

Serve with whole heart

Satisfaction accompanies the whole way

Maintenance manual
Model CYQD32 Series Diesel Engine

Dongfeng Chaoyang Diesel engine Co. LTD.

Foreword

CYQD 32 series diesel engine is a product with international advanced level. The technology was introduced from Nissan Diesel Engine Automobile Individual Plant by our Company. It can equip with 1-2 tons light-duty truck, light-duty bus, pick-up, jeep, army vehicle, cross-country vehicle and business vehicle and ect.

According to the performance, at present CYQD32 series diesel engine mainly includes CYQD32, CYQD32EGR, CYQD32T, CYQD32Ti four models. And on the base of it, it also has more than ten match deformation, such as QD32-1B 、 QD32EGR-1A 、 QD32T-2A、 QD32Ti-1A.

The series diesel engine serial number, which at the front of “__”, expresses essential configuration and performance, which at the back of “__” expresses equipping deformation.

In order to make diesel engine often keep good technology state, and convenient for customer's maintenance and repairing. So we wrote the manual especially.

Because the series diesel engine is with advanced “general-purpose, series, and standard” level, the manual can be applied for the serial all the models.

The data and explanation which the manual supplied depending on the existing the products. With the technology developing and

according to the customer's requirement, the configuration will continue to perfect. So some contents may be unconformity future productions, and please customers notice and take care of the new manual publishing.

Catalogue

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3. Inlet preheating system

4. EGR system (CYQD32EGR)

5. Turbocharger charger (CYQD32T、CYQD32Ti)

1. The main technical parameter and specification of diesel engine

Model item	CYQD32	CYQD32EGR	CYQD32T	CYQD32Ti
Diesel engine type	Vertical, in-line, water-cool, four-strokes			
Cylinder No. — bore x stroke	4 --99.2x102			
Displacement (L)	3.153			
Compression ratio	22: 1			
Cylinder bush	NO			
Firing order	1—3—4—2			
Inlet and exhaust valves clearance	0.35			
Valve timing (according to the crankshaft angle)				
Intake valve opening (before T.D.C)	16°	16°	19°	19°
Intake valve closing (after B.D.C)	52°	52°	43°	43°
Exhaust valve opening (before B.D.C)	66°	66°	60°	60°
Exhaust valve closing (after T.D.C)	12°	12°	8°	8°
Injection type	VE distribution pump			
Injector type	Single hole axial needle, injection hole diameter 1mm			
Injector opening pressure	9800			
Lubrication method	Forced and splash			
Oil pump type	Gear type (driven by camshaft)			
Idling oil pressure(kPa)	98			
Oil filter	Spiral			
Oil cooler	Water cooling, plate case			
Lubrication oil capacity (L)	7L (including oil filter)			
Water pump type	Vane centrifugal			
Thermostat	Wax type opening at 76.5℃			
Air filter	Cyclone dust collecting paper type			
Starter	Electric control 12V、 2.8Kw			
Generator	12V、 60A			

1. The main performance and outside size of diesel engine

Model		CYQD32	CYQD32EGR	CYQD32T	CYQD32Ti
Item					
Rated power (kW)		75.8	75.8	80.9	96
Rated speed (r/min)		3600	3600	3600	3600
Max torque (N · m)		216	216	221	280
Max torque speed (r/min)		2200	2200	2000	2000
Max. idling steady speed (r/min)		4700 ± 100			
Min. idling steady speed (r/min)		700 ± 50、850 ± 50 (when the air conditioner opened)			
Outside size	Length (mm)	721	721	721	721
	Width (mm)	597	597	701	701
	Height (mm)	677	677	715	665

3、Idication symbol and meaning



disassembly



watching, checking



installing



measurement



disassembly



cleaning



reassembly



note



direction



tighten



justification



lubrication with oil



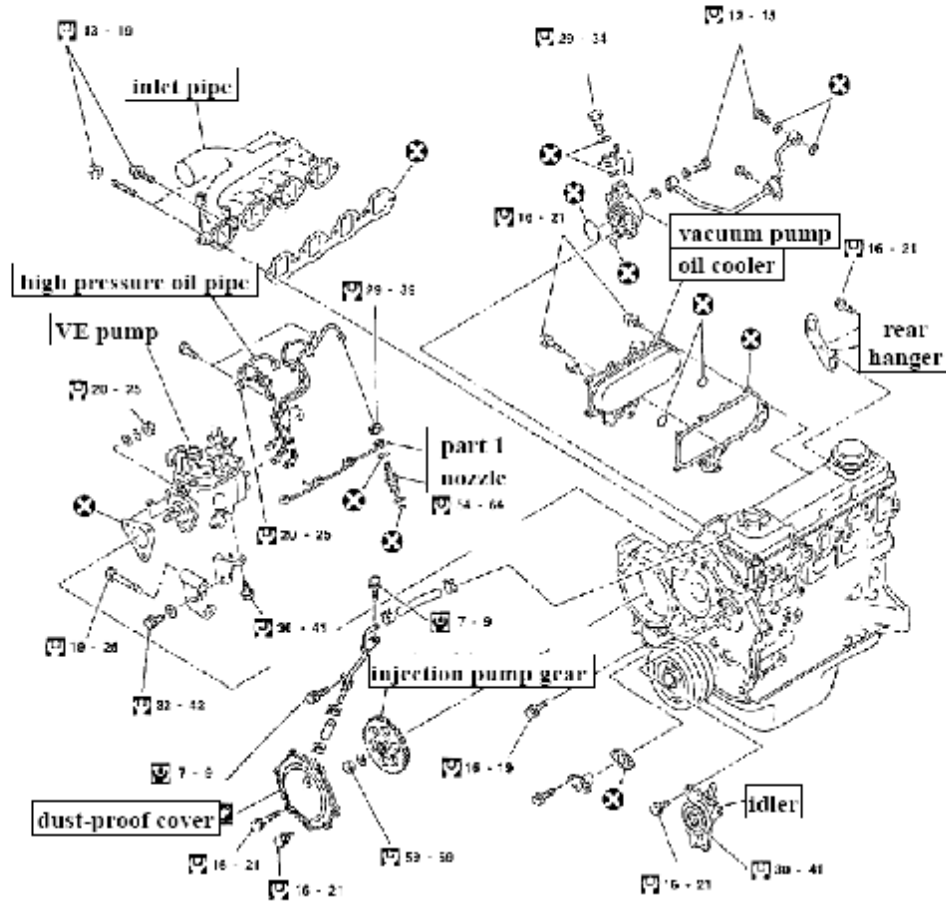
adjusting



lubrication with grease

II. Outside parts disassembly and assembly (1)

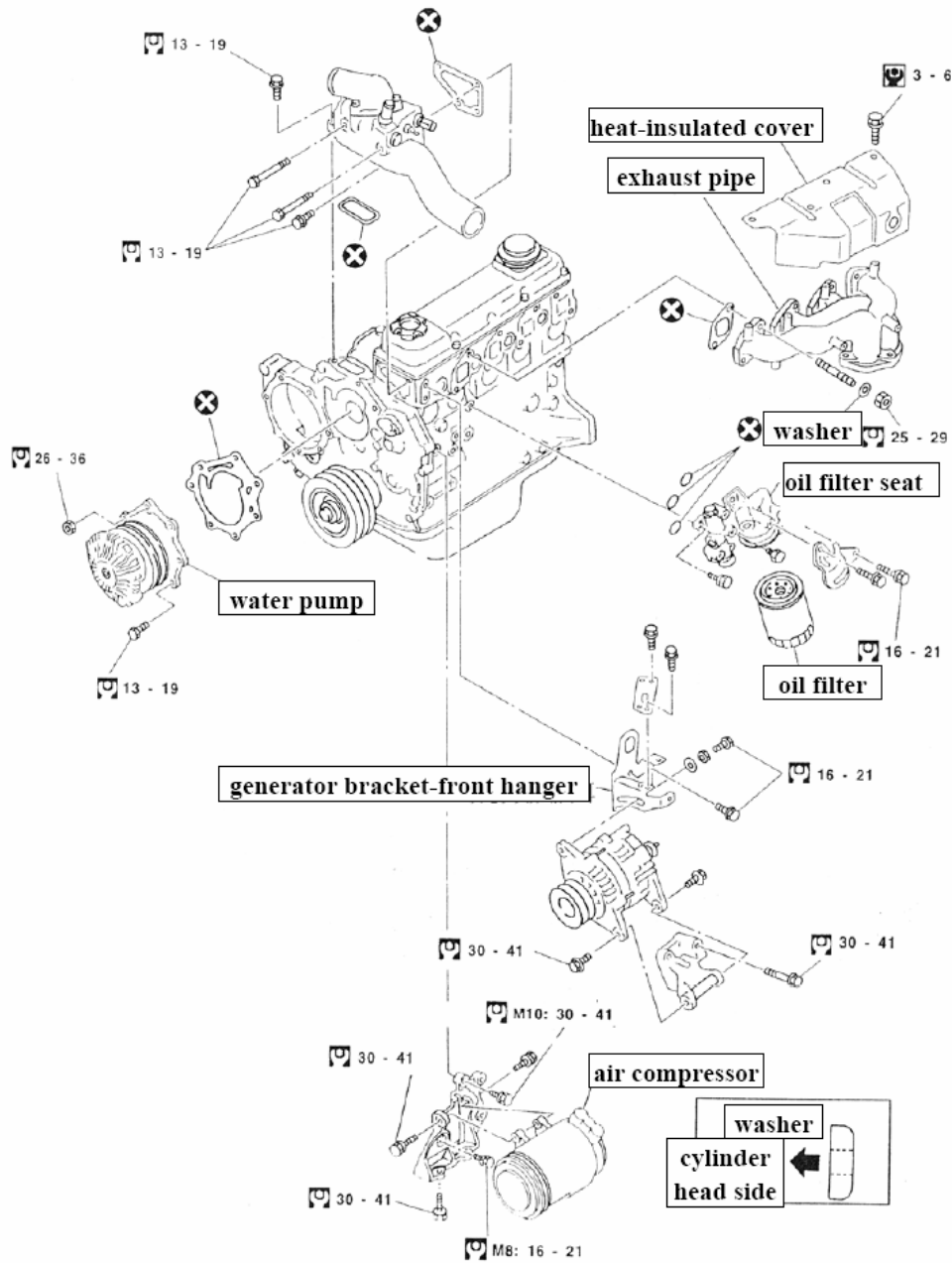
III Outside parts disassembly and assembly (1)

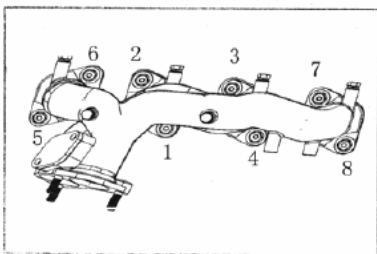
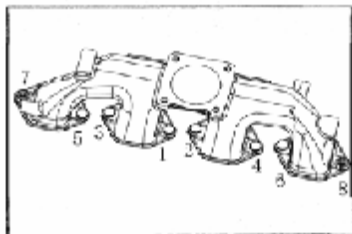
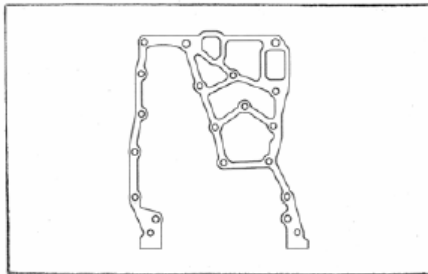


- ⊗ : Seal washer, Seal ring
- ⊞ : Tighten moment (small) N.m
- ⊞ : Tighten moment (big) N.m
- ☑ : To use the sealing glue which recommended

Part 1: Small fuel return pipe

Outside parts disassembly and assembly (2)





1. In principle, assembly order countered with disassembly order, in other words, first disassembly last assembly, last disassembly first assembly.

2. Note:

1) Seal gasket and plug

When installing, gear chamber cover, oil sump, high pressure fuel injection pump gear cover must be painted sealing glue, the other parts don't need to be painted sealing glue.

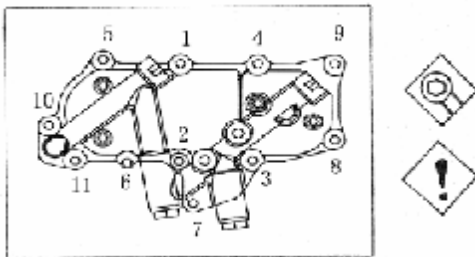
2) Inlet pipe

When assembly inlet pipe, to tighten screw bolt and nut according to the stipulated digital order and required torque.

3) Exhaust pipe

When assembly exhaust pipe, to tighten nut according to the

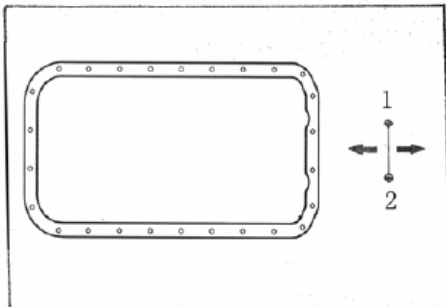
stipulated digital order and required torque.



4) Oil cooler

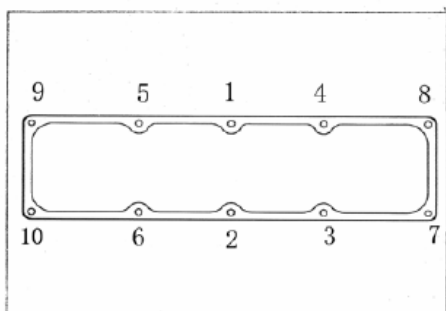
To tighten screw bolt according to the stipulated digital order and required torque.

Note: Different length screw bolts don't make wrong.



5) Oil sump

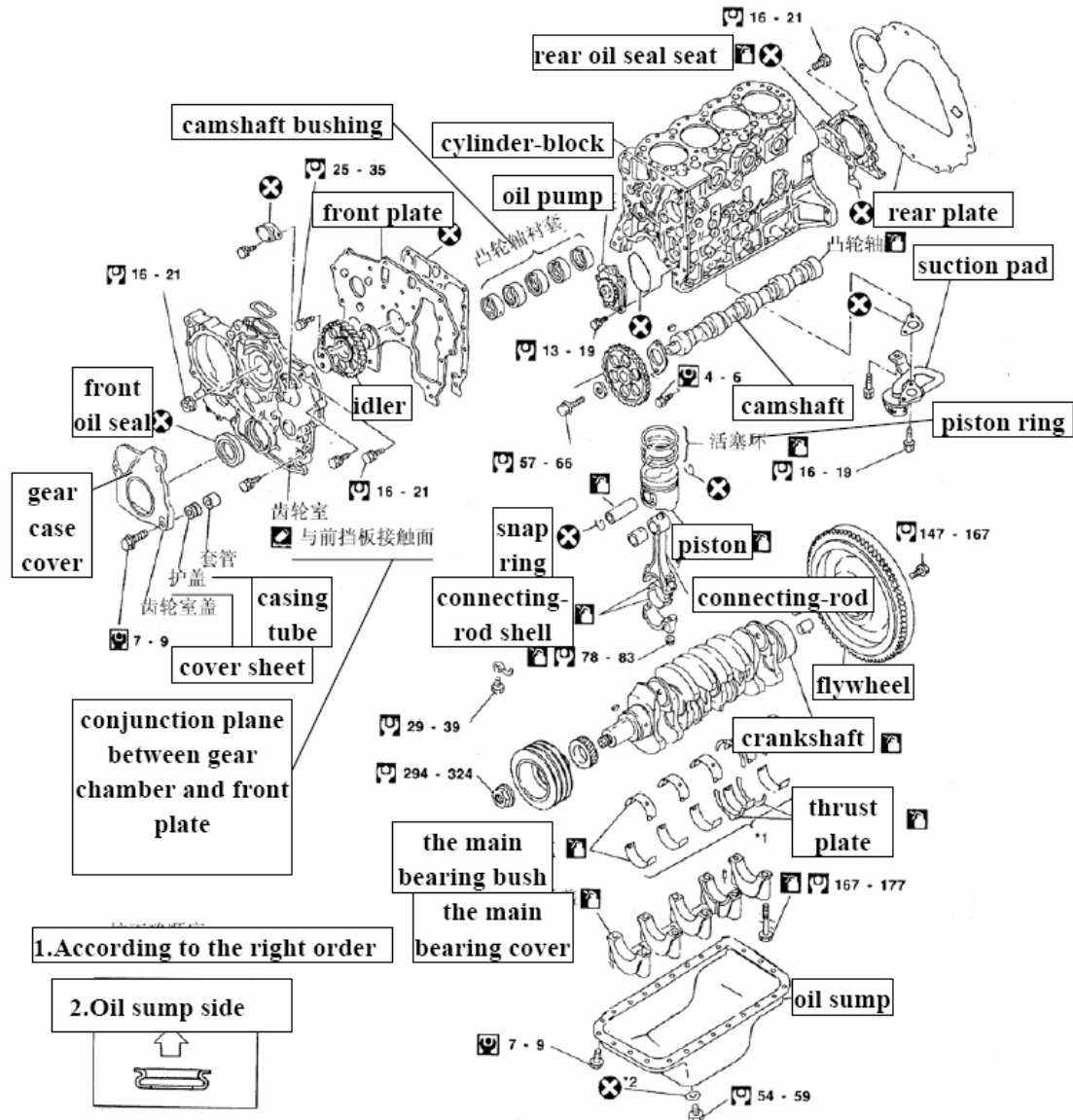
To tighten screw bolt according to the stipulated direction and required torque.



6) Cylinder head cover

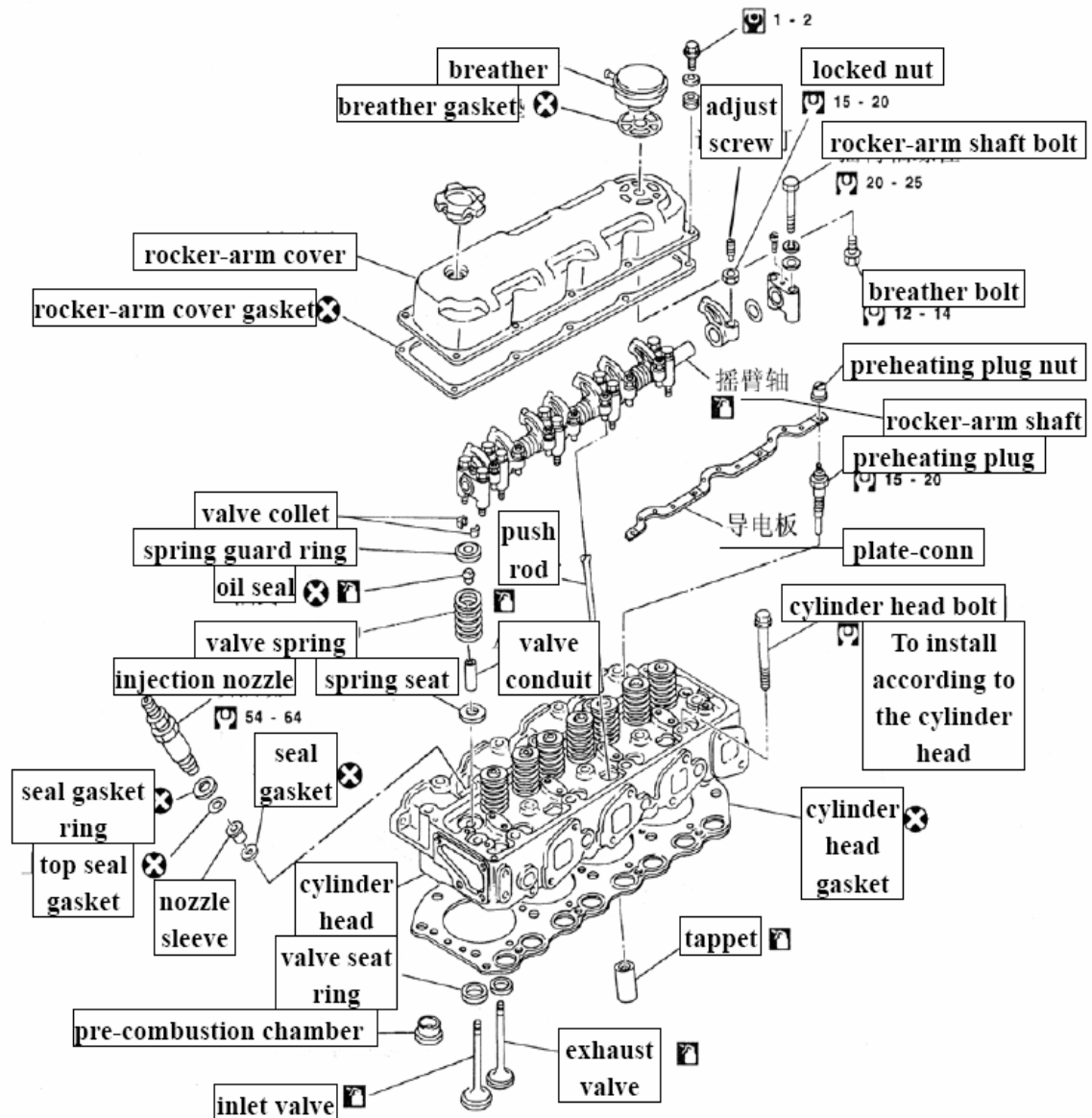
To tighten screw bolt according to stipulated digital order and required torque.

III. Inner parts disassembly and assembly (cylinder -block)

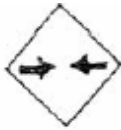


- ⊗ Seal gasket, seal ring
- ⊕ Tightening torque [big] N.m
- ⊖ Tighten torque matrix [small] N.m
- ⊙ To paint oil for lubrication
- ⊠ To use seal glue which recommended.

III. Inner parts disassembly and assembly (cylinder –head)

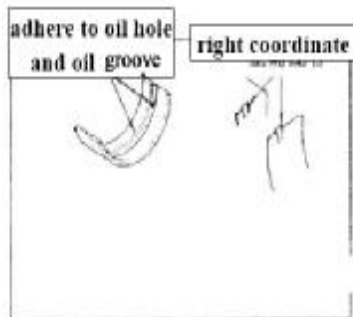


- ⊗ Seal gasket, seal ring
- ⌚ Tightening torque [big] N.m
- ⌚ Tighten torque matrix [small] N.m
- 🔧 To paint oil for lubrication



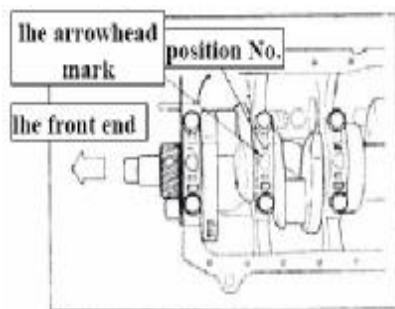
1. In principle, assembly order countered with disassembly order, in other words, first disassembly last assembly, last disassembly first assembly.

2. When assembly, every moving plane of union must add just the right amount grease (oil).



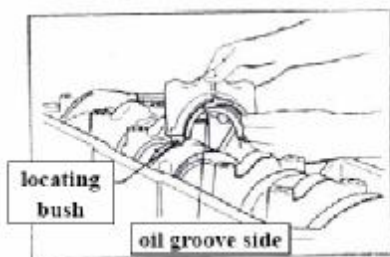
1) The main bearing bush

To make the main bearing bush locating lip insert in the main bearing cover locating groove.



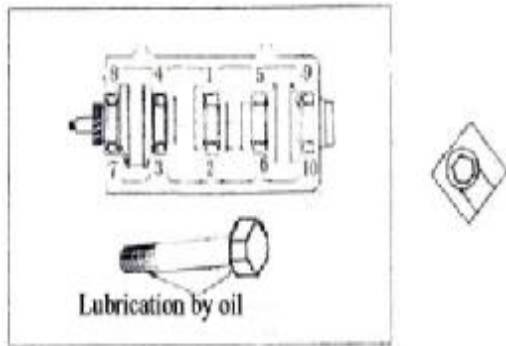
2) The main bearing cover

The arrow of the main bearing cover faced to the front of the engine. The number on the top of arrow is position No., the number on the bottom of arrowhead is batch No. and model.



3) Crankshaft thrust plate

Oil grooves of upper and lower thrust plate faced to the sliding face of crankshaft. The locating convex end of lower thrust plane inserted in the location groove of main bearing cover.



4) The main bearing bolt

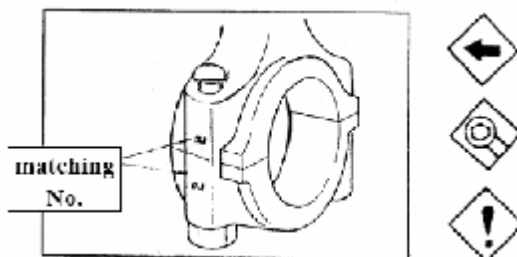
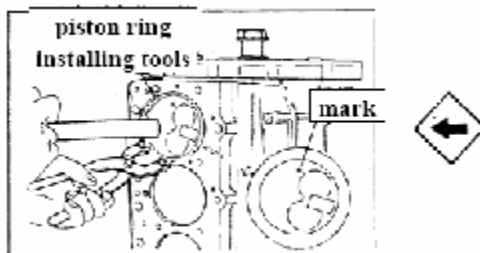
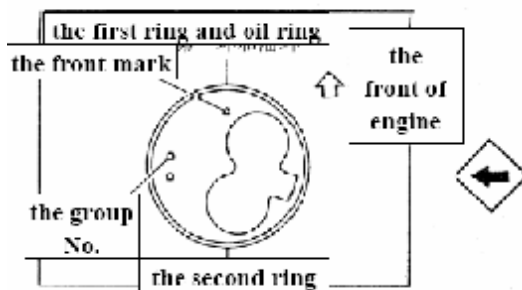
To tighten to required torque by twice according to stipulated digital order.

Torque (N.m)	167-177
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5) Piston connecting –rod group

Piston ring opening lies to the position recommended.

The mark on the piston top faced to the front (or the inlet valve notch deviation the front end.)



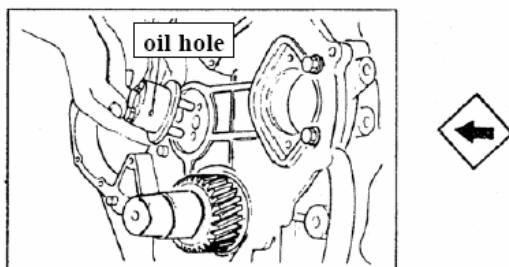
When install piston, to make the ring compress with the special tools.

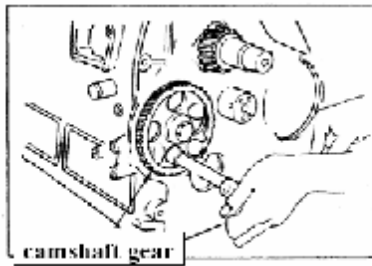
The big end bolt position side of connecting-rod is matching No., the other side is quality group No..

After connecting- rod bolt was painted oil, then assembly.
Torque (N.m) 78—83

6) Idler shaft

Oil hole faced to the top. After inserted in gear and press plate, then make bolt tighten.



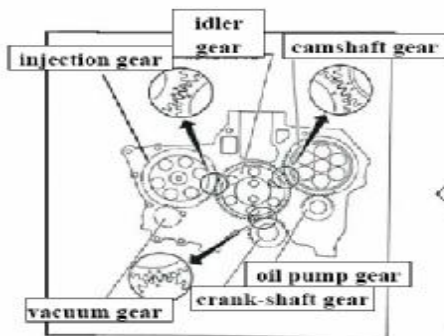


7) Camshaft thrust plate and gear

To tighten thrust plate bolt by the hole of camshaft gear.

After painted oil, to assembly camshaft gear compress bolt.

Torque (N.m)	57—66
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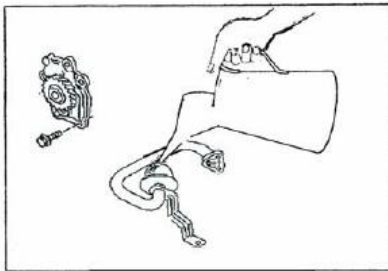
8) Timing mark

To install timing gear according to the timing mark symbol.

Idler press plate chamfer faced to outside.

9) Oil pump

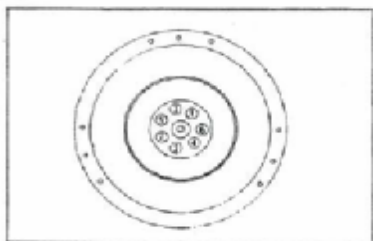
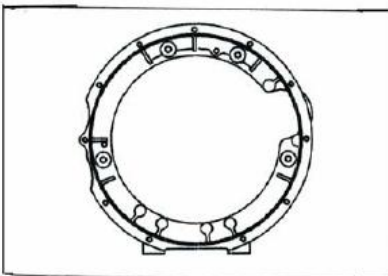
After filling some oil, then assembly. When assembly, to tighten any bolt, we must rotate gear, and don't have inhibition.



10) Flywheel case

After bolt was painted oil, then assemble.

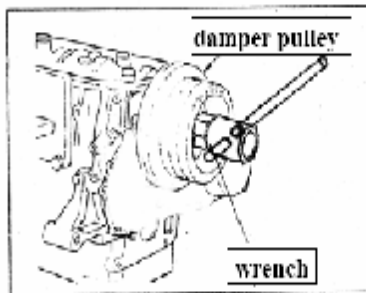
Torque(N.m)	60—70
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11) Flywheel

To make oil pain on thread of the bolt and the head end, then to tighten according to the stipulated digital order and required torque.

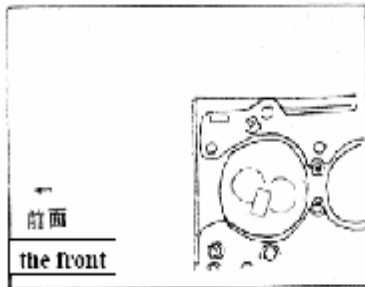
Torque (N.m)	167—186
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12) Start paw

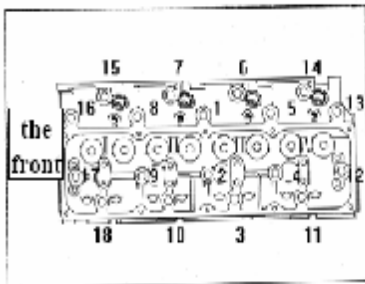
To use oil paint on the thread, then tighten start paw to the stipulated torque with 6102.29.01 start paw wrench and 6102.29.02 wrench lever.

Torque (N.m)	373—402
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13) Cylinder block gasket

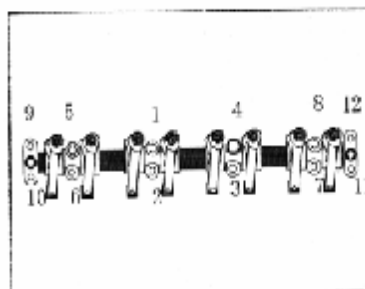
To make cylinder block gasket cylinder hole turned edge side faced to the cylinder block link surface.



14) Cylinder-head

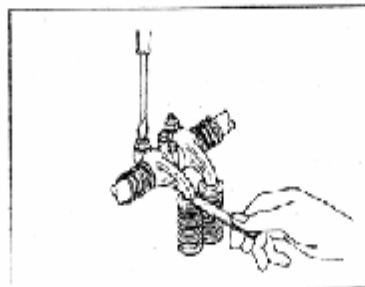
To make oil paint on the thread of the bolt and the head, then tighten by three steps according to the drawing digital order and torque.

Steps	first	second	third
Number	39-44	64-69	90±10
Units	N·m	N·m	Degree



15) Rocker-arm shaft conjunction

To tighten bolt and nut according to the stipulated digital order.



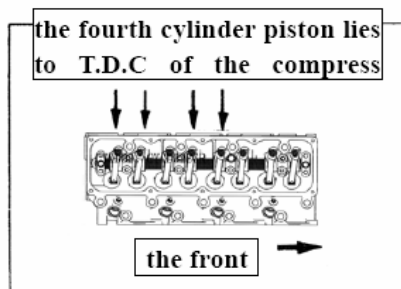
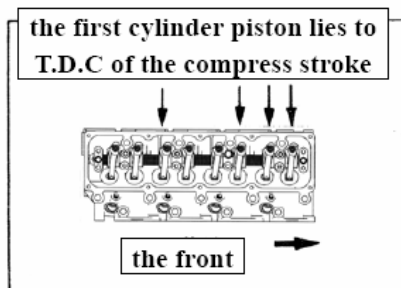
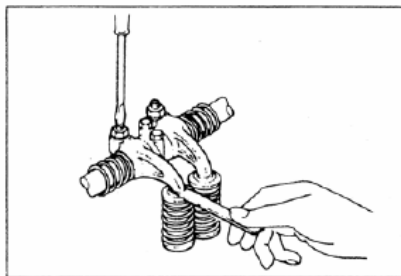
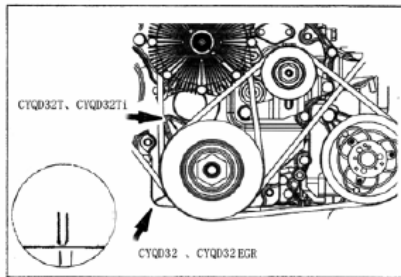
16) Valve clearance

To adjust the valve clearance with QD290.CN 101 valve clearance gauge.

Cooling valve clearance

Inlet, exhaust valve (mm)	0.35
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IV. Diesel engine maintenance, checking and adjusting



1. Valve clearance

To adjust valve clearance with QD290.CN 101 valve clearance gauge according to the following methods:

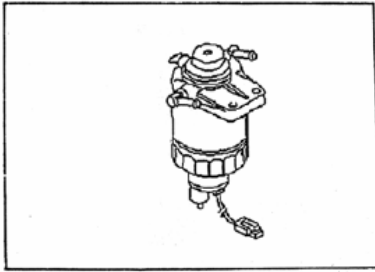
To rotate the crankshaft according to diesel engine rotation direction, make the T.D.C. calibration mark of the crankshaft be justification with timing calibration mark of sound-proof cover (CYQD32, CYQD32 EGR is justification with the bottom calibration mark, and CYQD32T, CYQD32Ti is justification with the top calibration mark), and make 1, 4 cylinder piston lie to T.D.C.. To shake the first cylinder inlet and exhaust valve rocker-arm with hands, if the both exist clearance, it showed the first cylinder piston lies to T.D.C of the compress stroke.

If the rocker-arm have no clearance, so it existed clearance between the fourth inlet valve and exhaust valve rocker-arm, and it showed the fourth cylinder piston lies to T.D.C of the compress stroke.

To finish adjusting all valve clearance by twice.

Cooling valve clearance:

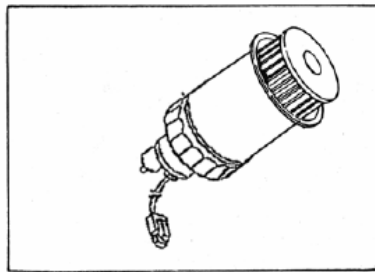
Inlet, exhaust valve (mm)	0.35
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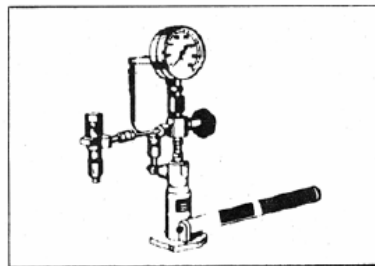
2. Fuel filter

Exhaust ponding

Regularly release lever lower plug of fuel filter and exhaust ponding in filter.



Clean or replace filter element
To disconnecting the filter case, and take out filter element, clean or replace fuel filter element (dismounting see fuel filter resolution and reassembly), if necessary, replace every seal parts.

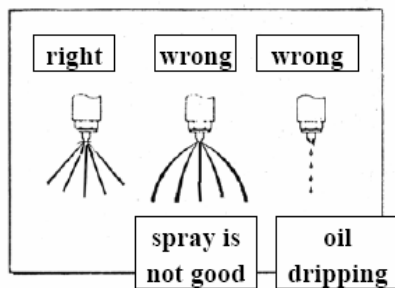


3. Injector

Checking

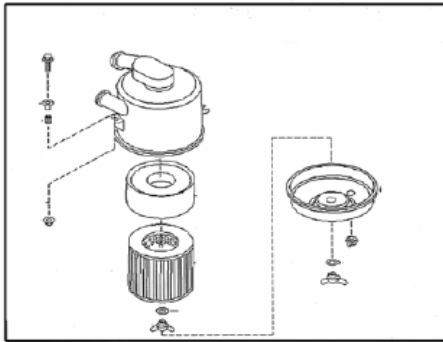
To check injection oil pressure with injector test device.

Standard starting injection pressure (kPa)	9800
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Adjusting

To observe and adjust injection fuel with injector test device.



4. Air filter

To clear out dust deposit.

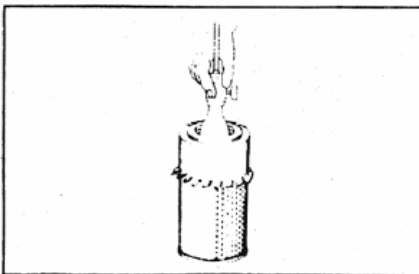
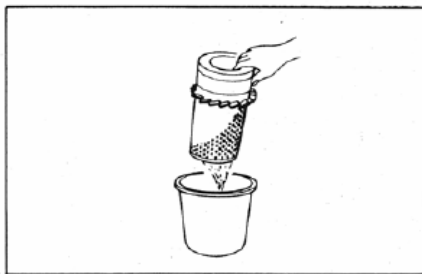
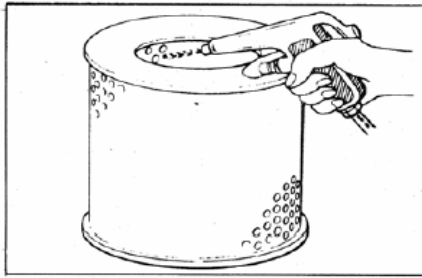
To take off ash pan and clean dust deposit.

Regularly carry out according to the practice.

To clean filter element

When the filter element was stained with dust, we must clean it. First, rotate filter element, in the same time, blow it from inner with compress air. And compress air pressure is not over 700Kpa.

With filter element indicating light, during the indicating light is on, during the indicating light is on, we will carry out. Without filter element indicating light, regularly carry out according to the practice.

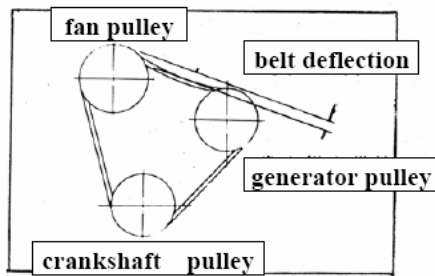


To wash filter element

When the filter element was stained with oil smoking, dilute with water important filter element abstergent detergent, then put filter element into about twenty minutes, then take it out and wash it with water, then blow it dry in the well ventilated air place or with electric fan. It can't be used until it was completely dry.

Checking

To put bulb in the filter element to illuminate, checking if it is damaged.

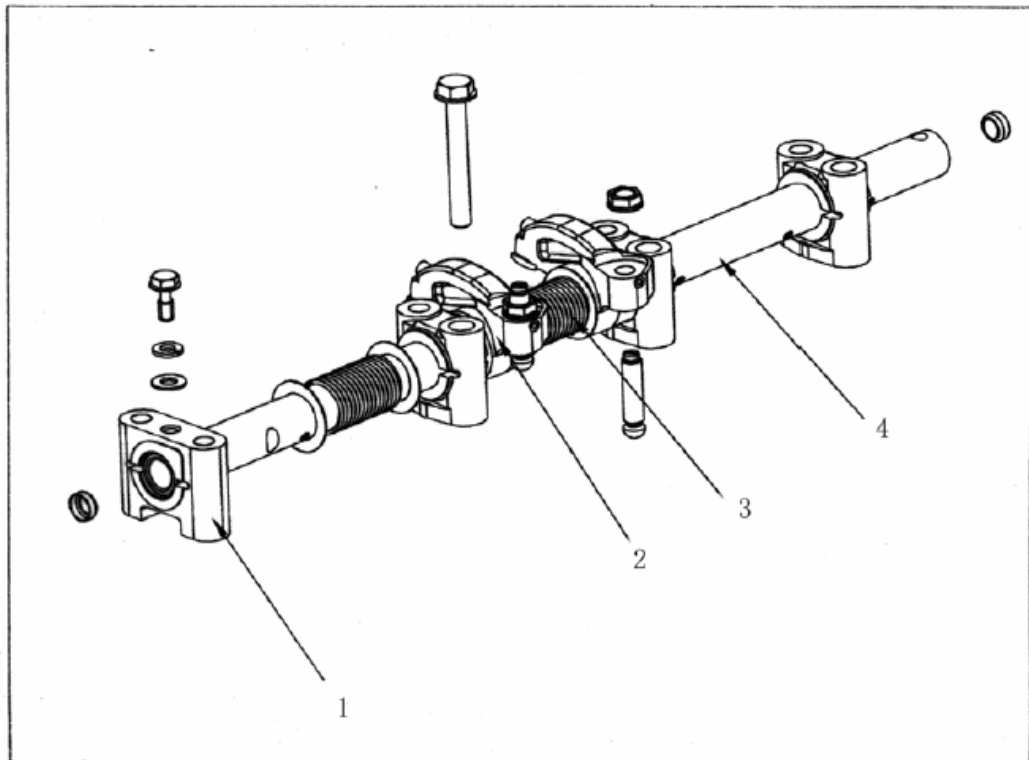


5. Fan (water pump) belt and air compressor belt

To add 39 N strength to the belt (single one), the deflection is 10-15mm.

V. Basic parts disassembly and reassembly

1、Rocker-arm conjunction



- 1、Rocker-arm seat (front and back, middle two kinds six sets).
- 2、Rocker-arm conjunction
- 3、Spring
- 4、Rocker-arm shaft

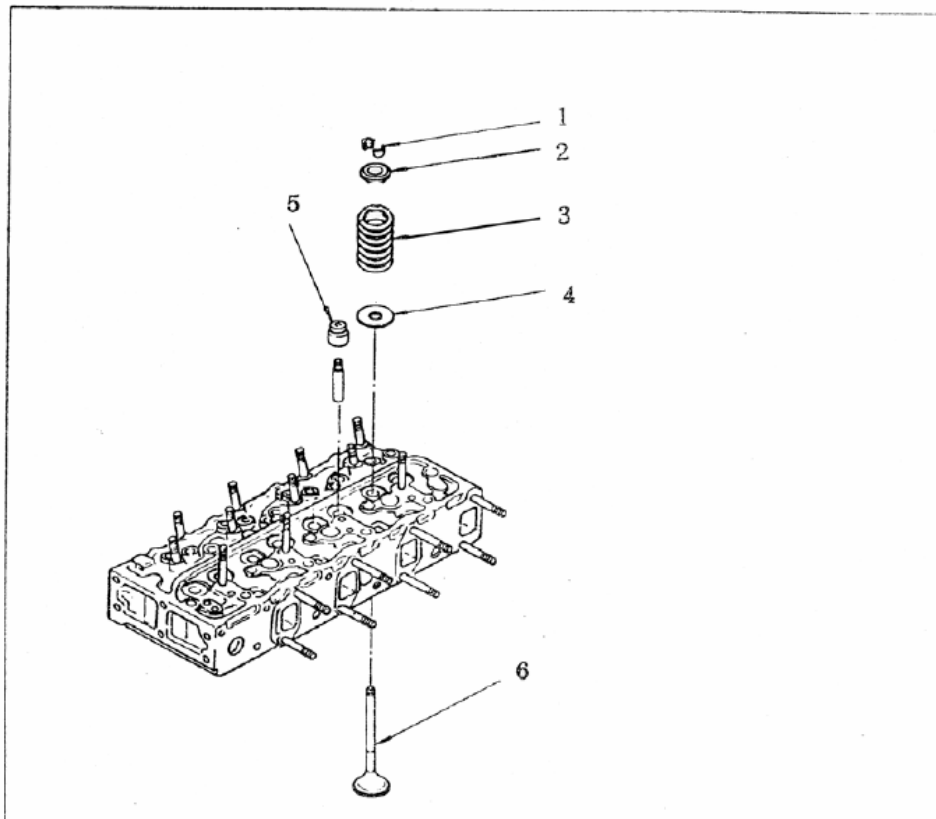


In principle, reassembly order countered with disassembly order.



- 1) Inlet and exhaust valve rocker-arm don't make wrong.
- 2) The middle rocker-arm seat oil hole face to down.

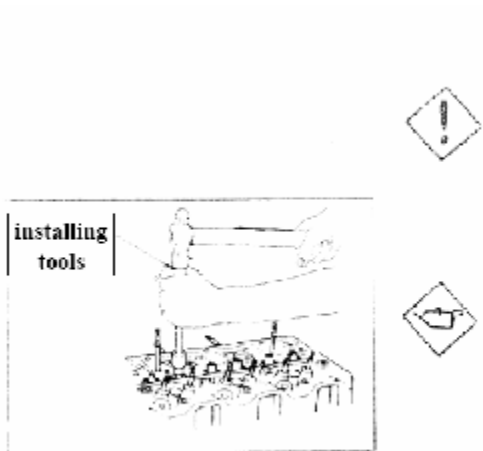
2、Cylinder head and valve all parts



- 1、 Split collets
- 2、 Valve spring seat
- 3、 Valve spring
- 4、 Valve spring washer
- 5、 Valve seal ring
- 6、 Inlet and exhaust valves



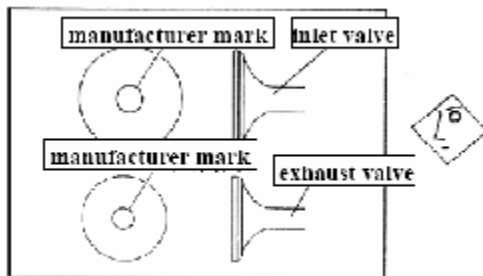
In principle, mounting order countered with disassembly order.



When disassembly and install, please note following:

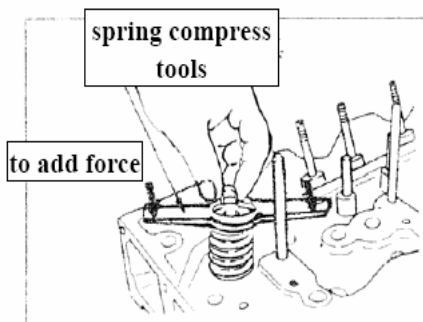
1) Valve seal ring

After lubricating valve seal ring with clean oil, then install it. And install it with special installing tools.



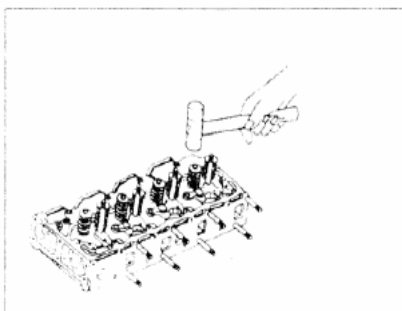
2) Inlet/ exhaust valve

Because the heads of inlet and exhaust valves are different, don't make wrong.



3) Split collets and valve spring seat

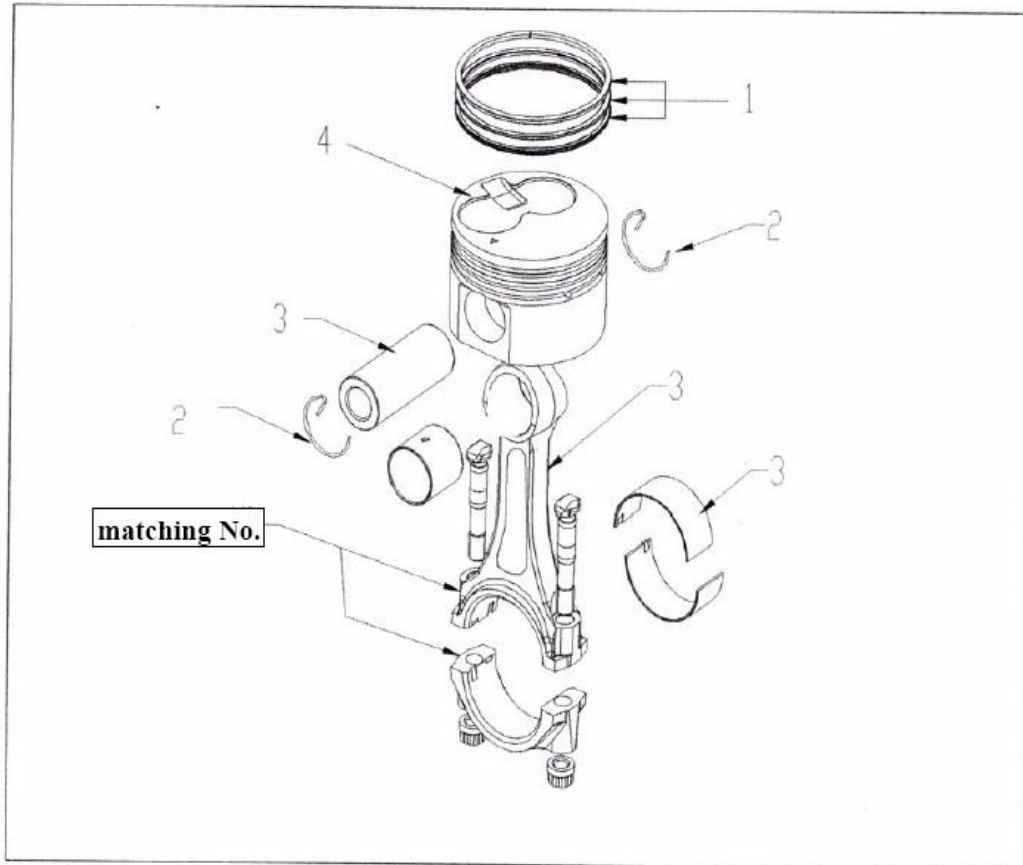
To disassembly and reassembly split collets and valve spring seat with 6102.29.03 disassembly valve tools.



4) After installing split

Collets, to beat valve lever end with plastic hammer softly.

3. Piston connecting-rod assembly

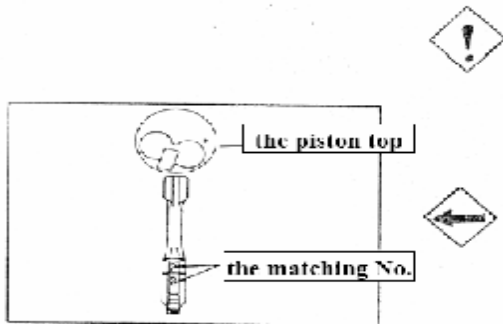


- 1、 Piston ring
- 2、 Check ring
- 3、 Piston pin, connecting-rod (and shell)
- 4、 Piston



In principle, mounting order countered with disassembly order.

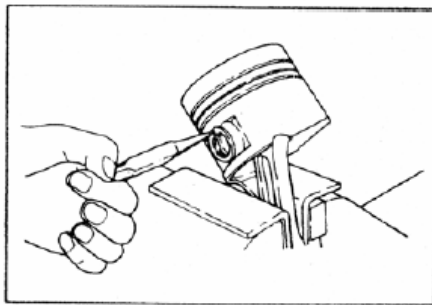
When disassembly and install, please note following:



1) Connecting-rod

When assembly, matching No. on connecting-rod body and cover must be at the same side.

Note: The piston top  is the same direction with the convex words on connecting-rod body.



2) Check ring

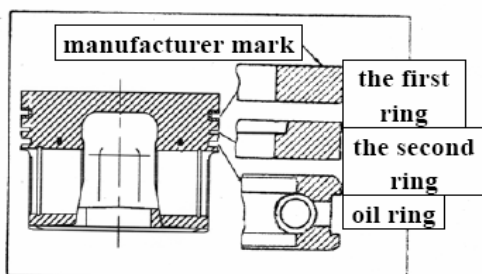
To disassembly and reassembly check ring with special tools or clippers.



3) Piston ring

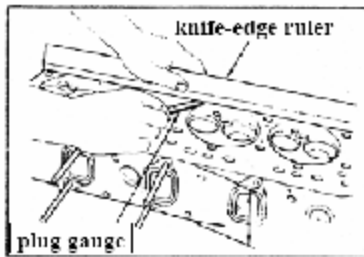
To disassembly and reassembly piston ring with special tools.

Don't make every ring install wrong. The first ring with the mark side faced up. The second ring inscribe groove faced up, oil ring bush spring interface be put the opposite of ring body opening, rotate smoothly and no inhibition.



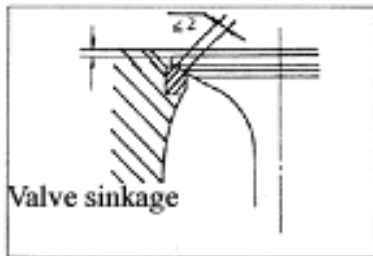
VI. Basic parts checking and maintenance

When checking, if found wear, damage or the other abnormal phenomena, repair and replace according to the practice.



1 Cylinder-head bottom planeness and thickness

	Standard	Limit
Planeness	0-0.07	0.15
Thickness	90	89.7



2. Inlet and exhaust valve sinkage

Standard	Limit
0.8-1.1	2.0

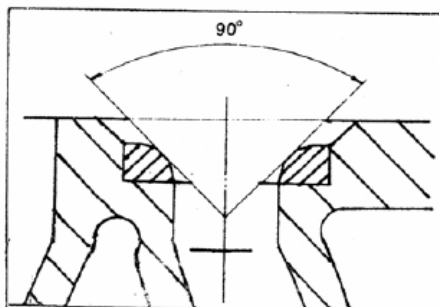
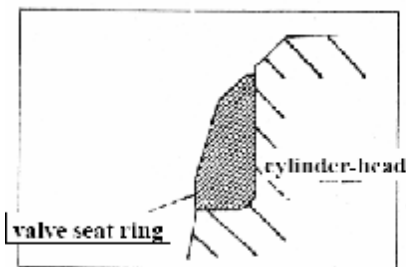
3. valve seat ring

1) Replace valve seat ring

When valve inferior limit is over limit value, we must replace seat ring.

When disassembly valve seat ring, mustn't heat, otherwise will make bottom hole deformation.

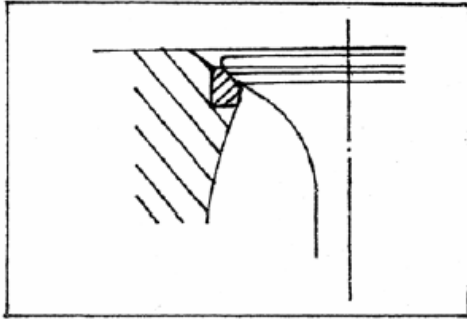
When replace it, inlet valve seat ring don't enlarge bottom hole.



2) To insert valve seat ring

To completely clean out metal oxide and deposit carbon on valve seat ring hole surface of cylinder head, then press seat ring by pressure.

To cut down valve seat with 90° reamer, the conjunction width is 1.0-2.0 mm with valve head seat plane.



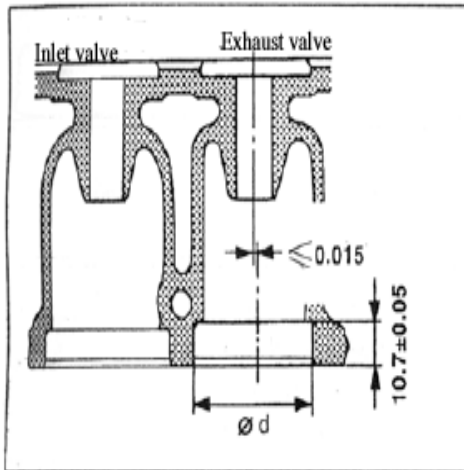
3) Air distribution valves and sealing checking

When we use new valve and new valve seat ring, we must ensure valve sinkage amount in the standard.

To clean the conjunction between valve and valve seat ring, and paint red lead red on the valve cane, and put the valve on the seat, then gently turn valve, contacting ring should not intermit, the width is 1-2 mm.

To install valve spring, and fill kerosene into inlet and exhaust passage, and ensure it will not leak, lasting for two minutes.

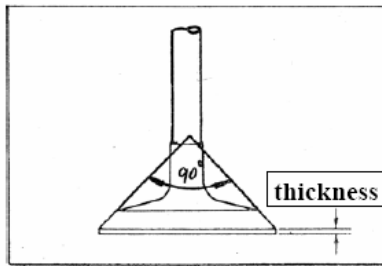
If existing problem, we should hinge valve seat ring again and grind valve and seat ring with abradant.



4) To replace and maintenance valve seat ring

If the exhaust valve sinkage is too big, we must be reference left drawing according to form dimension enlarge cylinder-head bottom hole.

Exceed stipulated value	Bottom hole diameter "D"
0.2	40.695-40.710
0.4	40.895-40.910

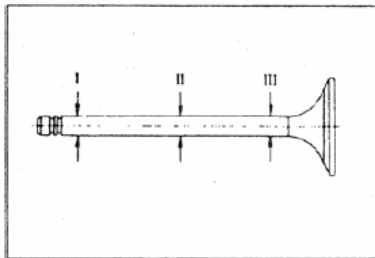


4. Valve and valve guide

1) Valve seal coning angle and head thickness Valve seal coning angle: 90°

Valve head thickness

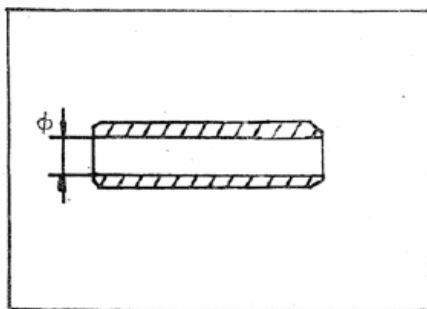
Standard	Limit
1.5	1.0



2) Valve lever diameter

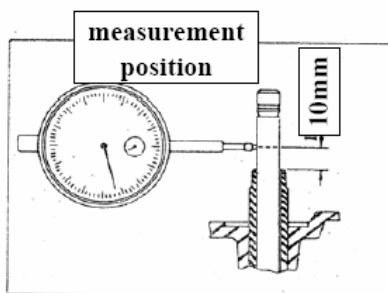
	Standard
Inlet valve	$\Phi 7.962—\Phi 7.977$
Exhaust valve	$\Phi 7.945—\Phi 7.960$

3) Valve guide inner diameter

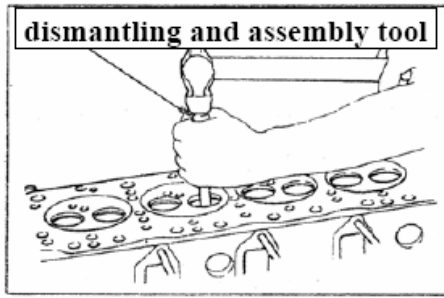


	Standard
Inlet valve guide	$\Phi 8.000—\Phi 8.015$
Exhaust valve guide	$\Phi 8.000—\Phi 8.015$

4) Clearance between valve lever and guide



	Standard	Limit
Inlet valve	0.023-0.053	0.15
Exhaust valve	0.040-0.070	0.15

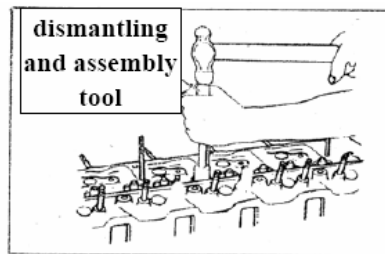


5) Replace valve guide

To dismantle valve guide with blanking tool and hammer.

To make valve guide install in cylinder-head guide hole with blanking tool and hammer.

The distance is 16 ± 0.20 from the bottom of cylinder-head valve spring to valve guide top.

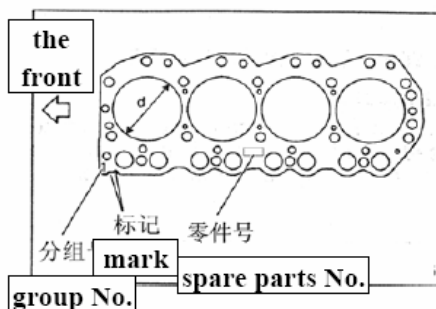


5、Cylinder-head gasket

“d” : $\Phi 100.4$

a. When only replacing the cylinder-head gasket, must be the same with the cylinder-head gasket group.

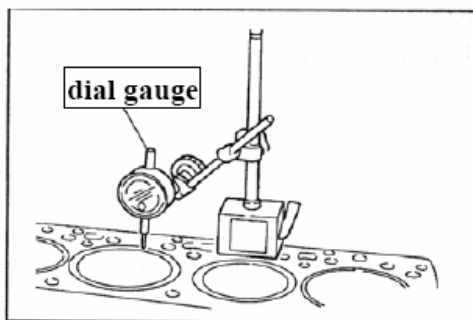
b. When replacing or maintenance cylinder-block, cylinder-head, piston, connecting-rod and crank-shaft, choose cylinder-head gasket according to the following:

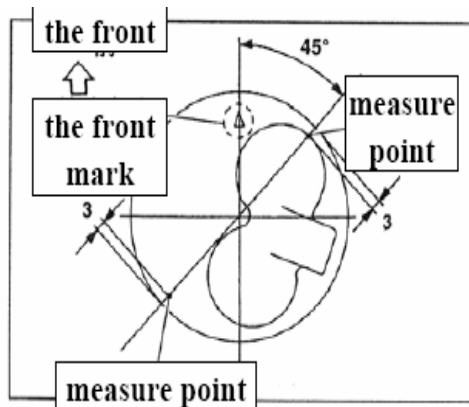


(1) To measure piston protruding height

i. To measure two points on T.D.C piston top, see drawing

ii. Average value for two points is HL.

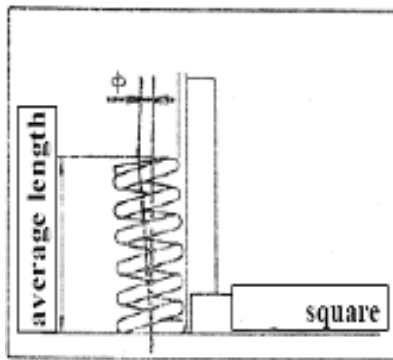




(2) To choose qualified cylinder gasket

According to max. protruding height of piston in four cylinders.

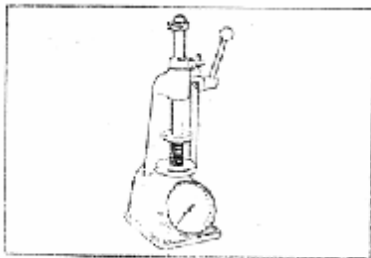
Piston average protruding height H _L	Thickness		Group No. and spare parts No.		Type
	Natural thickness	Compress thickness			
< 0.168	1.35	1.20	1	110441W 400	CYQD 32series
0.168-0.218	1.40	1.25	2	110441W 401	
> 0.218	1.45	1.30	3	110441W 402	



1) Spring length and perpendicularity

	Standard	Limit
Average length	53.4	48.5
perpendicularity	In 2.5 °	

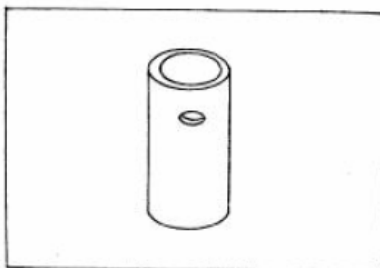
2) Spring force



Height after compress (mm)	Standard (N)	Limit (N)
42.3	338.5	315

7. Tappet

1) To check tappet whether it existed any kinds of wear, damage and other abnormal phenomenon.



2) Tappet diameter

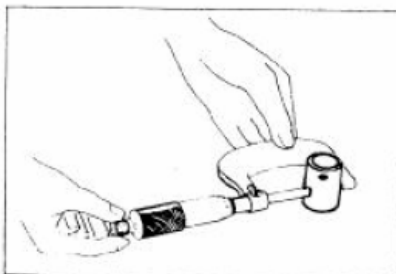
Standard	Limit
Φ 25.960— Φ 25.970	Φ 26.93

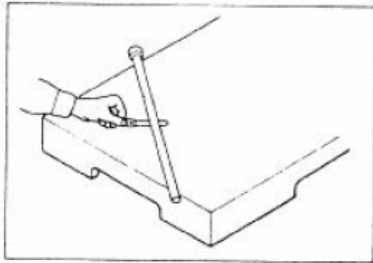
3) Tappet hole inner diameter

Standard	Limit
Φ 26.00— Φ 26.033	Φ 26.07

4) Clearance between tappet and tappet hole

Standard	Limit
0.03-0.013	0.20





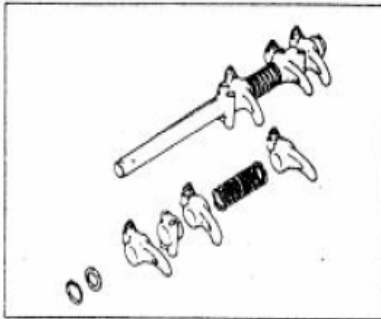
8. Push rod conjunction deviation of straightness

Generatrix deviation of straightness

Limit	Φ 0.3
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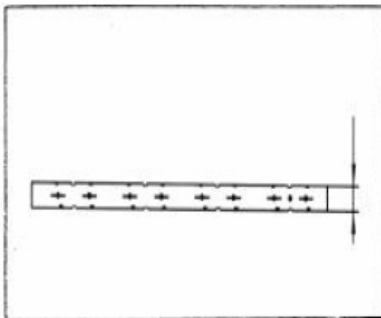
9. Rocker-arm conjunction

1) To check all disassembly parts, to see if there is any wear, damage and the other abnormal phenomenon.



2) Rocker-arm shaft diameter

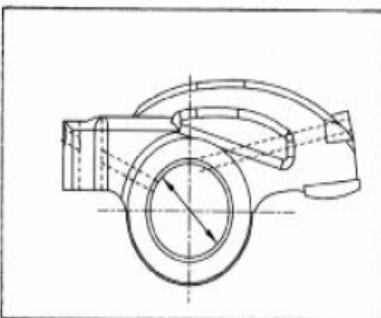
Standard	Limit
Φ 19.979- Φ 20.000	Φ 19.86



3) Rocker-arm conjunction inner diameter

Standard	Limit
Φ 20.014- Φ 20.035	Φ 20.06

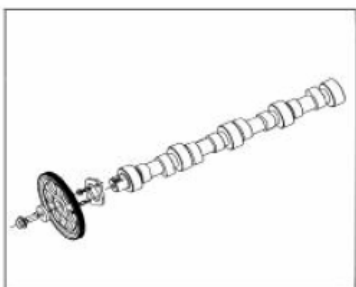
4) Clearance between rocker-arm and rocker -arm shaft



Standard	Limit
0.014-0.056	0.10

10. Camshaft all parts

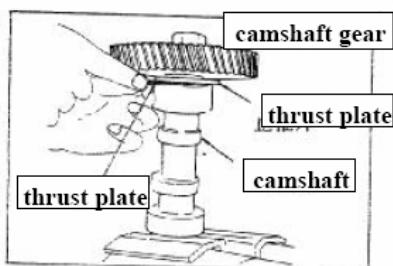
1) To check all disassembly parts, to see if there is wear, damage or the other abnormal phenomenon.



2) Camshaft axial clearance

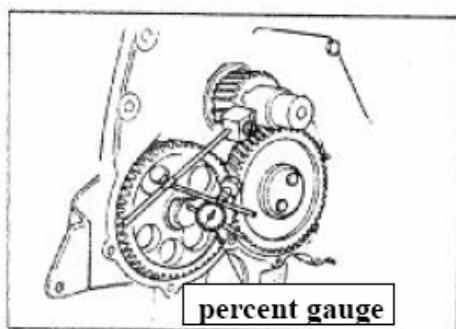
Standard	Limit
0.08-0.28	0.4

There is abnormal phenomenon or side clearance is too big, we should replace gear.



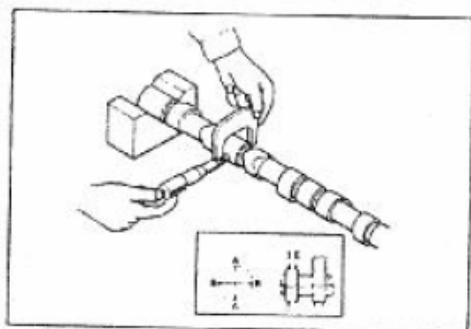
4) Camshaft journal

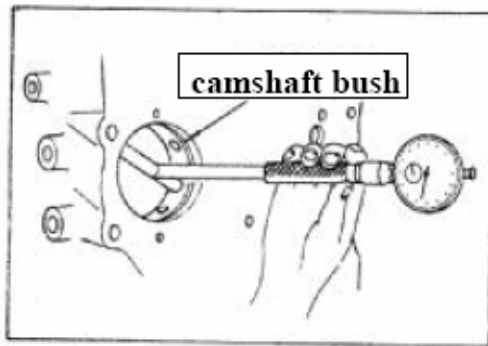
Standard	Limit
$\varnothing 50_{-0.079}^{-0.60}$	$\varnothing 55.6$



5) Camshaft bush (bearing) inner diameter

Standard	$\varnothing 50 \sim \varnothing 50.030$
----------	--





6) Clearance between camshaft and bush

Standard	Limit
0.02-0.109	0.15

Note: When camshaft journal is close to the limit value, we must adjust bush hole dimension to ensure the fit clearance don't exceed limit value, or we must replace camshaft ahead of time.

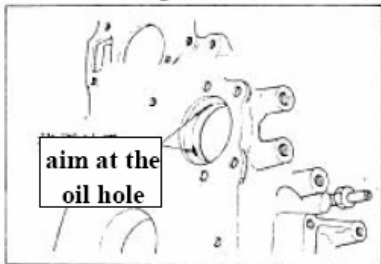
7) To replace camshaft bush

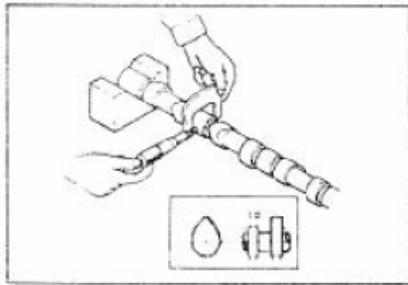
To replace camshaft bush with special blanking tool and hammer.

When installing bush, we must make oil hole on the bush aim at oil hole on cylinder-block, among them, the front bush has two oil holes, and the other bush has only one hole.

Note: After semi-finished goods bush was press in, need to manufacture again, in the same time we should ensure the center to center between the hole and idler hole:

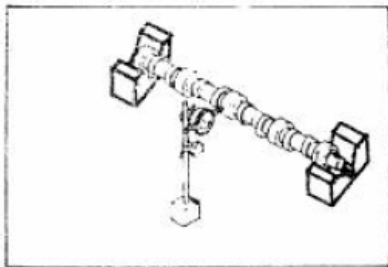
$$136.943 \pm 0.02$$





8) Cam height

Type and drawing No.		Standard	Limit
CYQD32 CYQD32EGR 13001 54T03	Inlet	41.5668 ± 0.02	41
	Exhaust	41.9 ± 0.02	41.3
CYQD32T CYQD32Ti 13001 0W800	Inlet	41.9 ± 0.02	41.3
	Exhaust	41.9 ± 0.02	41.3

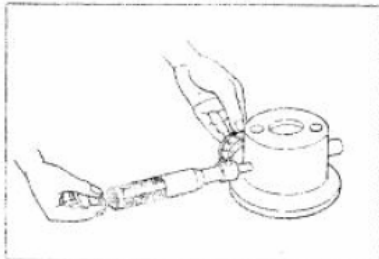


9) Radial beat of camshaft journal

Standard	Limit
0.02	0.5

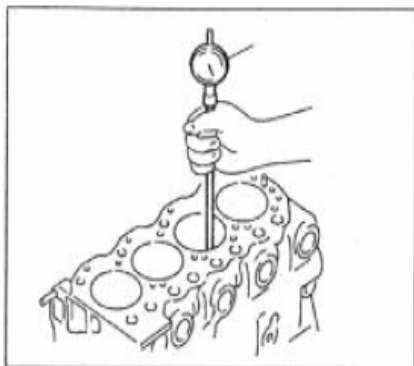
11. Idler and idler shaft

1) Idler shaft outside diameter



Standard	Limit
$\Phi 41.959 - \Phi 41.975$	$\Phi 41.85$

12. Final manufacture cylinder hole according to the following dimension producing group.

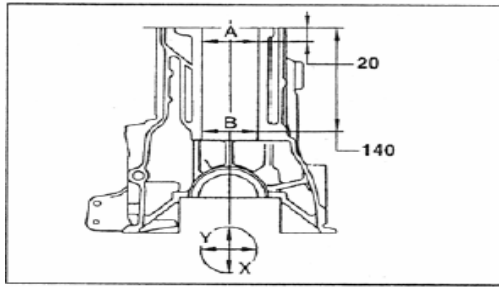


1	$\Phi 99.200 - \Phi 99.210$
2	$> \Phi 99.210 - \Phi 99.220$
3	$> \Phi 99.220 - \Phi 99.230$

Cylinder hole wear limit value:
0.20

X-Y standard value: ≤ 0.020

A-B standard value: ≤ 0.020

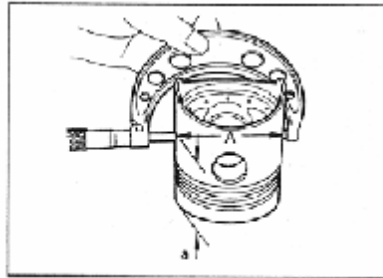


The choice of pistons which were assembled by group.

Cylinder hole group	Piston group		
	1	2	3
1	Ok		
2		Ok	
3			Ok

13. Piston, piston pin and piston ring

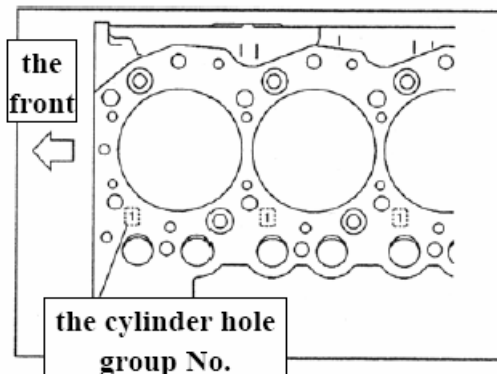
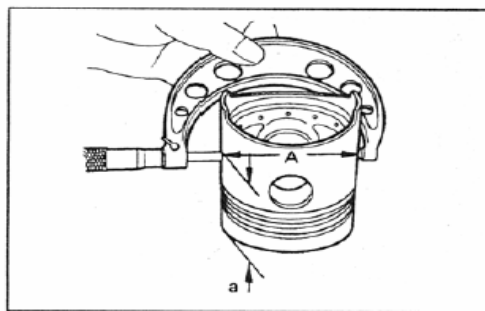
1) Piston diameter Measure position



Diesel engine stroke S	The distance from measure point to the top a
102	54.8

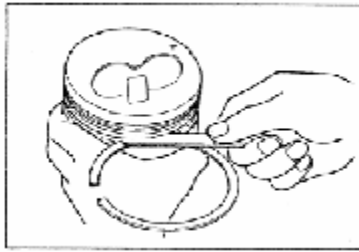
Diameter dimension group

Parts No.	Group No.	Nominal diameter A
12011 1W405 12011 2S605	1	$\Phi 99.130 - \Phi 99.140$
12011 1W415 12011 2S615	2	$> \Phi 99.140 - \Phi 99.150$
12011 1W465 12011 2S665	3	$> \Phi 99.150 - \Phi 99.160$



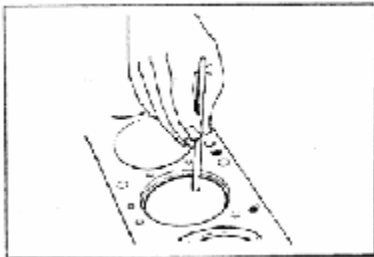
2) Clearance between piston and cylinder

Type and drawing No.	Standard
CYQD32 CYQD32 EGR	0.05-0.07
CYQD32T CYQD32 Ti	0.06-0.08



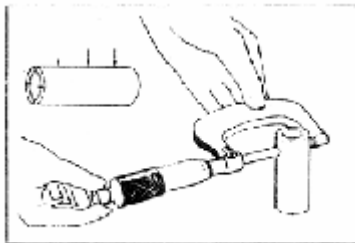
3) Clearance between piston ring and ring groove

	Standard	Limit
The first ring	0.06-0.10	0.2
The second ring	0.04-0.08	0.15
Oil ring	0.02-0.06	0.15



4) Clearance of the piston ring opening

	Standard	Limit
The first ring	0.25-0.45	1.25



5) Clearance between piston pin and pin hole

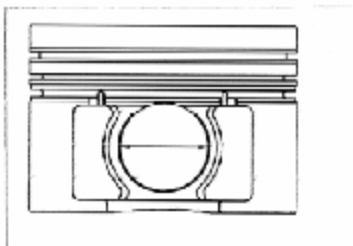
$$\varnothing 33_{-0.07}^0$$

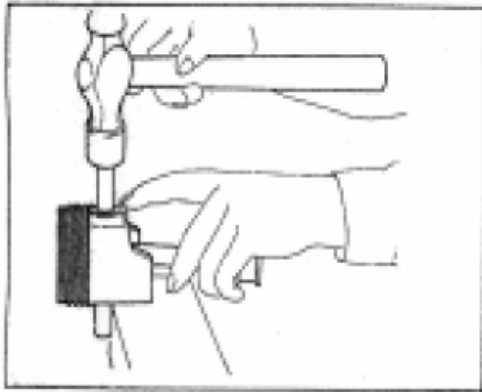
Piston hole inner diameter

$$\Phi 33 \begin{matrix} 0.005 \\ -0.003 \end{matrix}$$

Clearance after assembled by group

Standard	Limit
-0.003~0.012	0.10





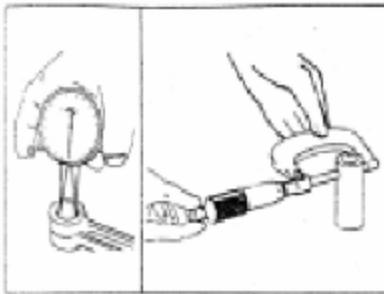
6) To assemble piston pin

When assembling piston pin, heating piston to 60-70 ° C, and painted oil to piston pin and connecting-rod small end bush hole, and ensure piston swing smoothly.

14) Con-rod, bearing shell and bushing

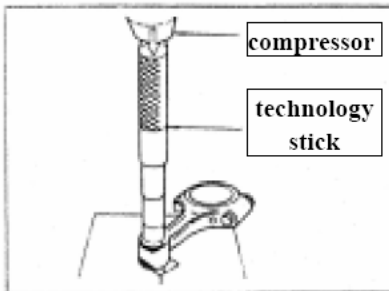
1) Clearance between piston pin and small end hole of con-rod

Standard	limit
0.025-0.045	0.15



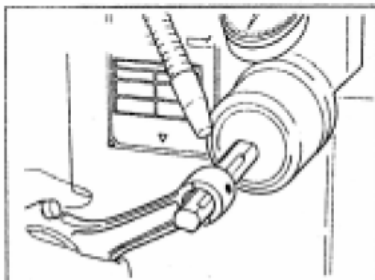
2) Change about small end bushing of con-rod

Extrude bushing of small end by technology bar and compressor, press-in by technology bar and compressor or hammer, pay attention to the justification of oil hole.

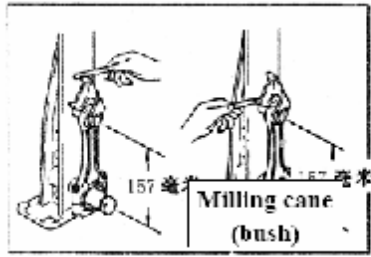


3) Machine of small end bushing hole

After bushing was installed, ream hole by reamer, the center distance is 157 ± 0.025



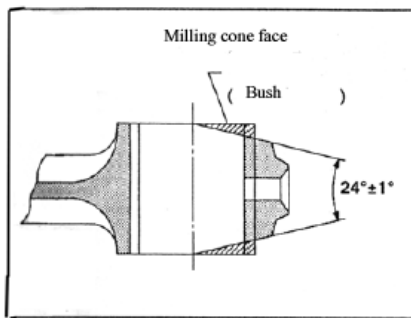
Standard hole diameter	33.025-33.038
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To produce bush according to connecting-rod small end wedge plane, then remove burr.

4) Degree of parallelization about the small and big end hole of con-rod

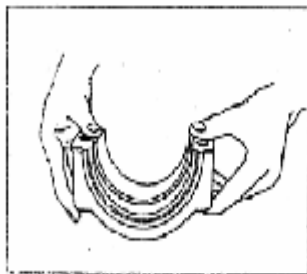
Limit	100:0.075
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5) Free tension of connecting—rod shell

If the shell is with sufficient free tension, when installing it, the finger should be with certain strength.

If it loosed after installed, we must replace shell.

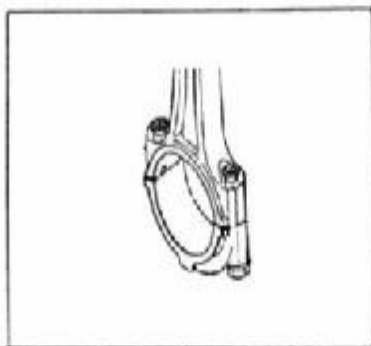


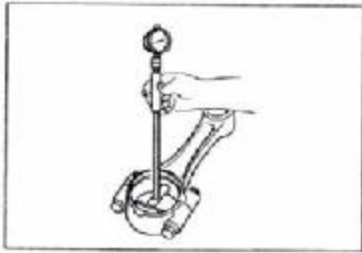
15. Clearance between connecting-rod shell and crankshaft connecting-rod journal

1) To make connecting-rod shell enclose connecting-rod big end hole, and tighten stipulated torque according to the requirement.

2) The big hole inner diameter after installed shell

Nominal inner diameter	Φ 157
------------------------	-------



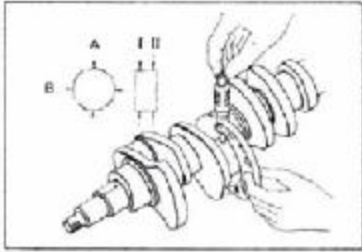


3) The diameter of crankshaft connecting-rod journal

Standard	$\Phi 56.913 - \Phi 56.926$
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4) Clearance Standard Limit

Standard	Limit
0.035-0.087	0.20

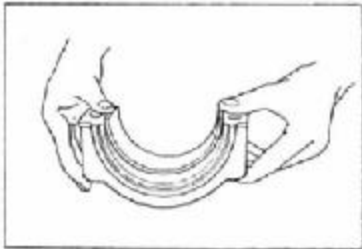


16 、 Clearance between the main bearing bush and crankshaft main journal

1) Free tension of the main bearing bush

If the shell is with sufficient free tension, when installing it, the finger should be with certain strength.

If it loosed after installed, we must replace shell.



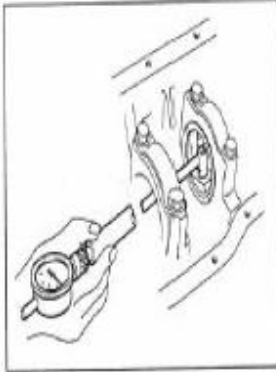
2) To make the main bearing bush enclose the main bearing hole of cylinder-block, and tighten stipulated torque according to the requirement.



3) The main bearing hole inner diameter after installed the main bearing shell

Nominal inner diameter	$\Phi 71$
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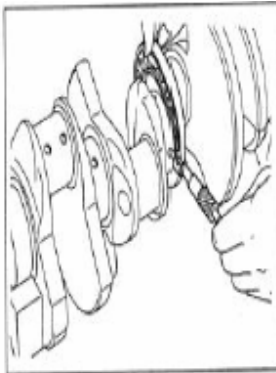
4) The diameter of crankshaft main journal



Standard	Φ 70.907-
	Φ 70.920

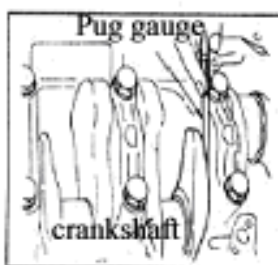
5) Clearance

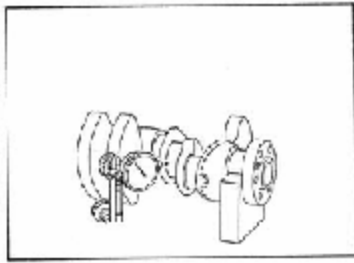
Standard		Limit
First	0.024-0.044	0.10
2nd - 5th	0.024-0.056	0.10



6) Axial clearance of crankshaft

Standard	Limit
0.06~0.25	0.40

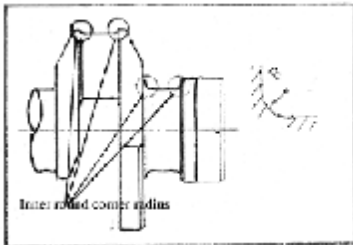




17. Radial beat of the crankshaft main journal

To measure radial beat of the other every journal with V iron supporting 2, 4 main journal.

Standard	Limit
0.03	0.4



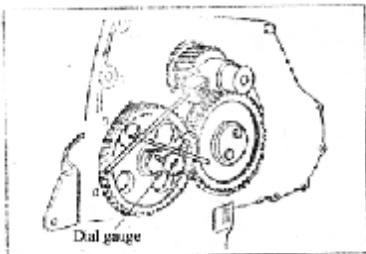
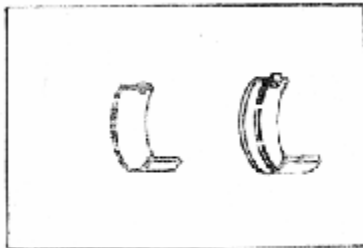
18. The crankshaft regrinding and shell thickening

1) Because dimension, shape and position deviation are extra, crankshaft may be grinded, grinding decreasing dimension allowing 0.5 and 1.0 two shift Round corner radius for the main journal and connecting-rod journal separating: $R3 \pm 0.2$ and $R3.5$

± 0.2 .

2) Dimension of thickened shell
Dimension of thicken shell allowing two shift

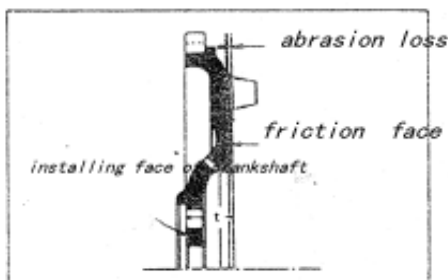
Dimension of thickened shell	0.25 and 0.5
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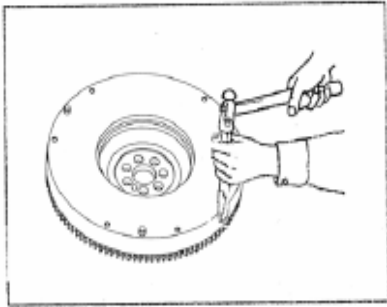
19. Crankshaft gear

1) Clearance of crankshaft gear

Standard	Limit
0.05~0.20	0.35



If we found the crankshaft gear exist wear, abnormal phenomenon or side clearance exceed limit, we must replace it.

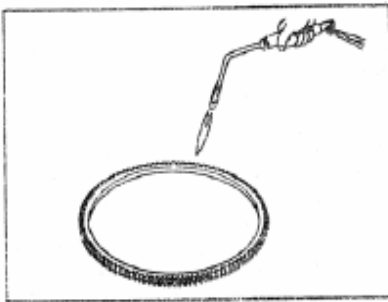


20、 Flywheel conjunction

1) Flywheel friction surface wear
Allowance wear limit value is 1.5.

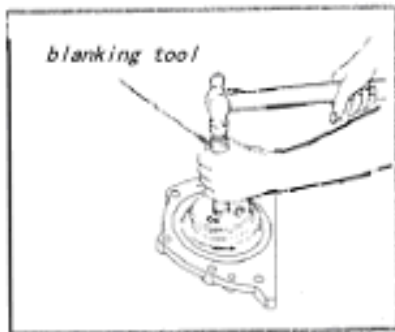
2) To replace gear ring

To disassemble with brass bar and hammer.



Making gear ring heat by gas spray flame or boil heat oil in order to make it swelling, then install it with hammer.

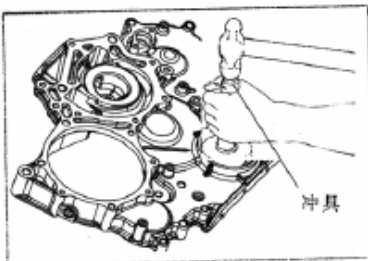
When assembling, pay attention to chamfer side in inner ring installing plane faced to flywheel.



21、 To replace the front and the rear oil seal of the crankshaft

1) The rear oil seal is installed rear oil seal seat, and pried with screw driver, pay attention not to damage installing hole of the rear oil seal.

To install it with blanking tool and hammer.



2) The front oil seal is installed gear chamber cover, and pried with screw driver,

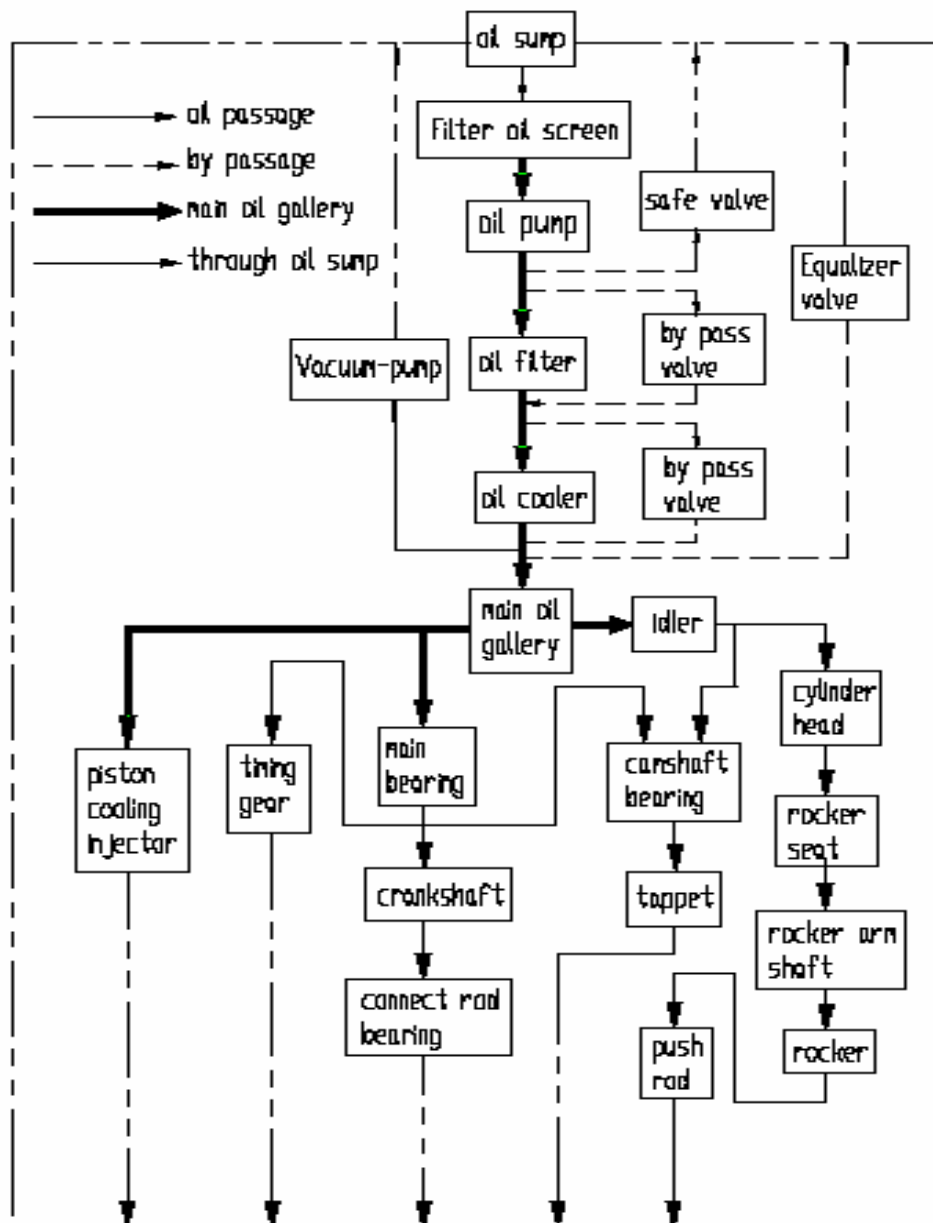
pay attention not to damage installing hole of gear chamber cover.

To install it with blanking tool and hammer.

VII. Accessory parts disassembly and checking, repairing and adjusting

1. Lubrication system

Lubrication system abridged drawing as follows:



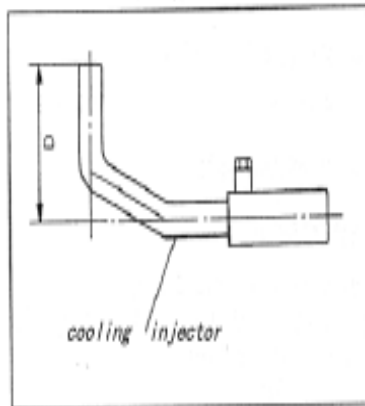
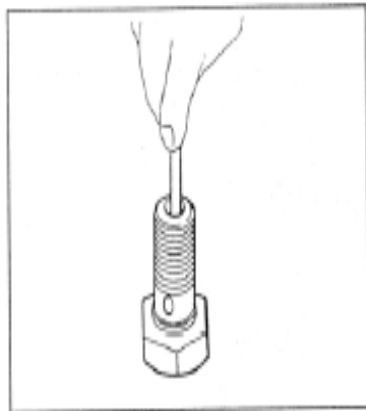
2) Piston cooling injection nozzle

1. To push pressure limiting value with plastic pole or copper pole, and ensure moving smoothly.

2. To ensure nozzle unobstructed, if necessary we may clean it with metal wire.

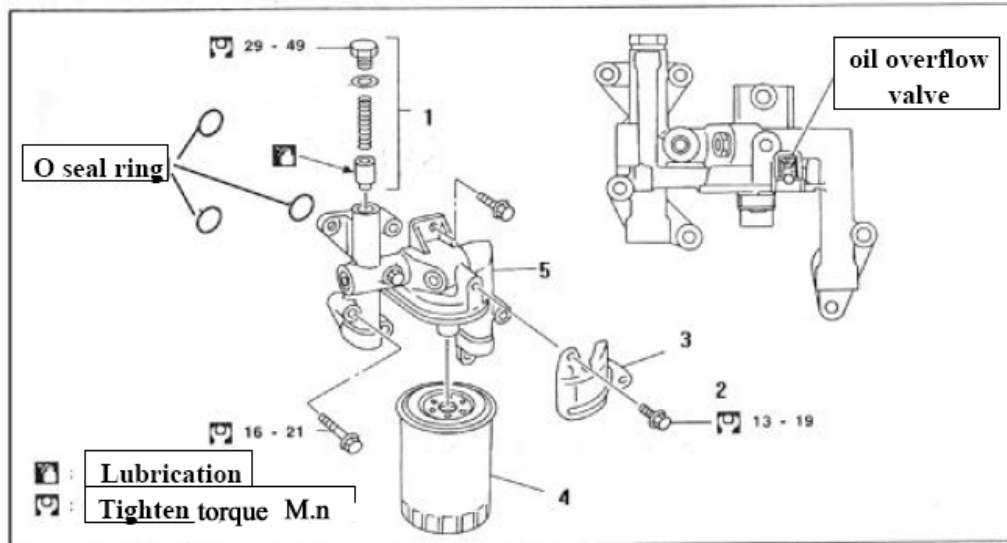
When installing nozzle, ensure nozzle justification with the main oil gallery of cylinder-block.

Nozzle bolt tightening torque:
29-39 N.m.



	CYQD32series diesel engine
Dimension “ D ” mm	17

3) Oil filter



- 1、 Oil pump overflow valve conjunction
- 2、 Bolt
- 3、 Heat-insulating cover
- 4、 Oil filter
- 5、 Oil filter seat



Checking and maintenance

1. Oil overflow valve

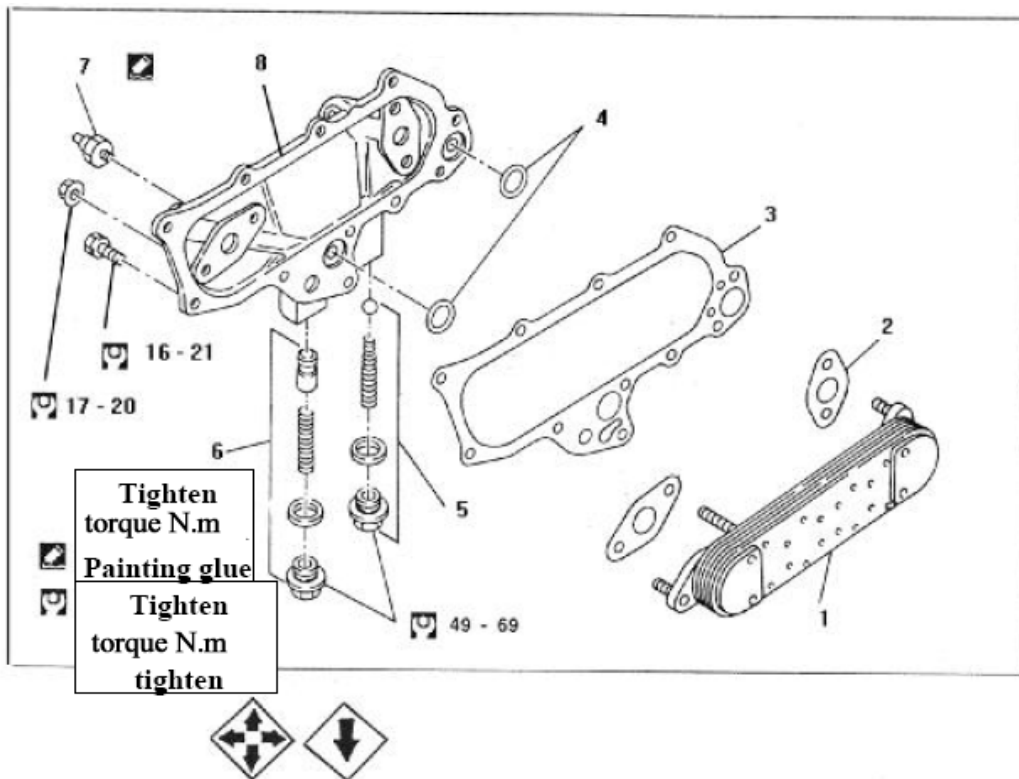
To check overflow valve motion by pushing overflow valve steel ball, to see if it is flexible and if it is fracture. If it damaged, we must replace a new overflow valve.

2. Oil pump by-pass

(1) To check equalizer- valve unit if it is wear or damaged. If it is damaged, we should replace new equalizer- valve.

(2) When slide valve is smeared by oil, checking if slide valve can move freely in the valve hole. If it can't move, we must repair and replace it.

4) Oil cooler



- | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| 1、Cooler core conjunction | 2、Gasket |
| 3、Seal gasket | 4、Seal ring |
| 5、Overflow valve | 6、Equalizer-valve |
| 7、Oil pressure alarm switch | 8、Oil cooler cover |

In principle, assembly order countered with disassembly order.

Checking and repairing



1. Overflow valve

To check overflow valve motion by pushing overflow valve steel ball if it is flexible and if it is fracture. If it is damaged, we must replace new overflow valve.

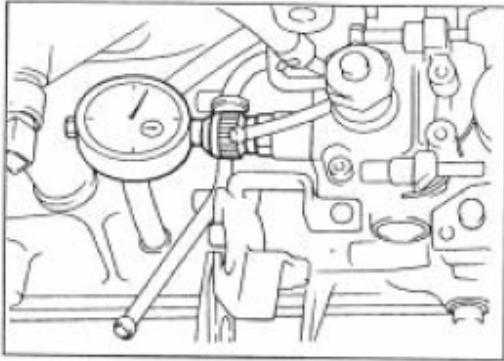
2. Equalizer-valve

(1) To check equalizer- valve unit if it is wear or damaged. If it is damaged, we should replace new equalizer- valve.

(2) When slide valve is smeared by oil, checking if slide valve can move freely in the valve hole. If it can' t move, we must repair and replace it.

To check all disassembly parts, to see if it is wear, damaged or other abnormal phenomenon, especially whether cooler core is block or not. If necessary, we must repair or replace it.

By-pass opening pressure: 300kPa



To checking and adjusting injection pump

To check plunger lift:

1. To disassembly high pressure oil pipe and hollow bolt adopter, and install dial gauge.

2. To measure plunger lift:

(1) To make crankshaft from the first cylinder piston T. D.C rotate anticlockwise 20° - 25° .

(2) On the above position, dial gauge reading should be adjusted zero.

(3) To rotate crankshaft clockwise until the first cylinder piston reached T.D.C.

(4) Dial gauge reading:

CYQD32: 0.416 ± 0.020

CYQD32GR: 0.468 ± 0.020

CYQD32T: 0.527 ± 0.020

CYQD32Ti: 0.736 ± 0.020

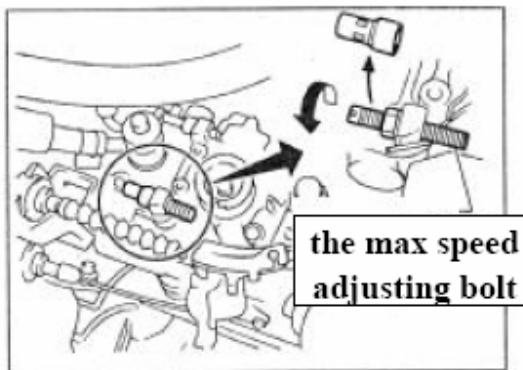
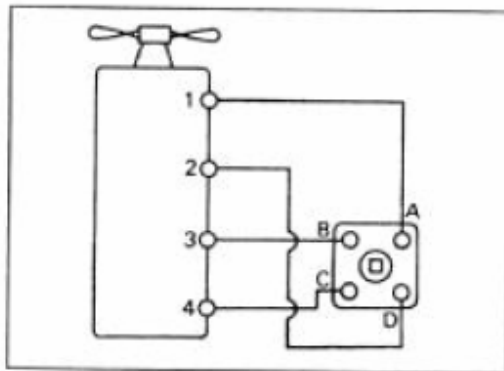
(5) If reading is not in above scope, we must adjust it as follows:

A: if reading is smaller than requirement, we should rotate pump anticlockwise.

B: if reading is bigger than requirement, we should rotate pump clockwise until it meets the requirement.

3. Hollow bolt adopter torque 14-20 N.m

4. High pressure fuel pipe connecting nut torque 20-25 N.m



2. Injection pump

5. Exhaust

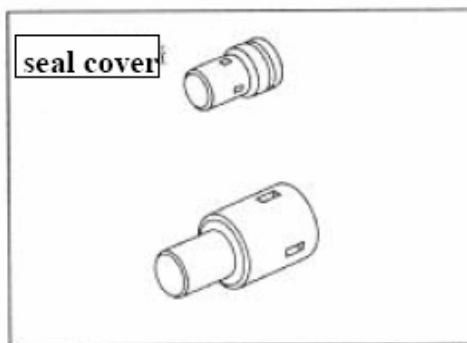
The highest idling adjusting:

Before injection pumps leave being out of the factory, the max speed adjusting bolt is locked by the special tool., usually, don't need to adjust. If we must adjust, we may reference following requirements:

1. Starting engine to heat engine until water temperature reached the middle value of thermometer.
2. To make rotation speed meter connecting sensor connect the first cylinder injection oil pipe.
3. To accelerate idling, and read rotation speed meter reading.

Max idling: $4700 \pm 100\text{rpm}$.

4. If reading is smaller than standard value, we should adjust bolt to rotate anticlockwise 1-2 circles, then idling, making the throttle reach the max, and watching the reading.
5. After adjusting, if it is still low, we will continue adjust according to above requirements until it met the requirements.
6. After adjusting, tightening lock nut.



7. To seal well adjusting bolt with seal cover.

Throttle bracket supply angle
Position.

Angle Scope:

CYQD32、CYQD32EGR:

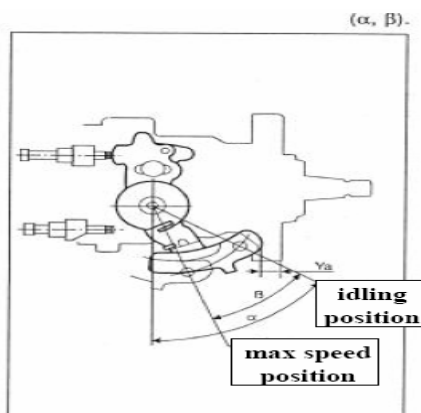
$\alpha : 51.5-59.5^\circ$

$\beta : 31^\circ - 41^\circ$

CYQD32T, CYQD32Ti

$\alpha : 55.5 \pm 5^\circ$

$\beta : 36 \pm 5^\circ$

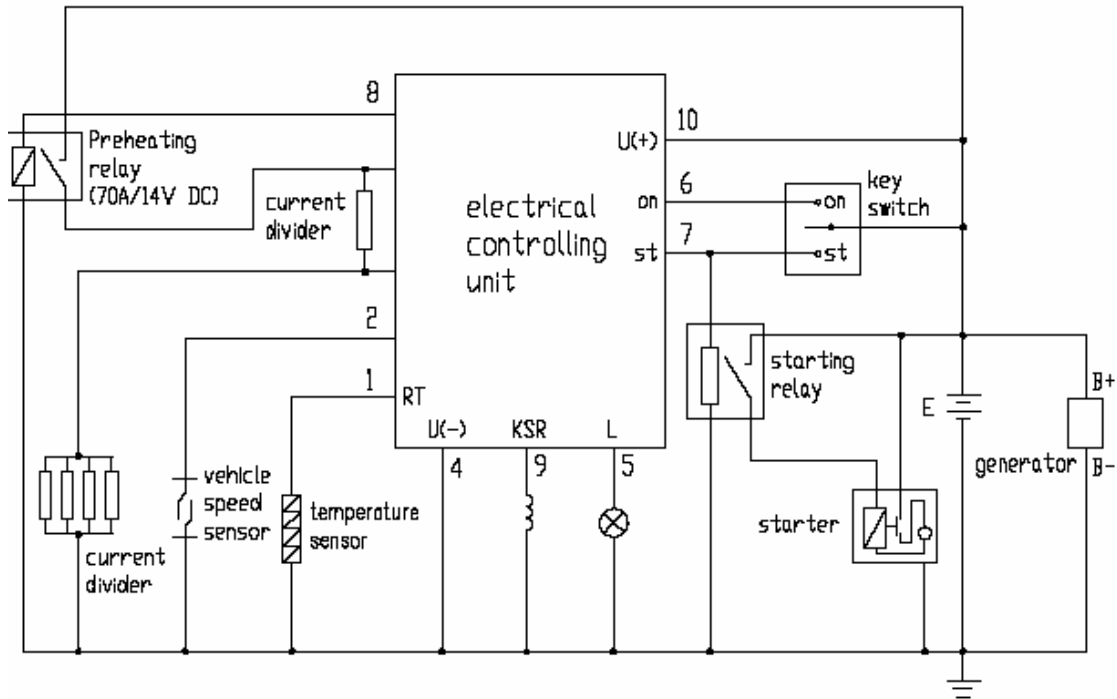


Injection oil amount adjusting data form

Model	Adjusting point	Pump speed R/min	Average supply oil amount ml/st	Uneven amount ml/st	Oil temperature °C
CYQD32	Index point	1800	54.3 ± 3.5		
	Max torque point	1000	54.3 ± 0.5	4.5	
	Idling point	350	10.9 ± 2.0	2.0	
	Max. idling point	2350	19.2 ± 2.0		
CYQD32EGR	Index point	1800	54.3 ± 3.5		
	Max torque point	1000	54.3 ± 0.5	4.5	
	Idling point	350	10.9 ± 2.0	2.0	
	Max. idling point	2350	10.9 ± 2.0		
CYQD32T	Index point	1800	64.7 ± 4.0		48~52
	Max torque point	1000	56.8 ± 1.0	6.0	48~52
	Idling point	350	10.3 ± 2.5	2.5	46~50
	Max. idling point	2350	24.6 ± 2.5		50~54
CYQD32Ti	Index point	1800	75.3 ± 4.0		48~52
	Max torque point	1000	70.9 ± 1.0	6.0	48~52
	Idling point	350	10.3 ± 2.5	2.5	46~50
	Max. idling point	2350	30.1 ± 2.5		50~54

3. Preheating controlling system

Preheating controlling box connection elementary diagram



Operation instructions and notes:

- 1). Please strictly according to the right connecting of the drawing, specially pay attention to right connection of power source positive pole and negative pole, or electric device will not normal working and maybe damage due to it.
- 2). When we start engine, making key switch rotate working shift (ON), please suspend 2-3 seconds, if preheating indicating light is bright (showed that cooling temperature now is lower than the device setting value $5 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$, system will preheat automatic). After prophase preheating finished (prophase preheating time is 20 seconds), when preheating indicating light blink (1.2Hz tact), then may start engine, if preheating indicating light blinked in beginning 10 ± 2 seconds, can't still start engine, electric device will automatically cut off circuit, and preheating indicating light stops blinking. If you want to preheat and start again, so must close electric door key 3 seconds, and repeat above steps again.
- 3). If engine is started, preheating indicating light continue to blink, it

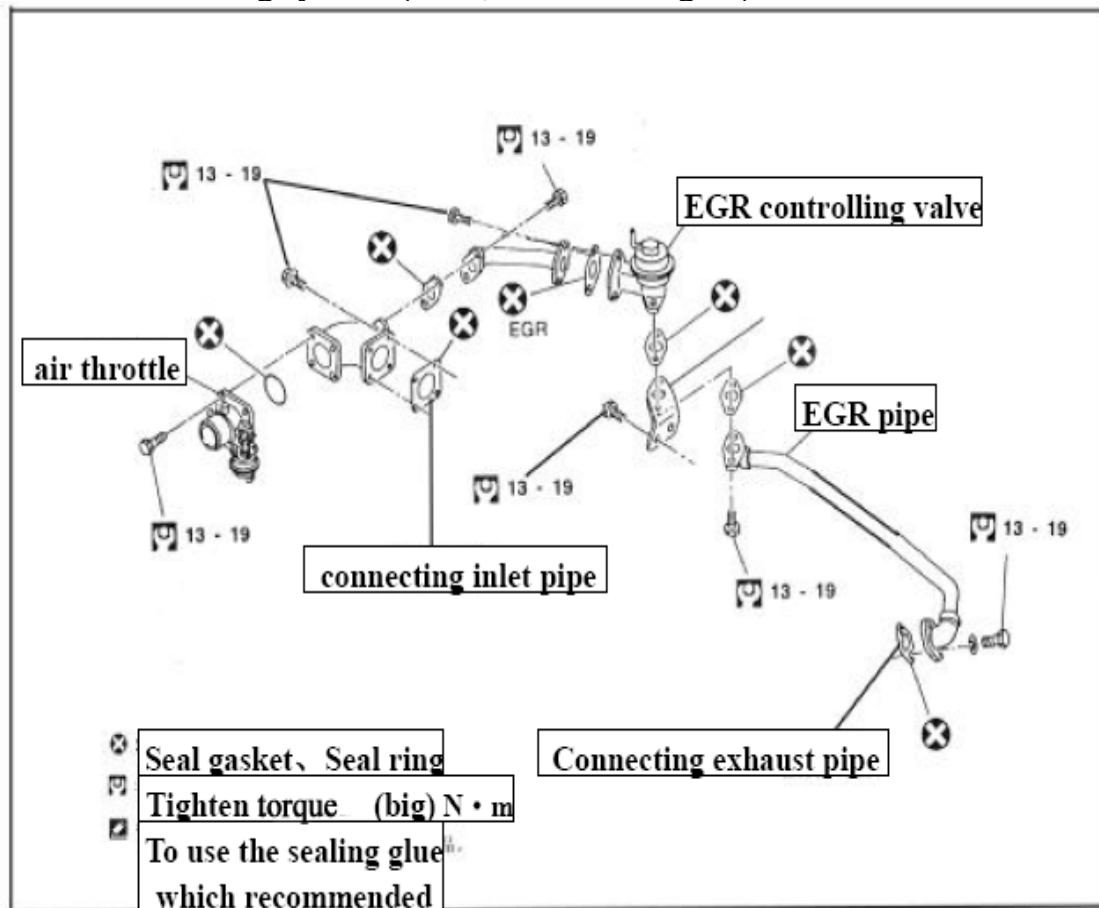
showed electric plug is heated after carrying out, and it will close automatically about after 40 seconds.

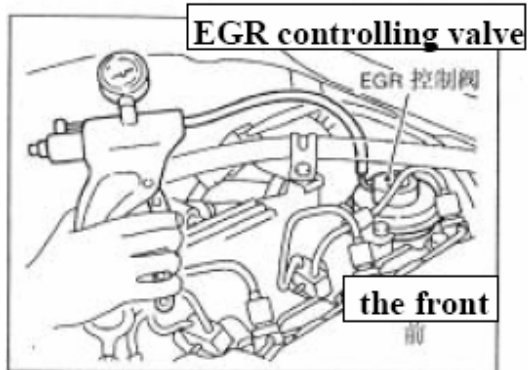
4). During engine begin to run, if there is more than one electric plug, overflow valve(KSB valve), preheating relay or circuit happened failure, the preheating plug indicating light will blink quickly(it hinted customers should check circuit or change electric plug and overflow valve ect, by it, but electric controlling device still continue to work.) Quickly blinking is 2.5Hz tact.

5). We strong suggested during colder weather, in order to protect your engine and your benefit, you may not start engine until you must wait for prophase preheating finished (after preheating indicating light blink).

6). Please pay attention to use after-heating electric plug matching with the device.

4. EGR controlling system (CYQD32EGR engine)

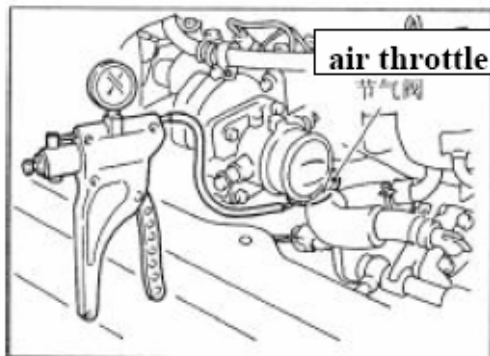




**Checking and maintenance
EGR controlling unit.**

EGR controlling valve

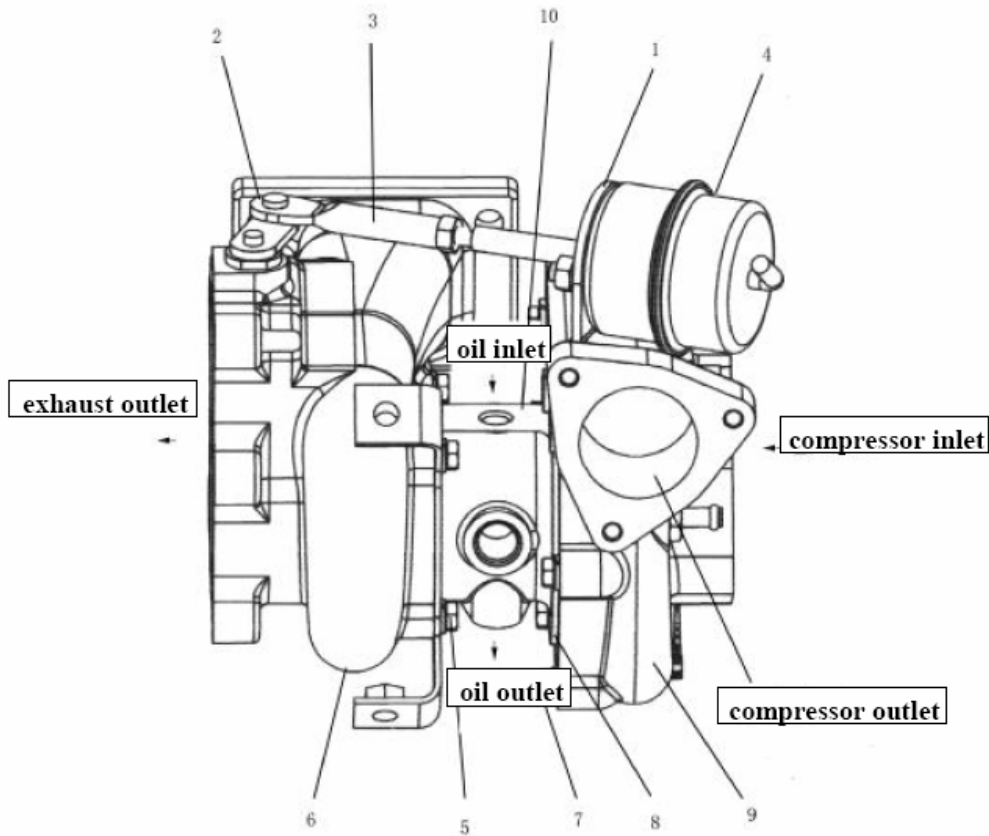
To give EGR vacuum pipe supply vacuum with manual vacuum pump, EGR valve membrane should be raised, or we must replace EGR controlling valve.



Air throttle

To give air throttle supply vacuum with manual vacuum pump, throttle should be closed, or we must replace EGR controlling valve.

5. Turbocharger (CYQD32T、CYQD32Ti)



- | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Bracket | 2. Check ring | 3. Interlocking bar | 4. Execution unit |
| 5. bolt | 6. bolt | 7. Turbine case | 8. Clip |
| 9. Compressor case | | 10. The middle body assembly | |

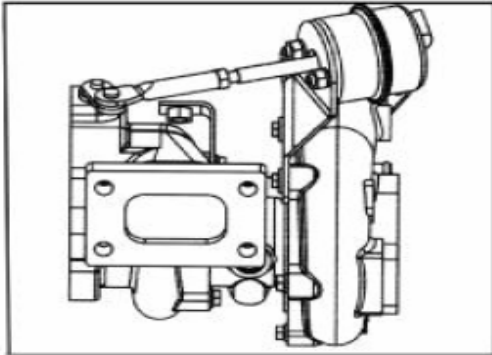
To check and measure outside of the turbine-super-charger

To check and measure the turbine-super-charger, if found abnormal, then disassembly.

Note: Adhering oil in compressor pipeline is normal. It is oil which lubricated rotator, if exhaust air without abnormal white smoking, it belongs to the normal every parts outside checking.

1) With visual checking if it existed chappy, interference, damage, deformation and if it existed leakage air and leakage oil.

2) To rotate rotator with hand, to check if it rotates flexibly and check rotator clearance between axial and rotating direction.



Disassembly

1. Execution unit

- To disassembly the rear of execution unit pole from venting valve crank lever.
- To disassembly rubber pipe
- To disassembly execution unit bracket.

2. Compressor case

- To make mark between central body and compressor case.
- To loose bolt, and disassembly compressor case.

3. Turbine case

- To make bolt, and disassembly turbine case.

Note: When disassembly, pay attention to vane have no interference.

Checking after disassembly

- The vane has not bending, chappy and damage.
- Vane and case have not interference.
- No carbon and oil abnormal adhering.

Note: If we found quality of middle body is not good, we must replace it.

Cleaning after disassembly

To clean carbon and contamination in all kinds of spare parts conjunction, oil passage, flange surface, inlet and outlet passage.

- To blow dry after cleaning.

