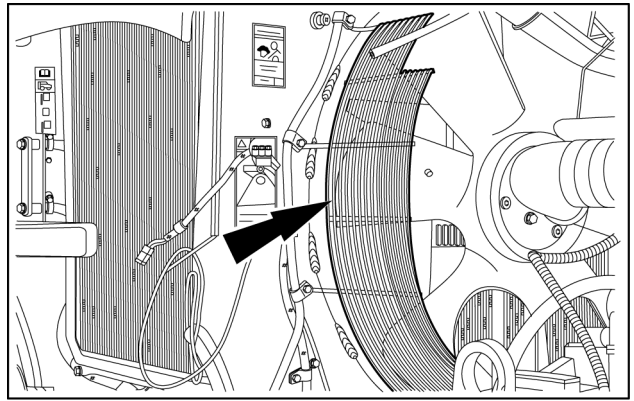
LEIL13WHL0613AA 36

36. Connect the heater hose (1) and the SCR heater supply line (2) to the engine and secure clamps. Tighten to **10.1 – 11.3 N·m (7.4 – 8.3 lb ft)**.



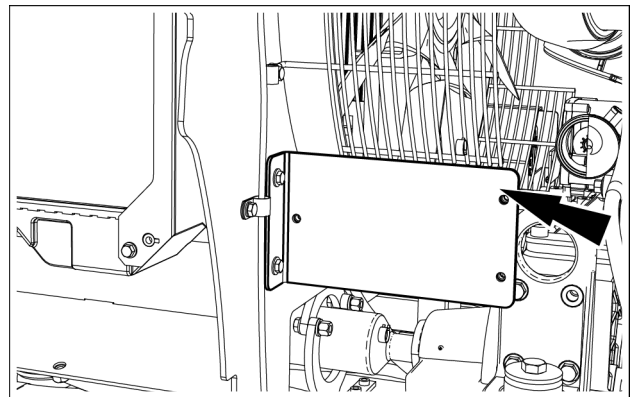
LEIL15WHL0040AB 37

37. Install the cooling fan guard.



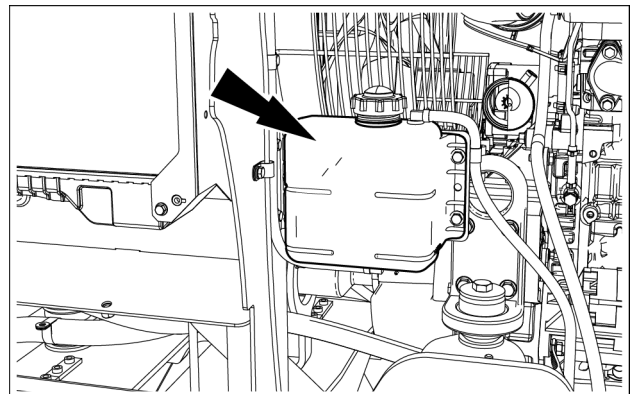
LEIL13WHL0160AB 38

38. Install the support bracket of the engine coolant overflow tank.



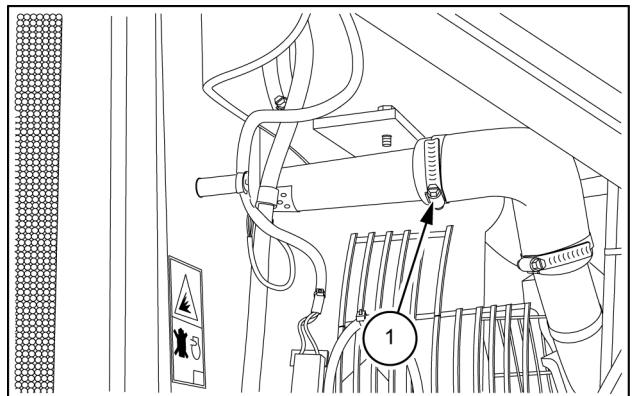
LEIL16WHL0575AB 39

39. Install the overflow tank of the engine coolant.



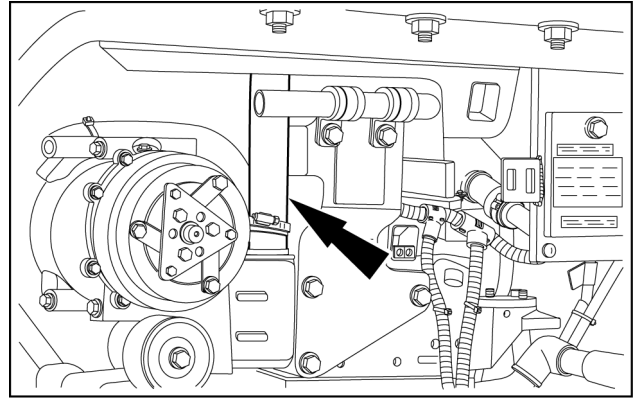
LEIL16WHL0574AB 40

40. Connect the radiator hose (1) and the engine coolant vent hose to the top of the radiator. Tighten the clamp to $10.1 - 11.3 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$ ($7.4 - 8.3 \text{ lb ft}$).



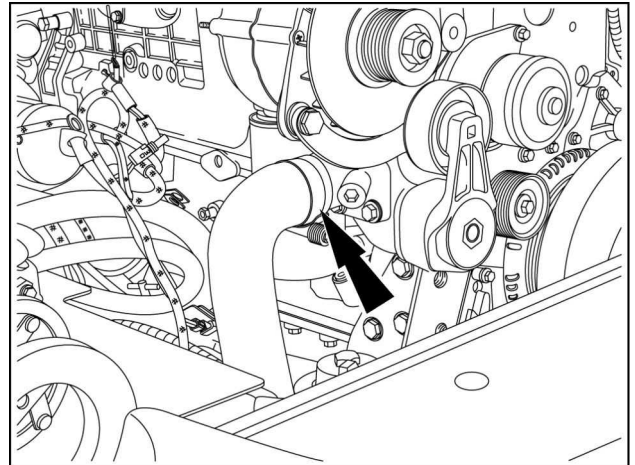
LEIL13WHL0141AB 41

41. Connect the radiator hose to the engine. Tighten the clamp to **10.1 – 11.3 N·m (7.4 – 8.3 lb ft)**.



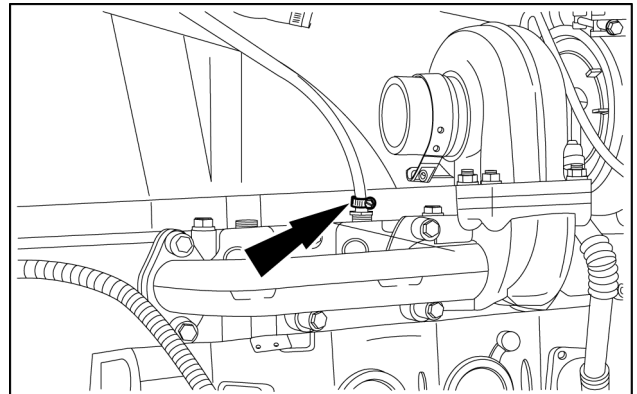
LEIL13WHL0159AB 42

42. Connect the lower coolant hose to the engine and tighten the clamps. Tighten the clamp to **10.1 – 11.3 N·m (7.4 – 8.3 lb ft)**.



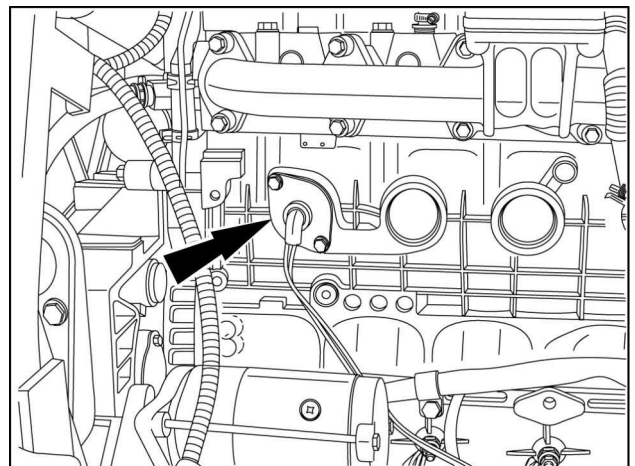
RAPH12WEL0629AA 43

43. Connect the engine coolant vent hose to the engine and secure the clamp. Tighten the clamp to **3.4 N·m (2.5 lb ft)**.



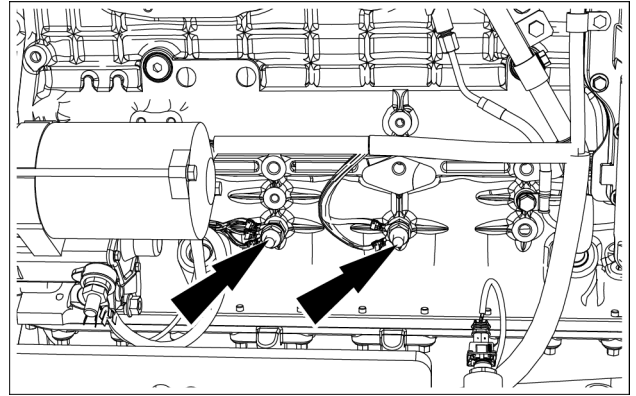
LEIL13WHL0158AB 44

44. Connect the engine block heater if machine is so equipped.



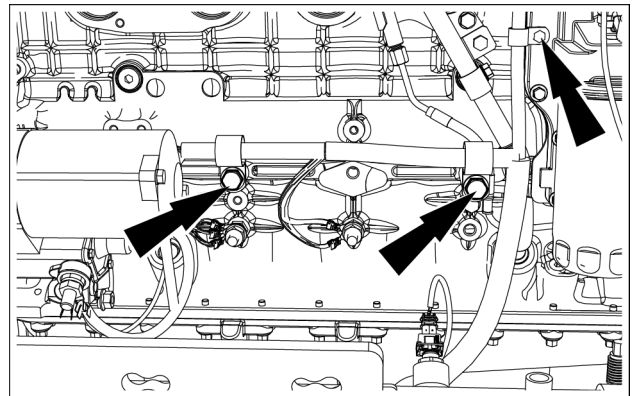
RAPH12WEL0626AA 45

45. Connect ground wires to the engine.



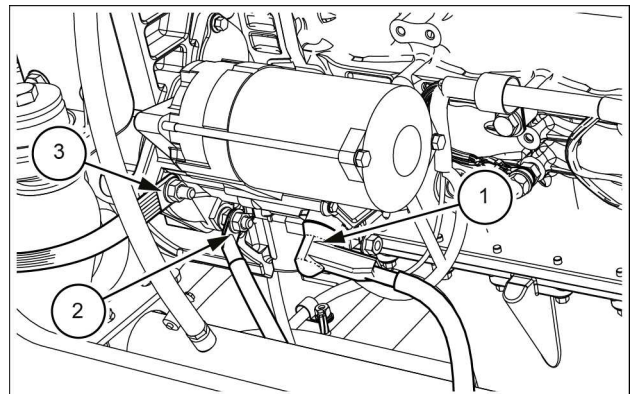
LEIL16WHL0572AB 46

46. Install the bolts securing wiring harness clamps to the engine.



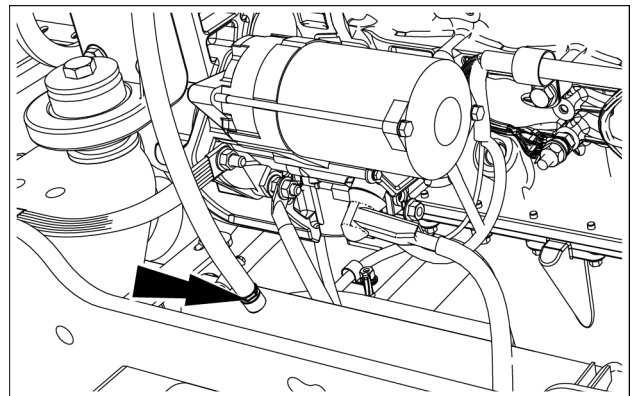
LEIL16WHL0570AB 47

47. Connect the wires to the starter solenoid (1), connect the ground cable (2) and ground strap (3) to the starter.
Tighten to **22.5 – 29.4 N·m (16.6 – 21.7 lb ft)**.



LEIL16WHL0569AB 48

48. Connect the coolant return line of the SCR and secure with clamp. Tighten to **3.4 N·m (2.5 lb ft)**.



LEIL16WHL0568AB 49

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